Soldotna Downtown Riverfront Redevelopment Plan Appendices

APPENDIX A: PROJECT INITIATION

- A.1 Environmental Review
- A.2 Market Analysis
- A.3 Transportation Conditions Assessment
- A.4 Parks and Trails Considerations

APPENDIX B: BUILD THE VISION

- B.1 Preliminary Development Concepts
- B.2 Utilities Impacts Analysis
- B.3 Traffic and Safety Impacts Analysis
- B.4 Market Hall Case Studies
- B.5 Market Hall Assessment
- B.6 Development Feasibility Analysis

APPENDIX C: MASTER PLAN

- C.1 Development Summary
- C.2 Business Case- 20-Year Build-out
- C.3 Development Strategy
- C.4 Streets, Sterling Trail and Utilities Cost Estimate
- C.5 Plazas and Parks Cost Estimate

APPENDIX D: COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

- D.1 Community Engagement Plan
- D.2 Project Advisory Committee Plan
- D.3 Engagement Milestone #1 Objectives and Vision
- **D.4 Engagement Milestone #2 Preliminary Concepts**
- **D.5 City Council Work Sessions**

APPENDIX E: DRAFT MIXED USE ZONING

E.1 Draft Downtown Riverfront Mixed-Use District

APPENDIX D: ENGAGEMENT

D.1 Community Engagement Plan

Document: Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project: Engagement Plan. FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: The plan identifies the Project's engagement goals and objectives, key engagement milestones, the outreach strategy, method of stakeholder identification, engagement methods, and the role of decision-makers in the project process.

D.2 Project Advisory Committee Plan

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ENGAGEMENT PLAN

I. INTRODUCTION:

Soldotna seeks to redevelop an 85-acre portion of downtown— currently a mix of auto-orientated businesses along the busy Sterling Highway along with underutilized and undeveloped properties located between the Sterling Hwy and the world-renowned Kenai River. The Riverfront Redevelopment Plan is intended to be transformative and will provide a strategy to guide the City's long-term economic development goals—seeking to foster new investment and partnerships, create jobs, and improve the quality of the built environment for residents and visitors.

The Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project will include a market analysis of existing and future development potential, public and stakeholder engagement, conceptual planning, property appraisal, environmental review of a catalyst site, feasibility analysis and implementation plan, and the development of a master plan document consolidating all work products, findings, and recommendations.

Public input will inform the Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project's master plan process. It will also help decision-makers shape the project to meet the needs of the communities it would serve.

Public engagement will consist of public and stakeholder meetings, to share information, gauge opinions, and to refine goals and objectives. The engagement plan highlights the type of engagement activities, outreach methods and feedback gathering to occur within two major project milestones.

II. ENGAGEMENT GOAL and OBJECTIVES

The following engagement goals and objectives support the Project in informing, gathering input and using input from stakeholders regarding opportunities and challenges to redevelopment, to shape conceptual planning and a preferred master plan for the project area.

A. Engagement Goals

Public participation is based on the belief that those who are affected by a decision have a right to be involved in the decision-making process.

- Promote sustainable decisions by recognizing and communicating the needs and interests of all participants, including decision makers.
- Seek out and facilitate the involvement of those potentially affected by or interested in a decision.
- Provide participants with the information they need to participate in a meaningful way.
- Communicate to participants how their input affected the decision.

B. Engagement Objectives

- Communicate with neighboring residents, businesses, community groups/organizations and schools in a proactive and timely manner:
 - o Ensure that neighbors and interested stakeholders are clear about the project timeline and invited to mark major milestones.
 - o Provide regular Project progress updates, increasing awareness of work happening "behind the scenes" or in ways that are less visible to community members.
 - Ensure that the community and affected stakeholders know how to communicate with the City, if they have questions
- **Build on earlier community engagement,** and recent efforts that has informed the Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project including the City's comprehensive plan (2011), Downtown Development Plan (2015), and the Soldotna Riverfront Options & Opportunities concept paper (2018).
- Identify and engage decision-makers, stakeholders and the community who are key to the
 critical issues that affect the project area on the conceptual planning, a preferred plan, and
 implementing master plan for the Project area.
- Strengthen community and empower participants: Through involvement in the Riverfront Redevelopment planning process, educate, embolden and enable citizens as advocates and ambassadors for the Project.
- Engage the private sector: Encourage accessibility and awareness of the shared vision and Soldotna's commitment to the Riverfront Redevelopment so that private partners have the information they need to buy-in and invest.
- Demonstrate how stakeholders and community feedback is being used to guide the Project by ensuring concerns and aspirations are reflected in concepts developed and the preferred plan.

III. PROJECT MILESTONES

Engagement milestones will provide an opportunity to gather a range of stakeholder and community perspectives to inform the Project's community goals and objectives, conceptual planning and preferred plan, and implementing master plan. Stakeholders will be given the opportunity to provide input so that the design of public infrastructure provides the most benefit to the communities it will serve. Engagement is intended to occur within two project milestones.

Engagement Milestone #1: Goals and Objectives – Develop and provide information about the project, and opportunities and challenges for the Project area; gather stakeholder feedback on Project area-specific challenges and opportunities to identify community goals and objectives.

Engagement Milestone #2: Conceptual Planning – Develop and present preliminary concepts for the Project area and gather stakeholder feedback on extent to which the preliminary concepts address community identified goals and objectives.

Engagement Milestone #3: Master Plan Adoption – Develop and present Riverfront Redevelopment Master Plan for review and adoption.

Engagement sessions will include one-on-one or group interviews, community meetings, and feedback gathering utilizing surveys, evaluations, and comment forms.

IV. OUTREACH STRATEGY

The Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project outreach strategy identifies core actions for outreach, dissemination of project information, and key messaging for engagement success.

A. Core Actions

- 1. **Reach out** to neighboring residents, businesses, organizations and schools in a proactive and timely manner; notify community of planned next steps.
- 2. **Invite community members to stay engaged** by signing up for email updates, attending public meetings and providing input, as appropriate.
- 3. **Provide responsive information** that addresses community questions about the project including how to notify the City of concerns

B. Key Messaging

- The Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment as a community project: Highlight the ways that the plan is guided by shared values and robust community input. What values are guiding current and upcoming work?
- Commitment to a shared vision: Make it clear that the plan and vision created by the community will be implemented with fidelity. How is current work planning for community benefits?
- Emphasize shared benefits: Continually emphasize how the project will benefit the entire community, including those who live in the area now. How will the project improve livability for current and future residents?

IV. OUTREACH CONTENT AND MATERIALS SUPPORT

First Forty Feet will provide outreach and project status content and materials to support the City of Soldotna in communications and outreach. The City of Soldotna email lists, City website, direct mailings and paid advertisement are(?) sources for disseminating Project information and supplementing engagement efforts.

Project-specific outreach content, and materials, for use by the City on the Project website and established City of Soldotna communications channels will consist of the following:

- Project Orientation: project overview and graphics depicting the project area, process and timeline for use on the Project website and established communications channels.
- Goals and Objectives Milestone: Summary of Project area redevelopment opportunities and challenges to be addressed and outcome of feedback gathered.

- Conceptual Planning Milestone: Summary of Redevelopment concepts, potential community benefits and outcome of feedback gathered.
- Riverfront Redevelopment Master Plan: Summary of Master Plan elements and implementing measures.

Engagement outreach/presentation materials and deliverables will be prepared and suitable across inperson and on-line platforms.

V. STAKEHOLDER IDENTIFICATION

The Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project is an opportunity for the City of Soldotna to partner with the community, organizations, agencies and the private sector to bring new investment to the Project area and ensure that new development provides benefits and opportunities to a broad range of residents and businesses now and into the future.

A. Decision-making and Technical Advisors

The following stakeholders are identified for engagement to provide direction, build excitement, be inclusive, form/strengthen strategic partnerships and promote the Riverfront Redevelopment Project's benefits.

Advisory Committee

The City will establish an Advisory Committee consisting of Project area property owners and businesses, and financial institutions, business and events organizations representatives who will meet periodically to review, provide insight and guidance for Conceptual Planning, a Preferred Plan, and final Master Plan document.

City Council

The City Council will be briefed on the project to review and provide guidance for Conceptual Planning, a Preferred Plan, and final Master Plan document.

Commissions and Committees

Commissions can provide insight and guidance for preliminary and preferred concepts with unique perspectives, local knowledge, and a commitment to advocacy for the Project.

Public Agencies

The City has a number of relevant public agencies to provide education, promote economic development, housing affordability and services to seniors, people with disabilities, veterans and other at-risk populations. FFF will consult with the City to determine public agencies for potential engagement such as:

- Alaska Department of Transportation
- o Kenai Peninsula Borough
- o Kenai Peninsula Borough School District
- o Kenai Peninsula College

B. Community Based Organizations and Strategic Partners:

Targeted engagement with CBO's and other strategic partners will ensure community responsive processes and outcomes. City of Soldotna to provide a list of appropriate CBO's for potential engagement.

• Affected Property Owners and Businesses:

Affected owners, businesses and business organizations should be at the planning table to identify and address potential impacts of design refinements and infrastructure phasing as well as, opportunities for redevelopment and investment in the Redevelopment Area.

Community members and residents:

Includes neighborhood associations, residents, and churches etc. City of Soldotna to determine geographic area for engaging/informing residents.

VII. ENGAGEMENT METHODS

The Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project Engagement Process will include in-person one-on-one or group meetings, large-format community meetings and feedback gathering utilizing surveys, evaluations, and comment forms for use in on-line and in-person engagement.

A. In-Person Engagement

City Council Updates

The COS will provide regular updates to City Council. The Consultant Team will support the COS as needed.

Stakeholders and Community Based Organizations Groups Outreach

To build a shared vision for the project area the COS will make presentations or provide materials to local stakeholders and community-based organizations to inform their members about the project, timeline and opportunities for engagement.

Project Advisory Committee-

Project Advisory Committee meetings will be a key engagement strategy. These gatherings are intended to be a continuation of previous engagement efforts that included a select group of external and internal partners to learn about the project and dive deeper into specific Engagement Topicsffecting the Project area.

Community Events

Community Events are a forum for the COS and project team to share project information with the public and obtain input on challenges and opportunities, conceptual planning and a master plan for redevelopment of the Project Area.

The COS will decide the level of staffing needs including the opportunity to reach a broad range of communities, expected attendance, timing of the event and its location, to ensure a reasonable use of resources. Community Events will be held at accessible locations. Agendas, information packets, presentation exhibits, and meeting summaries will be posted on the website and disseminated through COS approved channels.

B. On-Line Engagement

Website

The project website is hosted on the City of Soldotna website and managed by the City. The project team will generate web content for engagement, including frequently asked questions and online engagement activities. The website will serve as an information resource and will provide a project overview, updates at key milestones and documents such as the schedule, public engagement calendar and graphics. The website may also include a sign-up form for email updates.

Surveys, Evaluations, and Comments

The project may utilize three tools for gathering feedback during engagement sessions:

- 1. Survey questions gather insights on the preferred type and value of the Riverfront Redevelopment land use, development, and transportation concepts and scenarios.
- 2. Guiding Principles, Goals & Objectives evaluation criteria measure planning and scenarios performance.
- 3. Comments identify potential challenges and opportunities to be addressed.

Surveys, evaluations and comments allow people with a few minutes to spare an opportunity to learn about a specific project topic and provide input in a variety of multiple choice, short answer and ranking questions. These surveys, evaluation and comments will both inform the public and gather necessary information to make decisions. Surveys, evaluations and comments will be available online to allow stakeholders and the public to provide input as needed.

E-Newsletter

Email updates may be distributed by the COS at project milestones. Email updates will announce opportunities to get involved and share links to surveys and recent engagement summaries.

Social Media

The popularity and accessibility of social media enables users to receive up-to-date information immediately. Social media channels may be used as a tool to help share information throughout the project and accounts such as the COS Facebook, and other accounts will expand the reach of the Riverfront Redevelopment Project among its followers. This allows information about the Project to reach a broader portion of the public, including underrepresented communities. Individuals who may not want to engage or be able to participate via traditional public engagement methods can still be a part of the engagement process if they use social media.

VIII. DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

A. Public Input Documentation

The project team will share summaries of engagement efforts and input received with the Project Management Team (consisting of City of Soldotna and First Forty Feet Team representatives) and city council to help make key project decisions. Comments emailed or mailed to COS outside of a specific engagement event will also be included in the summaries. These summaries may take the form of a list of major themes discussed, verbatim input or infographics depending on the content and depth of input collected. Summaries of engagement efforts and input received will be posted on the COS website at project milestones and leading up to project decisions, to demonstrate that the input has been recorded and provided to decision makers and the community.

B. Decision Makers

The decision-making process is led by the following groups that are informed by input gathered from public engagement efforts.

City Of Soldotna

The Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project will be organized and managed by a Project Management Team (PMT) comprised of John Czarnezki (JC) (Planning & Economic Development Director), Stephanie Queen (SQ) City Manager), Laura Rhyner (Assistant to the City Manager), Jennifer Hester (JH) (Associate Planner), and the Consultant Team (CT) includes key personnel from First Forty Feet, EcoNW, Greenworks and Kinney Engineering. The CT is led by the prime consultant, First Forty Feet (FFF).

Technical Advisory Group

The Technical Advisory Group comprised of planning and public works staff from the City of Soldotna and as needed Agency partners (Kenai Peninsula Borough, ADOT, et. al.) as identified by COS, will provide technical input on issues including design, planning, environmental, phasing, and funding of the Project. Technical Advisory Committee members will review technical documents and make recommendations to the Project Management Team.

City Council

The City Council will provide recommendations to the PMT on project decisions using input and findings from council meetings, technical analyses and public engagement findings.

Advisory Committee

The Project Advisory Committee (PAC) will meet periodically through group meetings where they will explore topics and project deliverables and provide guidance and insight with representatives from the COS and Project Consultant Team during the project milestones— Goals and Objectives Identification and Conceptual Planning and Master Plan documentation.

APPENDIX D: ENGAGEMENT

D.1 Community Engagement Plan

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D.4 Engagement Milestone #2: Build the Vision- Preliminary Development Concepts Document: Project Handout; Engagement Boards for Display at the Community Workshop; Engagement #2 Feedback Form; and Engagement Results for sessions with the community and the Kenai River Fish Habitat Symposium. FIRST FORTY FEET

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Project Advisory Committee

I. Introduction

The Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project will utilize a representative Project Advisory Committee (PAC) consisting of members representing property ownership, and businesses in the Project area, those involved in Downtown business, outdoor recreation and tourist advocacy organizations/group as well as others interested in area redevelopment (Kenai Peninsula Borough, banking, attorney, architect, homeowners, neighbors, etc.). The PAC will advise City of Soldotna (COS) staff and the consultant team as they identify issues, develop and refine concepts into recommendations, and guide the development of a Master Plan. Members will be expected to make an approximately 12-month commitment to the Project process.

Committee members will be asked to share their advice, insight and expertise with fellow PAC members, COS and consultant team as well as their broader communities. Although the PAC is an advisory group and is not expected to come to a consensus on all matters, members will be expected to be fair-minded and listen respectfully as others express their opinions and perspectives.

Staff will also consult technical advisors from City departments and Agencies with jurisdiction within the Project area. These discussions will be shared with the PAC.

Public engagement will consist of public and stakeholder meetings, to share information, gauge opinions, and to refine goals and objectives. The engagement plan (separate document) highlights the type of engagement activities, outreach methods and feedback gathering to occur within two major project milestones.

II. Roles

The PAC will advise and make recommendations to Project staff, and the consultant team who are committed to ensuring PAC discussions and proposals are accurately recorded and made available to the community. The consultant team in coordination with Staff will formulate concepts, refinements and a master plan using PAC input, City Council guidance, feedback from the broader community, as well as direction from the Comprehensive Plan and other adopted City policies and plans. The City Council, through a public process, will make the final decisions and recommendations for Master Plan adoption. The Master Plan and Engagement Summary will include information about the PAC meetings and discussions as well as how these meetings informed the Master Plan.

II. Responsibilities

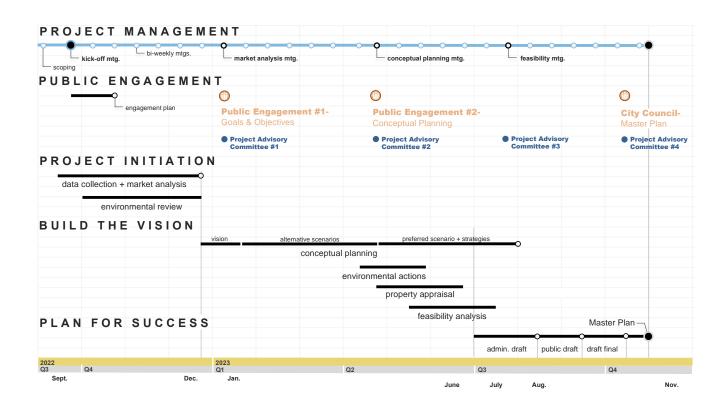
Ideally, committee members should both share their expertise and serve as conduits of information to and from their organizations and networks. In addition to acting as conduits to the larger communities of stakeholders, PAC members will be asked to participate in scheduled meetings and events during this 12-month project:

PAC meetings. The PAC will meet up to four times over the 12-month project schedule. (See Project Schedule below.) Beyond attending these meetings, members may be asked to review materials prior to meetings. Meetings will be facilitated by the consultant team and City staff and held at City Hall during key project Milestones, lasting approximately 90-minutes.

Public events. City staff and the consultant team will be running a parallel public involvement process to gather broad community feedback with public events and discussions scheduled at key milestones over the course of the project. PAC members will be encouraged to attend these events to help share conversations the PAC has had and to listen to input from event attendees.

City Council. PAC members will be encouraged to attend the City Council adoption meeting scheduled for fall 2023

III. Schedule



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The Kenai River is envisioned as the centerpiece of a walkable, connected downtown and plays a vital role in the local and regional economy of the central peninsula

RIVERFRONT REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

The City of Soldotna seeks to work with land and business owners, residents and community partners to **redevelop an 85-acre portion of downtown**— currently a mix of auto-orientated businesses along the busy Sterling Highway along with underutilized and undeveloped properties located between the Sterling Hwy and the world-renowned Kenai River.

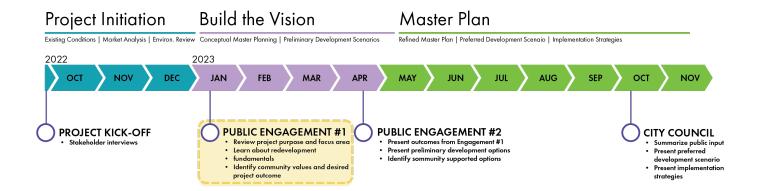
The Riverfront Redevelopment Plan is intended to be transformative and a strategy to guide the Downtown's long-term economic development goals—seeking to foster new investment and partnerships, create jobs, and improve the quality of the built environment for residents and visitors.

Portland, Oregon firm First Forty Feet has assembled a multi-disciplinary team that is well-positioned to partner with the City to:

- » Create a one-of-a-kind riverfront experience that attracts locals and tourists with shopping, dining, & lodging in a walkable environment.
- » Highlight and incorporate the Kenai River with the Downtown.
- » Remedy environmental issues on a 10-acre brownfield site to promote riverfront investment.
- » **Identify critical infrastructure**, including roads, water, sewer, and energy investments necessary to support redevelopment.
- » Increase the inventory of developable commercial land to support local businesses, business expansion and attract new entrepreneurs to the community.
- » Identify opportunities for public and private partnerships.
- » Explore options and strategies for funding and implementation.



PROJECT TIMELINE



PROJECT CONTACTS

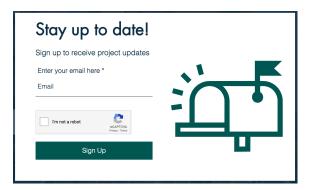
City of Soldotna

John Czarnezki Director of Economic Development and Planning jczarnezki@soldotna.org 907.714.1246

First Forty Feet (Consultant)

Jason Graf Project Manager jason@firstfortyfeet.com 503.890.6755

Subscribe to Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment



Visit the project webpage @ www.soldotnariverfront.org/

Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment

A plan to redevelop a portion of downtown and create a one-of-a-kind riverfront experience.



Objectives



Create a **one-of-a-kind riverfront experience** with shopping, dining, and lodging in a walkable destination



Support local businesses, business expansion and attract new entrepreneurs



Highlight and incorporate the Kenai River with the Downtown



Identify opportunities for **public and private** partnerships



Identify critical infrastructure to support redevelopment



Explore **options and strategies** for funding and implementation



Identity

History

History begins with the **Dena'ina Athabaskan** people who have lived in and used the areas around the Kenai River for many thousands of years.

Homesteaders arrived in the late 1940's. WWII veterans were encouraged to lay claim to Alaska's land.





Sterling Highway, Kenai River Bridge, and Kenai Spur Highway were constructed in the 1950's.





New infrastructure resulted in increased settlement to the area. Development spurred along the highways.

In 1960 Soldotna became incorporated. The Kenai Peninsula Borough, college, and school district formed.





- Business was booming by the **1970**'s. The **Central Peninsula Hospital** opened as the first in the region.

1980 1988 1995 2011 2012 2015 Soldotna Soldotna Soldotna **Envision** Soldotna Downtown **Creek Park** Comprehensive 2030 Plan Mainstreet **Creek Park Improvement** deeded Plan Plan updated

Identity

Location











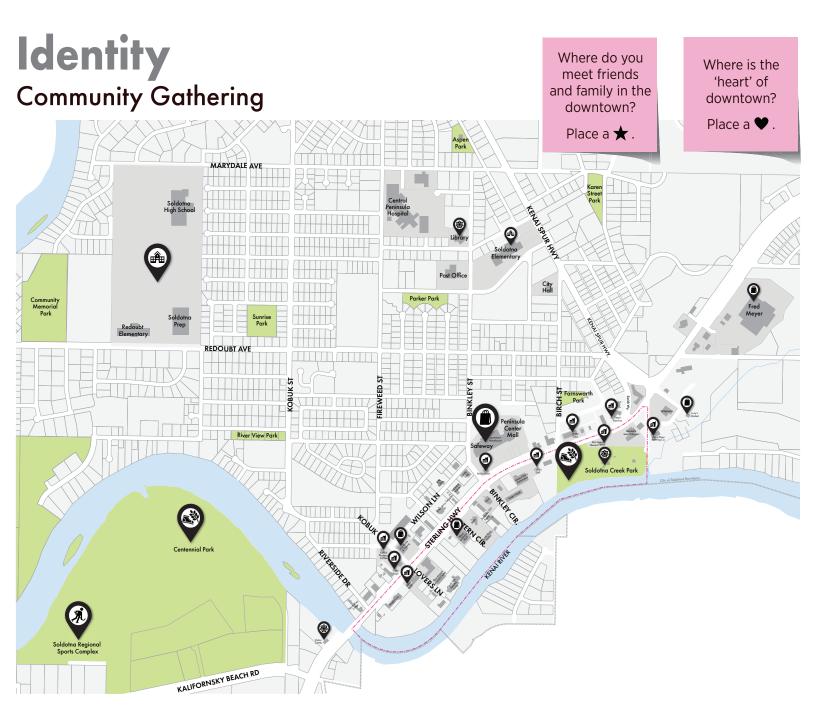


EDUCATION

RETAIL & SERVICES

NATURE & WILDLIFE





Today, Soldotna has a wealth of community gathering places. In the future, downtown redevelopment can support new indoor and outdoor gathering places.



Place

Public Spaces and Downtown Character

Storefronts:









Riverwalk:

































Place

Public Spaces and Downtown Character

Landing Overlook:



Main Street:



Public Plaza:

























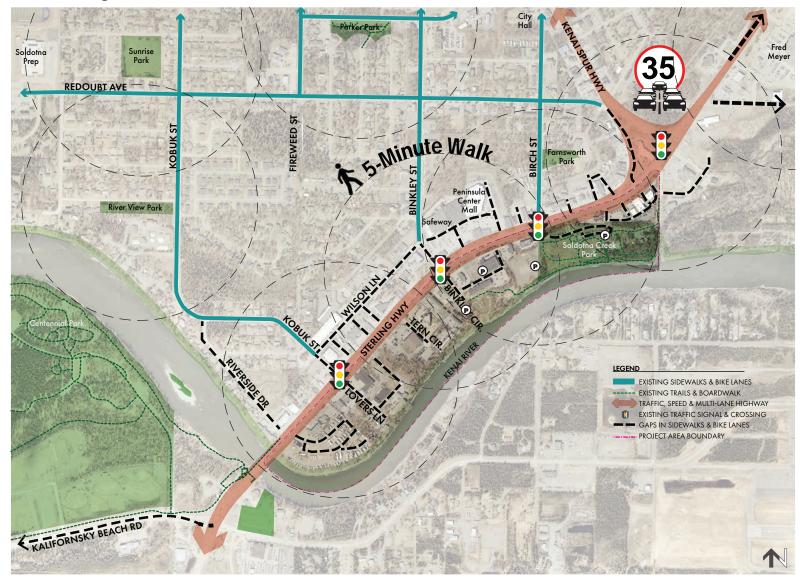






Connected

Challenges



Many community destinations are within a short 5-minute walk or bike.



Gaps in sidewalks and bike lines must be eliminated to create stronger links

between downtown shopping and dining and riverfront destinations like Soldotna Creek Park.



Barriers to walking and biking include multi-lane traffic, vehicle speed

and limited signalized crossings of the Sterling Highway.



Riverfront Trails & Boardwalks

are located on each

end of the project area, however there are signficant trail gaps and no areas to view the river between Soldotna Creek Park and the bridge.



Parking for events can exceed capacity at major destinations such as

Soldotna Creek Park, while large parking lots are dispersed or are for private use only and may not be accessible by walking.



Connected

Opportunities

Enhanced Crossings for Safer Intersections











Wide & Comfortable Sidewalks Promote Walking







Safe and Protected Bikeways Encourage New Riders









Overlooks and Landings Engage the River





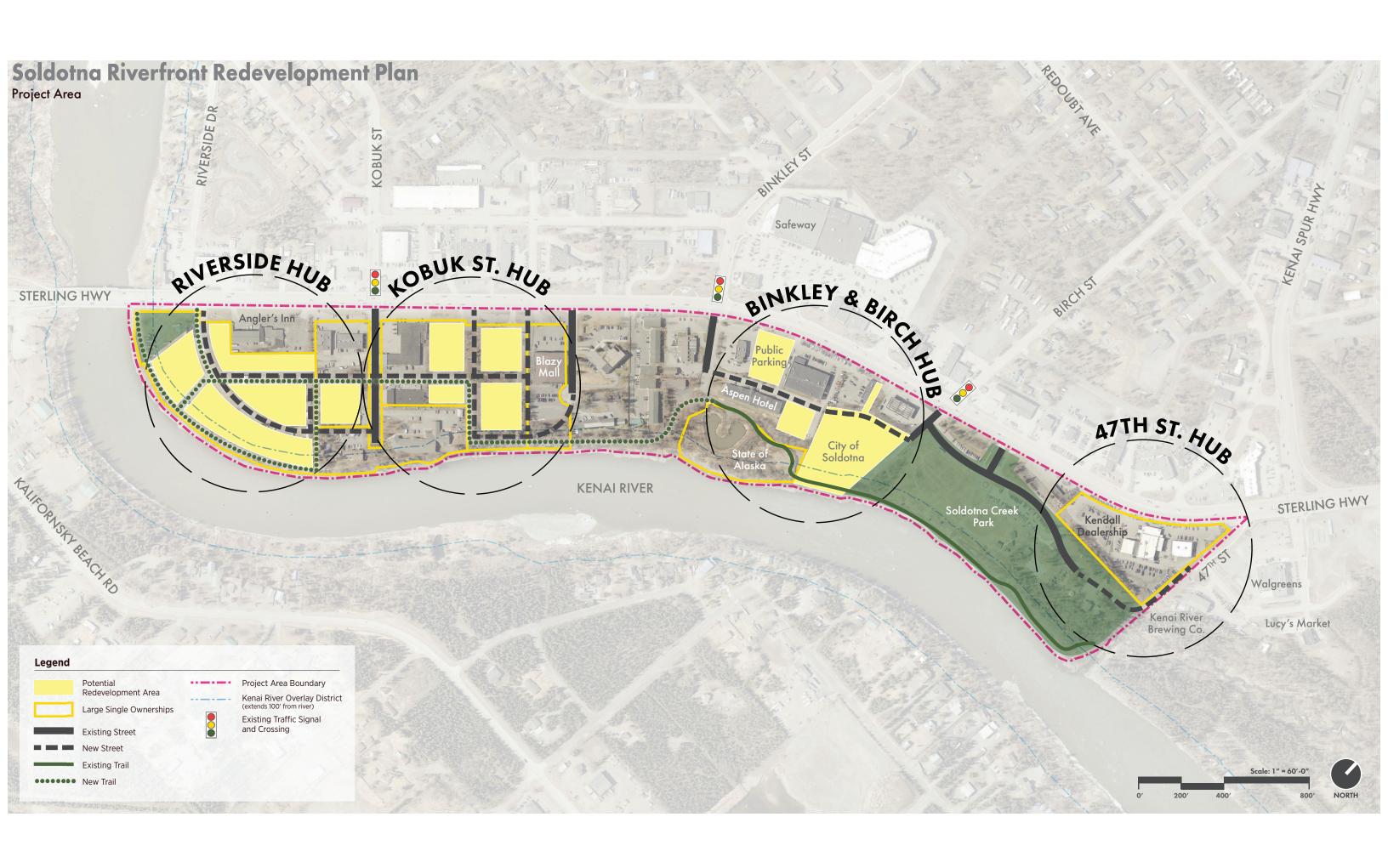


River Access via Trails and Boardwalks









RIVERFRONT REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

INTRODUCTION

Redevelopment of Soldotna's downtown area is an opportunity to strengthen the heart of the community.

Your feedback is important to the project team in identifying community values and desired outcomes for potential redevelopment in the project area.



There are two options for providing feedback. 1. Scan the QR code with your phone or mobile device to complete the feedback form with the presentation. 2. Complete the questions in paper form below and on the following pages.

1. Where	do you like to	meet family a	ind friends in	the downtow	n and riverfro	ont area?
. What tv	wo or three wo	ords best desc	ribe Soldotna	?		
•						
_						





Future redevelopment can support what is valued in the community----history, nature, gathering, active, art, & local.

History

The downtown area has been shaped and influenced by the Kenai River, the early Homesteaders, and construction of the Sterling Highway.

The Kenai Peninsula Hub

Soldotna's central location on the peninsula and highway access has made it a center for government, healthcare, education and access to nature and wildlife. The downtown area serves as a major retail and services destination.

Community

The downtown is a place where the community gathers anchored by Soldotna Creek Park and the riverfront serving as Soldotna's "living room", the addition of local breweries, shops, and restaurants and the soon to be built Soldotna Field House.

2.3 What are you most proud of about Soldotna?					



Q.4 What makes Soldotna unique among other towns in the Kenai Peninsula?				



PLACE

Future redevelopment can support downtown as an 18-hour hub of activity. These hubs of activity such as dining, shopping and entertainment should be places that are walkable, have opportunities to engage the river and include indoor and outdoor spaces for gathering.

Hubs of Activity

Downtowns often have a variety of "places" where people want to be and are centered around, shopping, entertainment, recreation (indoor and outdoor), and culture (museums, centers, & libraries) or oriented to the river.

A "Main Street"

Many downtowns have a couple of blocks and a street address that is identifiable as the heart to the community and a destination for shopping, dining, entertainment (music venues and movie theaters), and culture (museums, and concert halls)

Engaging the river

Redevelopment can engage the river in several ways providing direct interaction with the river or views and overlooks to the river below and beyond.

Public gathering

Memorable downtowns have a variety of spaces to gather from parks (large and small), to plazas, and riverfronts that attract residents and visitors alike.



Q.5	Where is the heart of Soldotna?
Q.6	What would you like to see in the downtown and riverfront area?
Q.7	Rank the most desirable downtown experiences? 1 being most desirable.
	Shopping, dining, entertainment and cultural
	A Main Street
	Public gathering
	Riverfront engagement





CONNECTED

Important features of a connected downtown and riverfront include streets, and trails providing safe, direct, and continuous access to destinations for all ages, abilities and users, whether you walk, bike, roll, or drive.

Sterling Highway Safety, Access, & Aesthetics

The Sterling Highway is the primary traffic route through town, provides access to businesses and acts as a gateway or "front door" to Soldotna. Today, the highway can be a barrier for those walking and biking with limited street crossings, sidewalks next to busy traffic and no bicycle facilities. Future improvements could enhance the visual quality of the corridor, provide enhanced crossings, and a more comfortable environment for walking and biking.

New Street Connections

New Streets can improve access to existing businesses and destinations and provide opportunities to support redevelopment areas oriented to the highway and the river.

Riverfront Connections

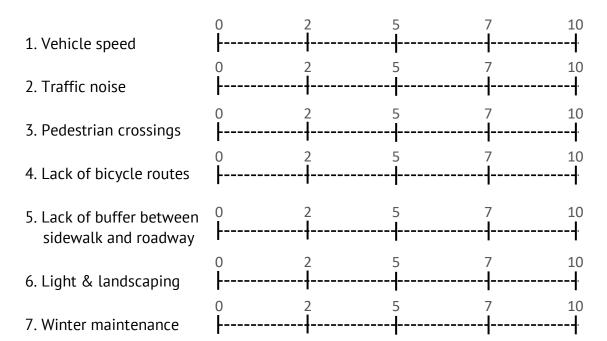
The downtown riverfront consists of a riparian zone with gradual and steep slopes and public and private ownerships. Given these conditions there are a variety of ways to connect with the river such as with trails, boardwalks, overlooks and buildings oriented to the river.

Community Connections

Kobuk Street, Birch Street, and Binkley Street are local streets that link to citywide destinations like parks, schools, employment areas and the downtown and riverfront area. Future street improvements can support safe and comfortable ways to walk, and bike as well as drive to these destinations.



Q.8 What are safety, access, and visual challenges along Sterling Highway? Rate the challenges – 0-not a challenge and 10- very challenging.



Q.9 How desirable is walking and biking to downtown and riverfront destinations	? Pick up to
three.	

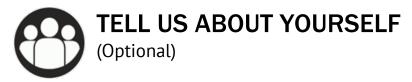
boardwalks

I frequently walk and bike to downtown destinations	I would walk or bike if there were safe options	I would walk short distances between downtown destinations	I prefer to drive to the riverfront and walk the trails &	I prefer to drive a vehicle



2.10 What are the challenges to redevelopment?		
2.4.4.18//		
2.11 What are the opportunities for redevelopment?		
2.12 Do you have any additional comments to share with the project team?		





	Do y	ou own a business, building, or land in the project area?
Q.15		often do you visit the downtown area between Kenai Spur Highway and the Kena r Bridge?
	0	Daily
	0	Weekly
	0	Monthly
		Occasionally
		Rarely
	0	Never
2.16		what purpose(s) do you visit the downtown area between Kenai Spur Highway and Kenai River Bridge? Check all that apply:
	0	For my job/business
	0	Shopping
	0	Dining
	0	Entertainment
	0	Recreation
	0	Other:
<u>)</u> .17	Opti	onal: Provide your name and the best way to contact you:
	0	Name:
	0	Mailing Address:
	0	City:
		State:
	0	Jtate
	0	Zip:
	0	



Poll Results - Chamber of Commerce Luncheon

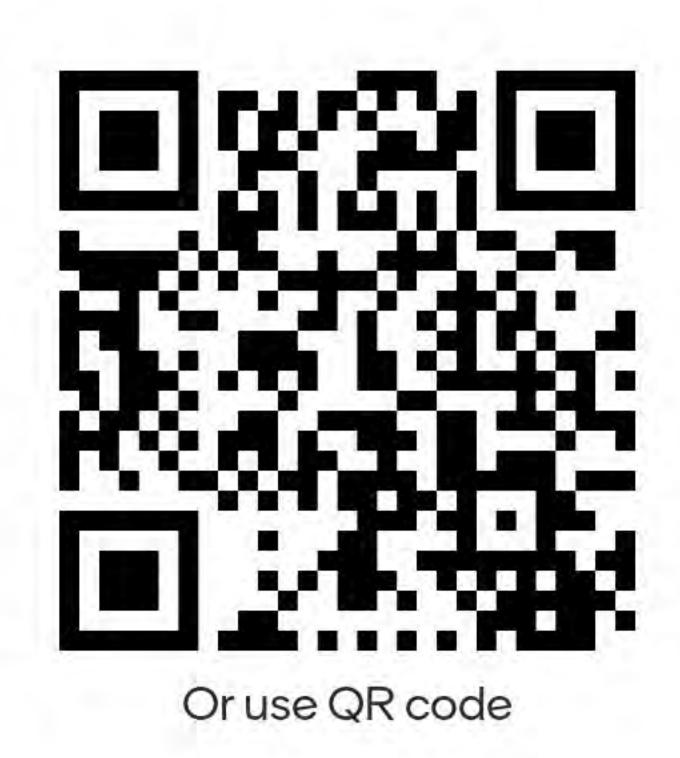


Soldotna Riverfront Revitalization

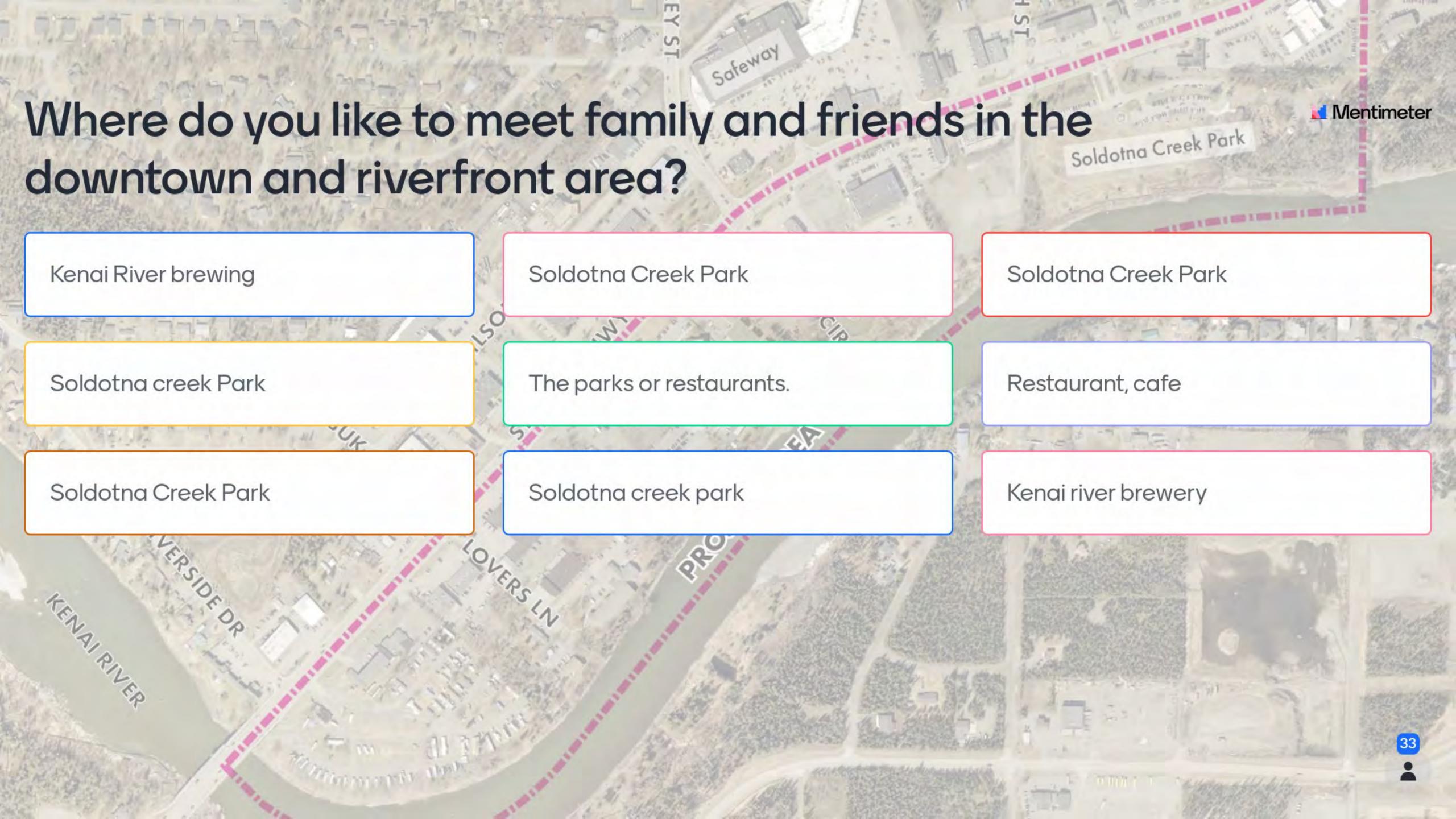
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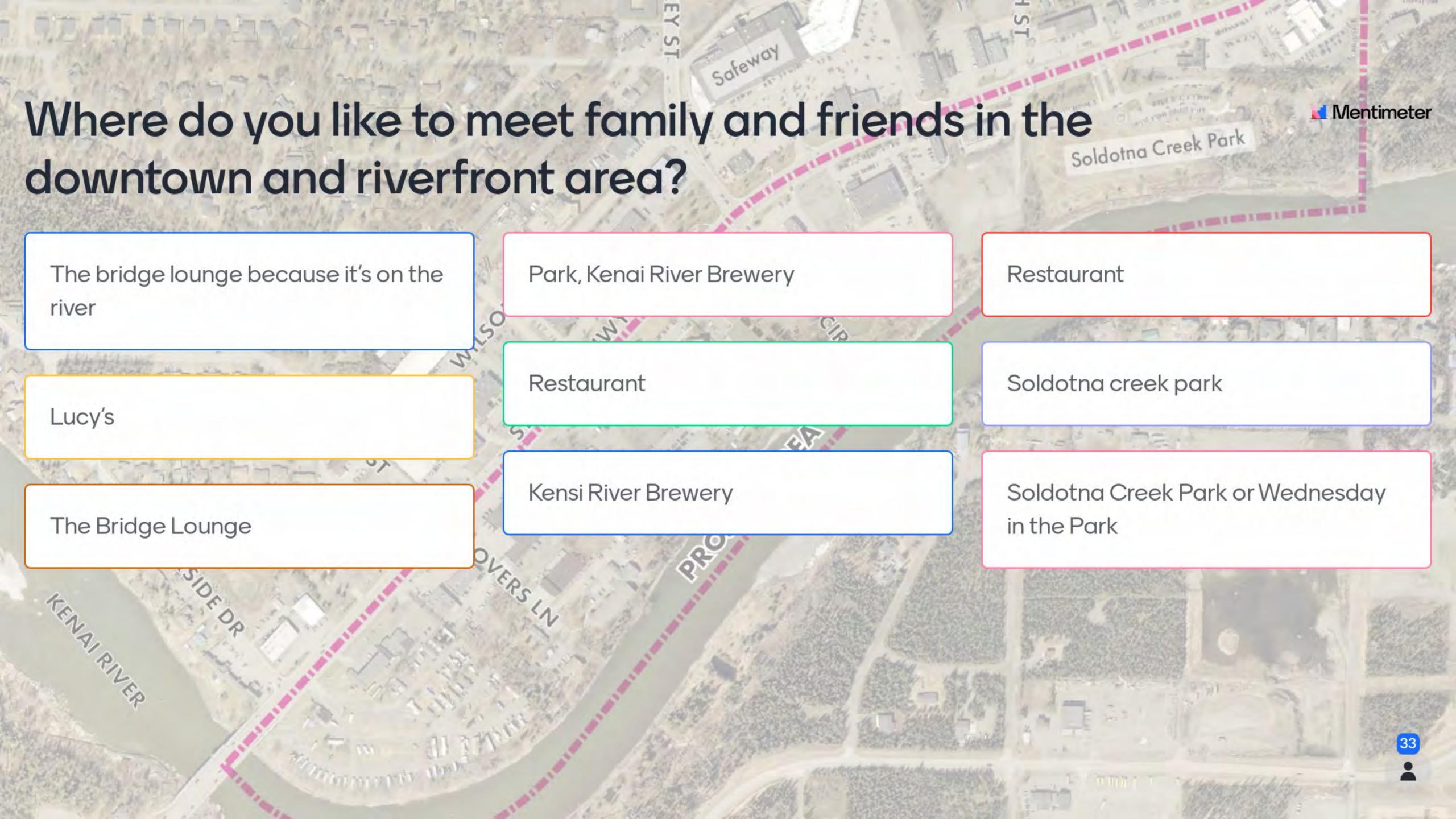
www.menti.com

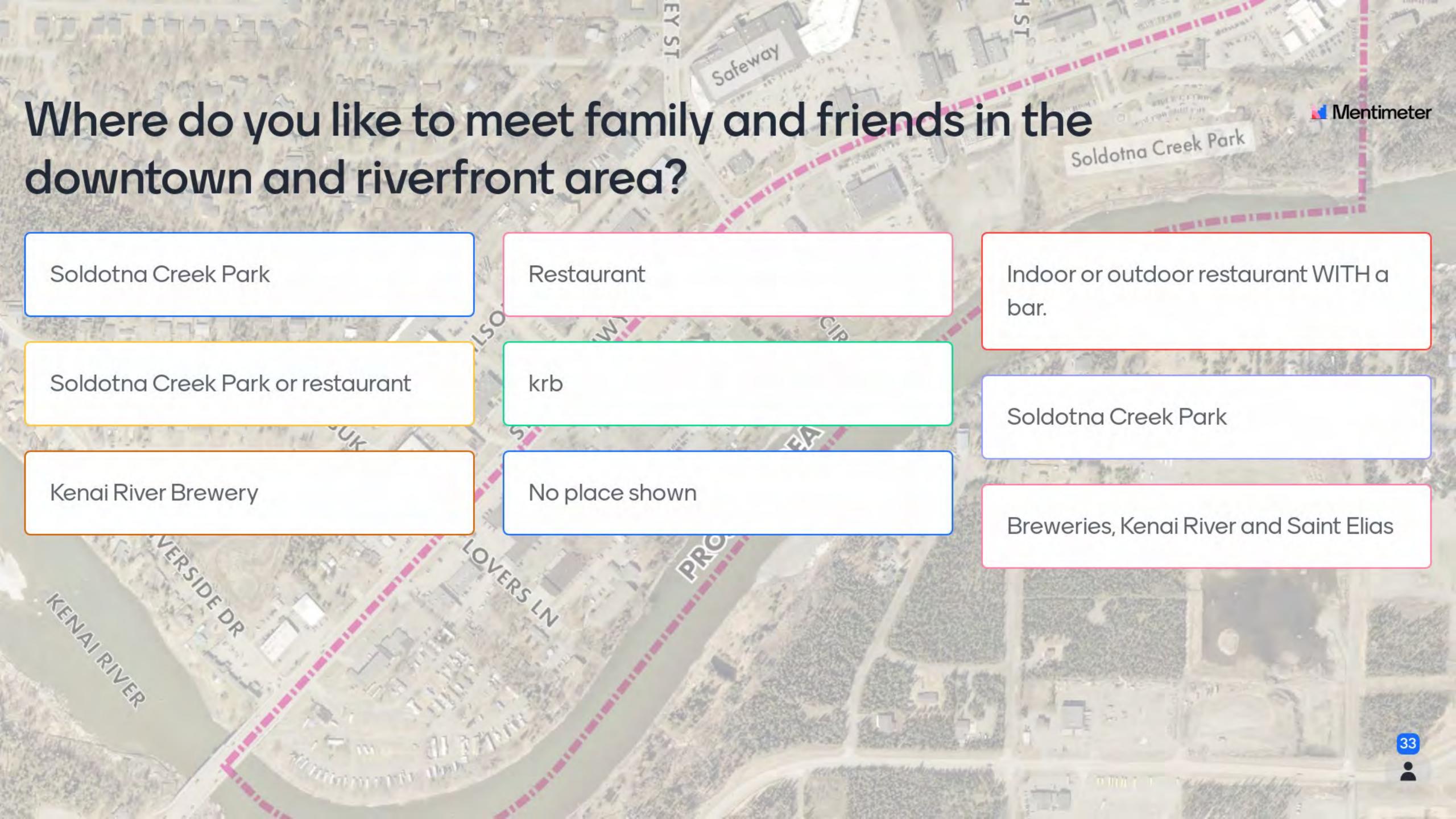
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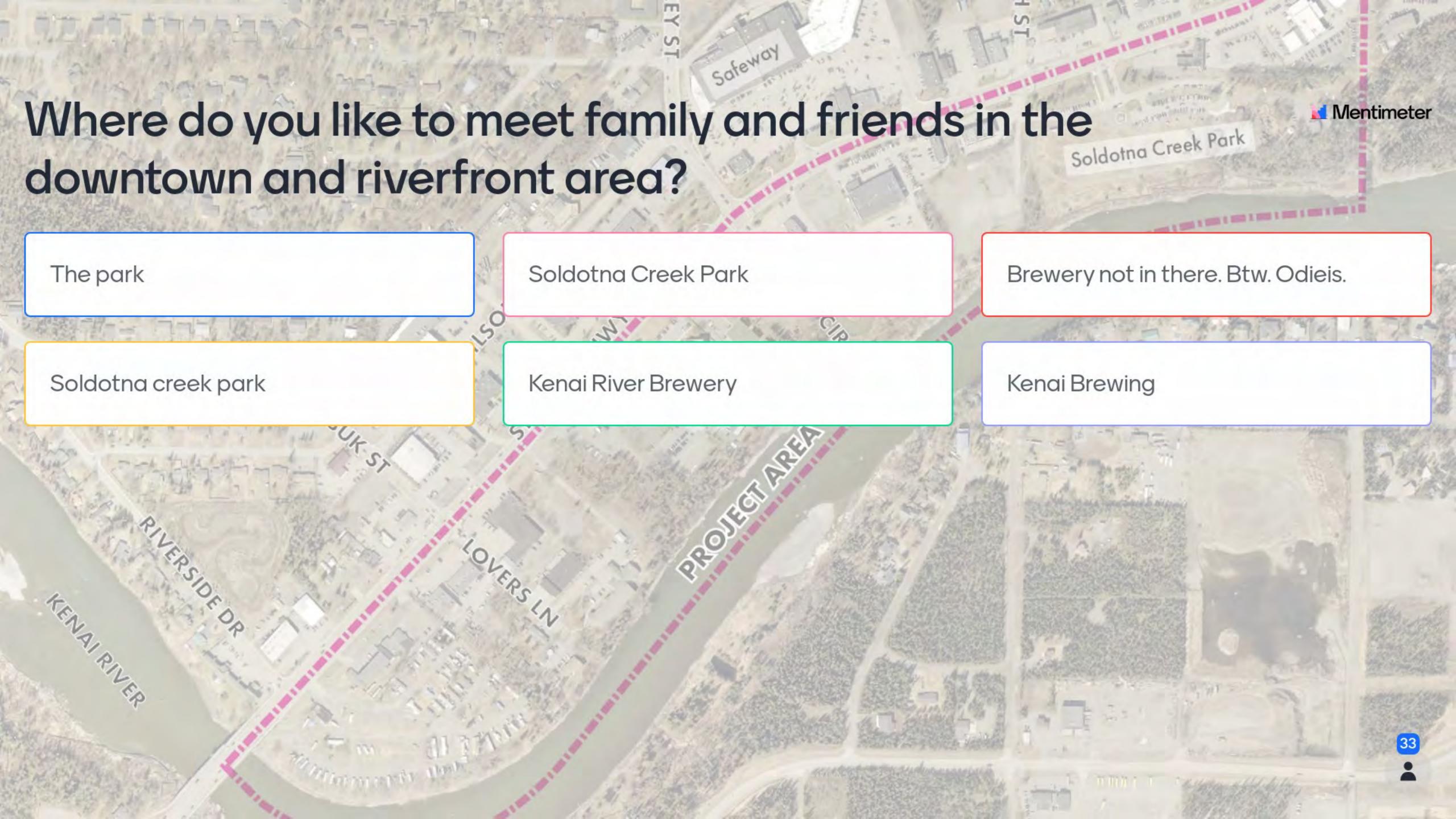














What are the top three challenges to redevelopment?









What are the opportunities for redevelopment?

open the area to visitors engagement landowner support

growth improve city access





Poll Results - Community Open House 1



Soldotna Riverfront Revitalization

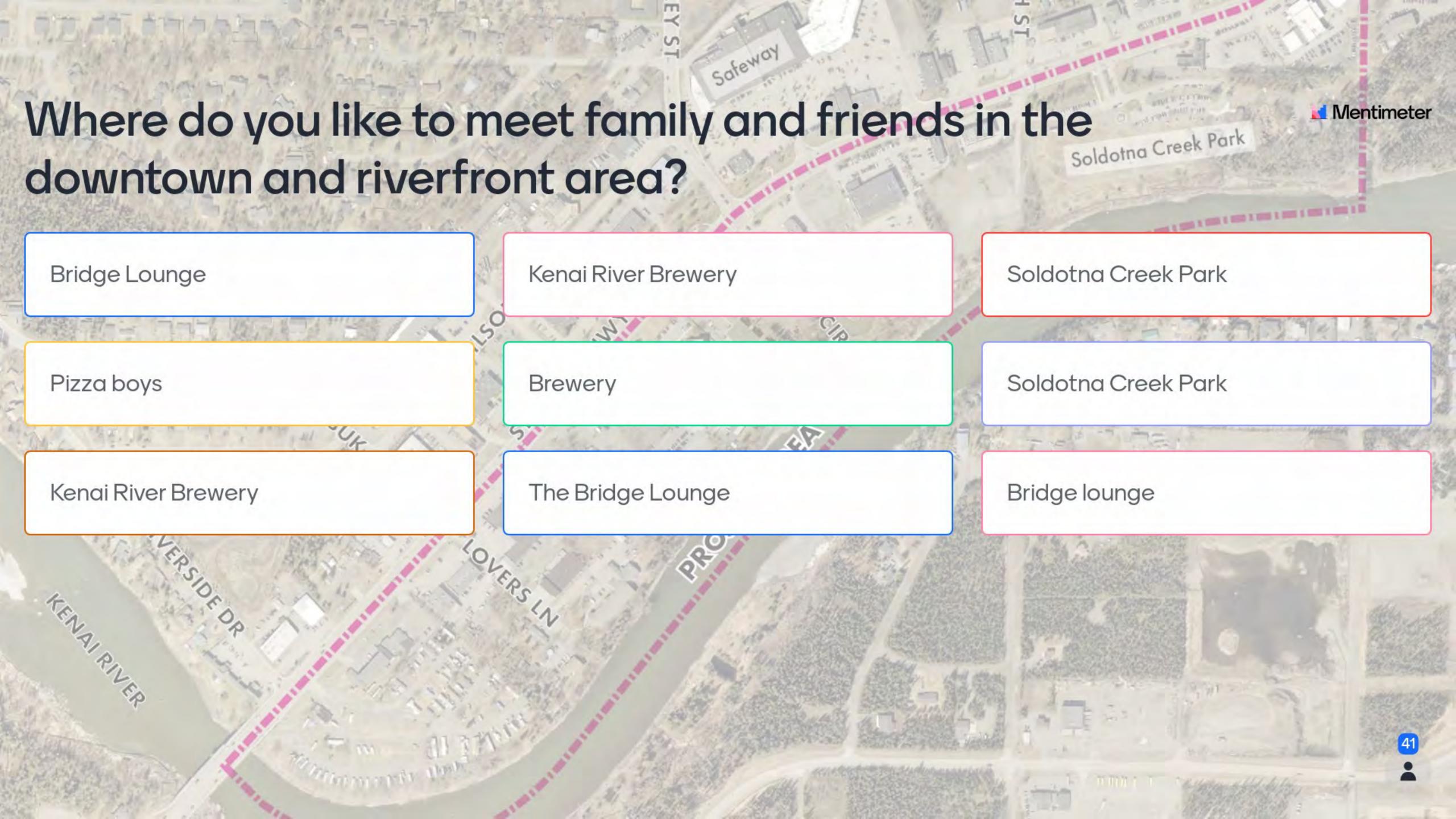
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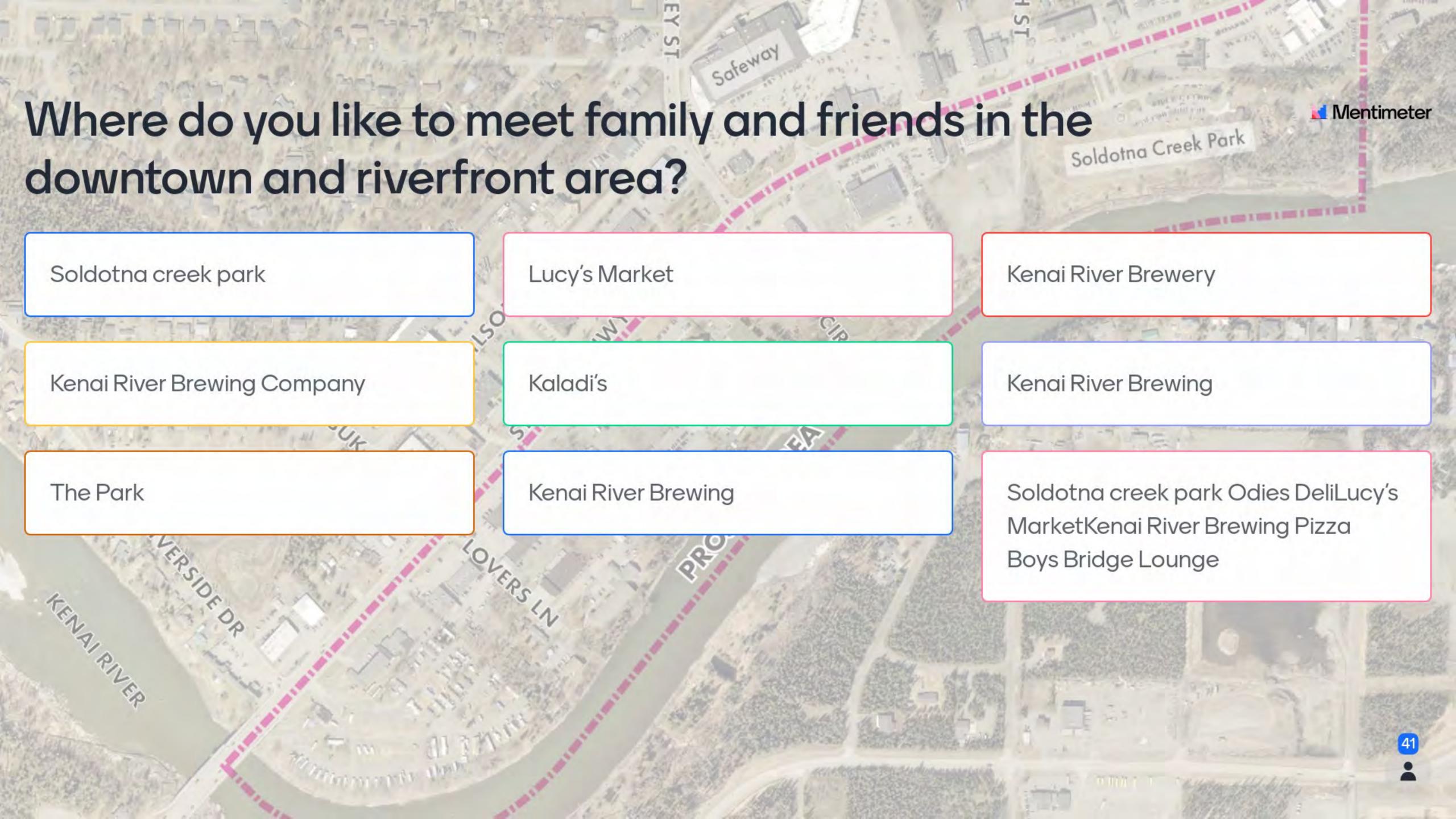
www.menti.com

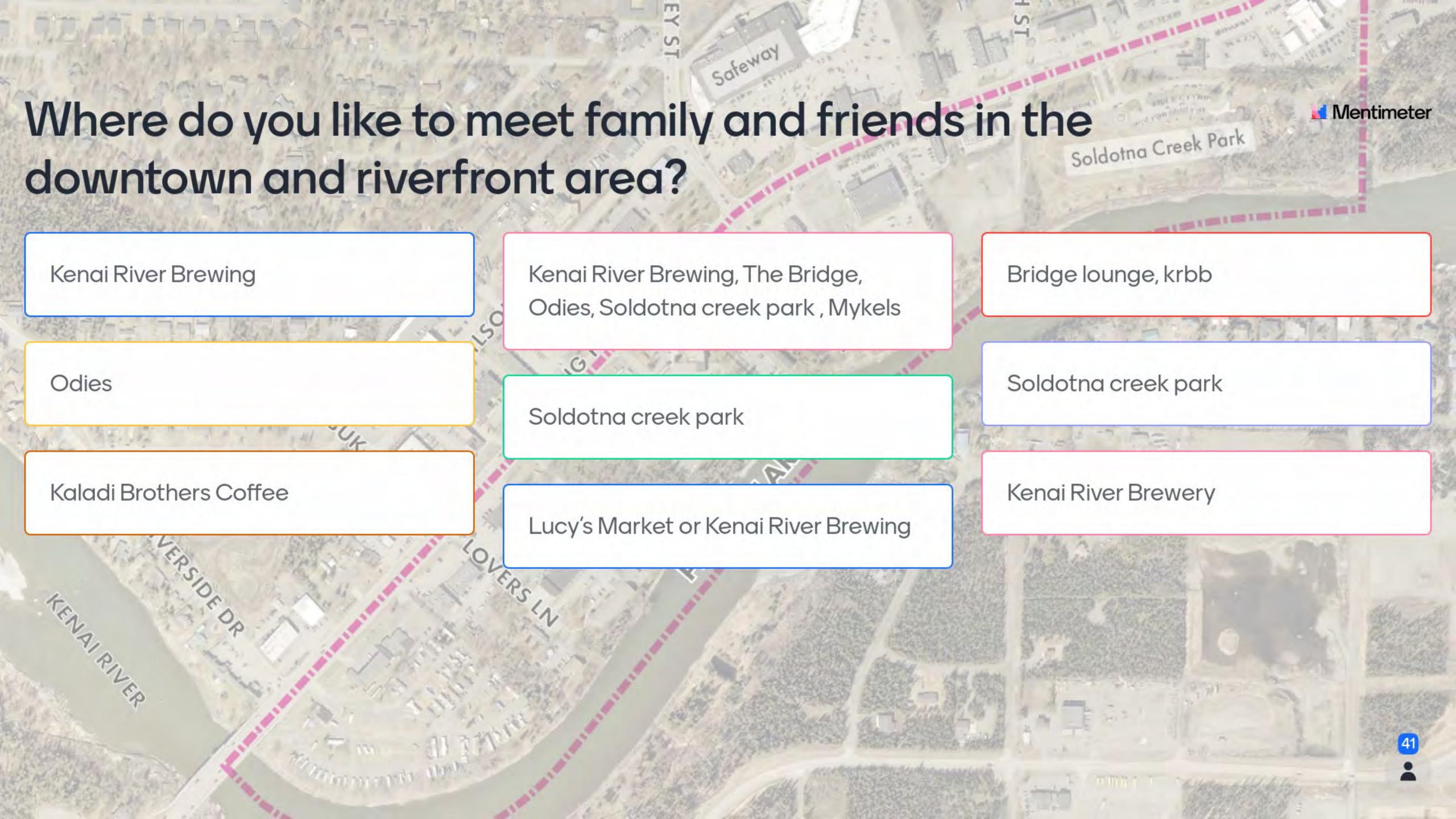
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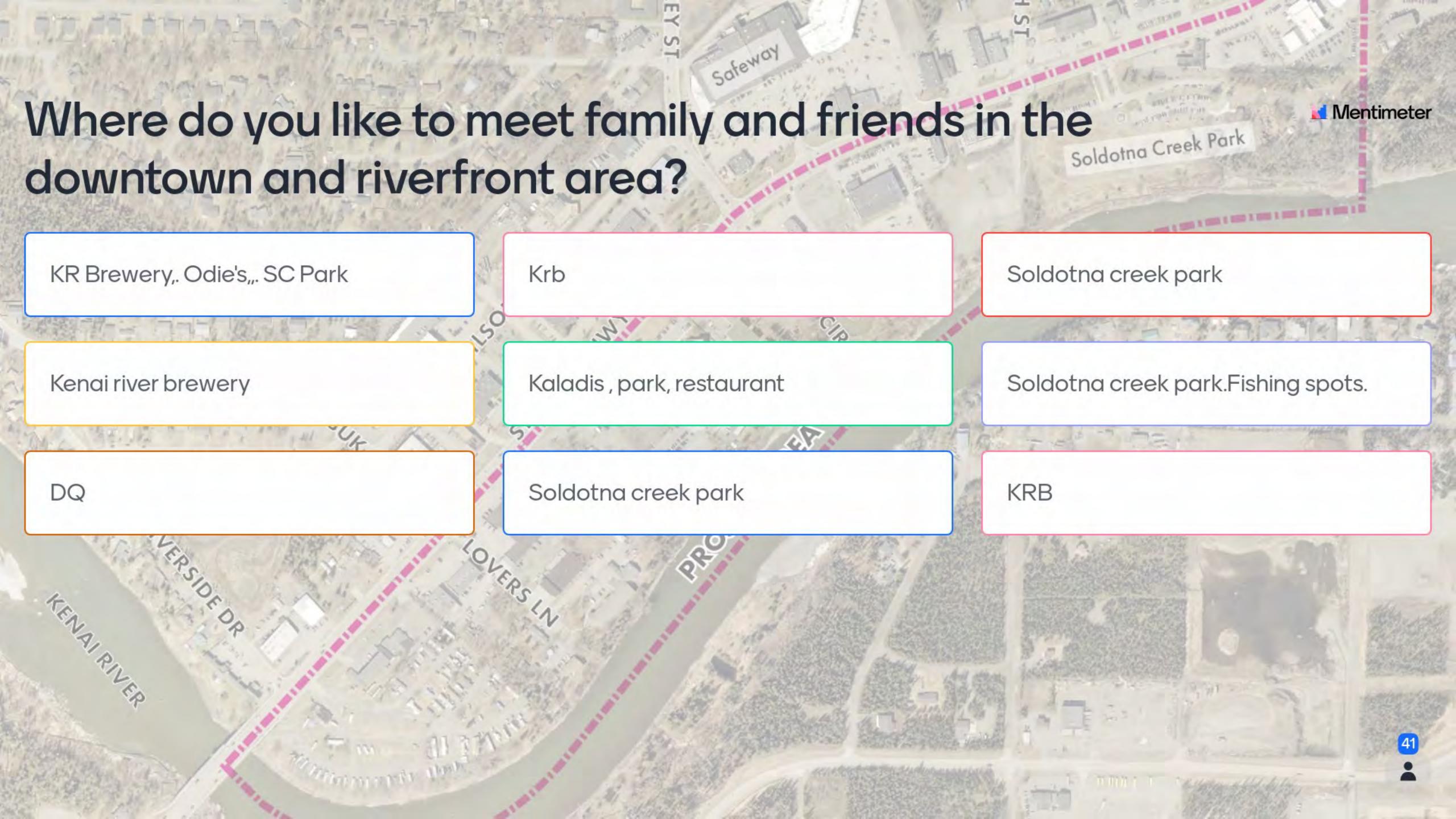


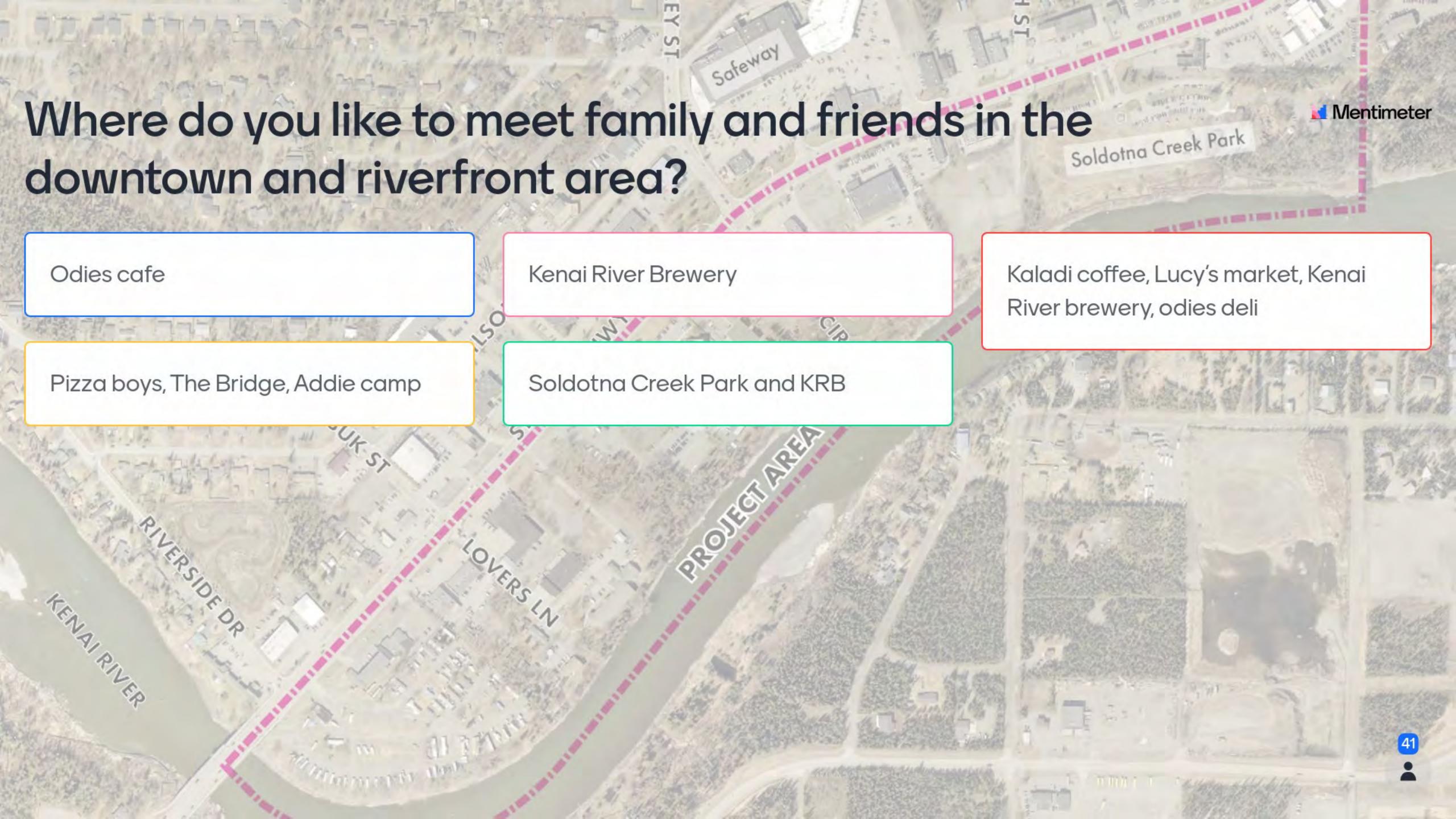












What are you most proud of about Soldotna?

Soldotna Creek Park

Activities and community

Salmon

Kenai River Small town charm Local businesses

Kenai Peninsula College

The City Manager and Council having open minds

Our growth

Strong community ties

Trail system



What are you most proud of about Soldotna?

Friendliness of people

Great place to fish!

Good place to raise family

The growth and the connections that are being made

It's my home

Schools

Our trails

Supporting small local business

The people that make up this community

What are you most proud of about Soldotna?

Continual improvement in quality of life

Growth focused on community spaces

Louis Alberta Com

Ourpeople

It is a great place to raise children.

Fishery

Connection to the Kenai River

Small town feel

Respect for fish

Perseverence of small business

What are you most proud of about Soldotna?

So much energy around new ideas and businesses.

The people

Community involvement and opportunity for Community recreation

Progressive

Fishing

The Community feel, chamber involvement, entrepreneurship, our river, local pride

A reasonable land

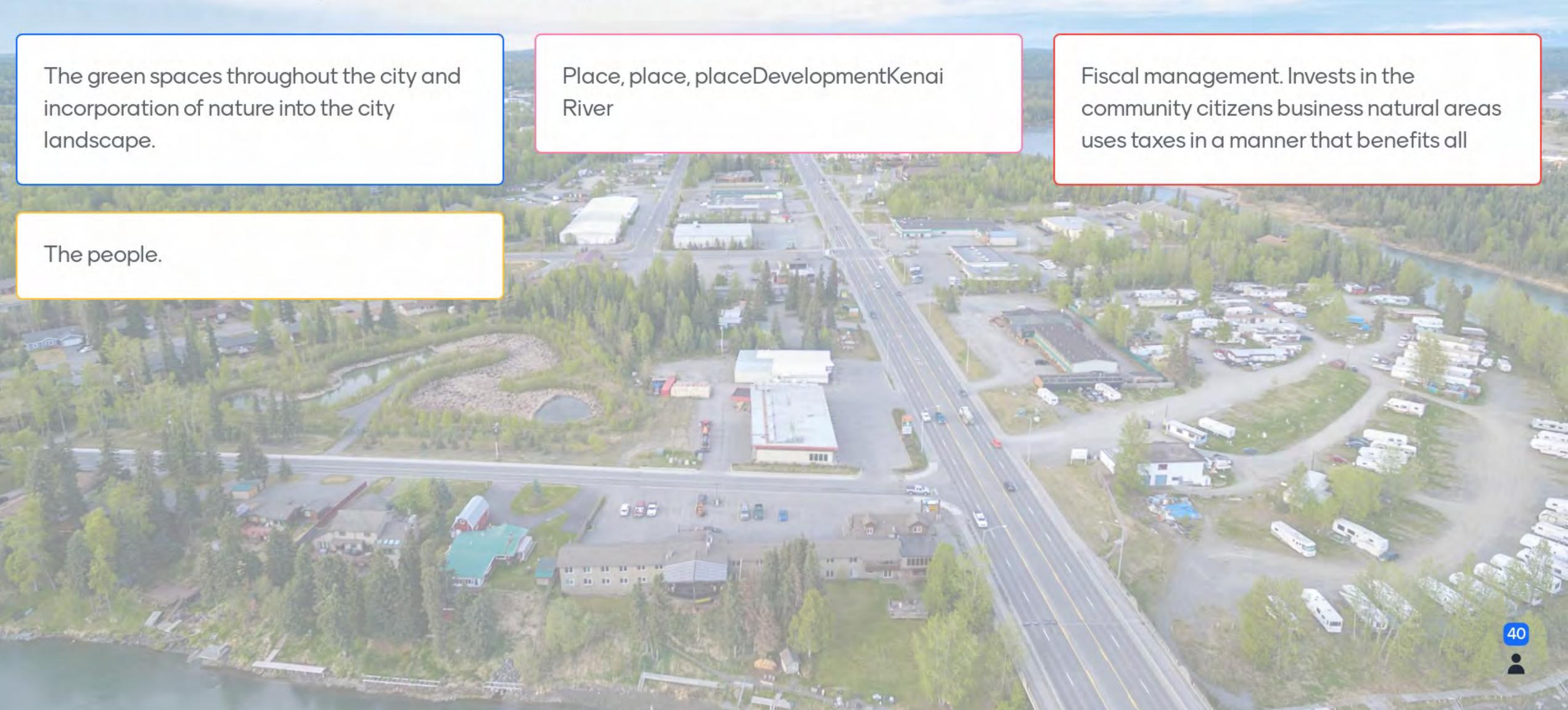
Community friendly

The incorporation of the Dena'ina culture and language at the park.

recent years' growth in both thought and infrastructure



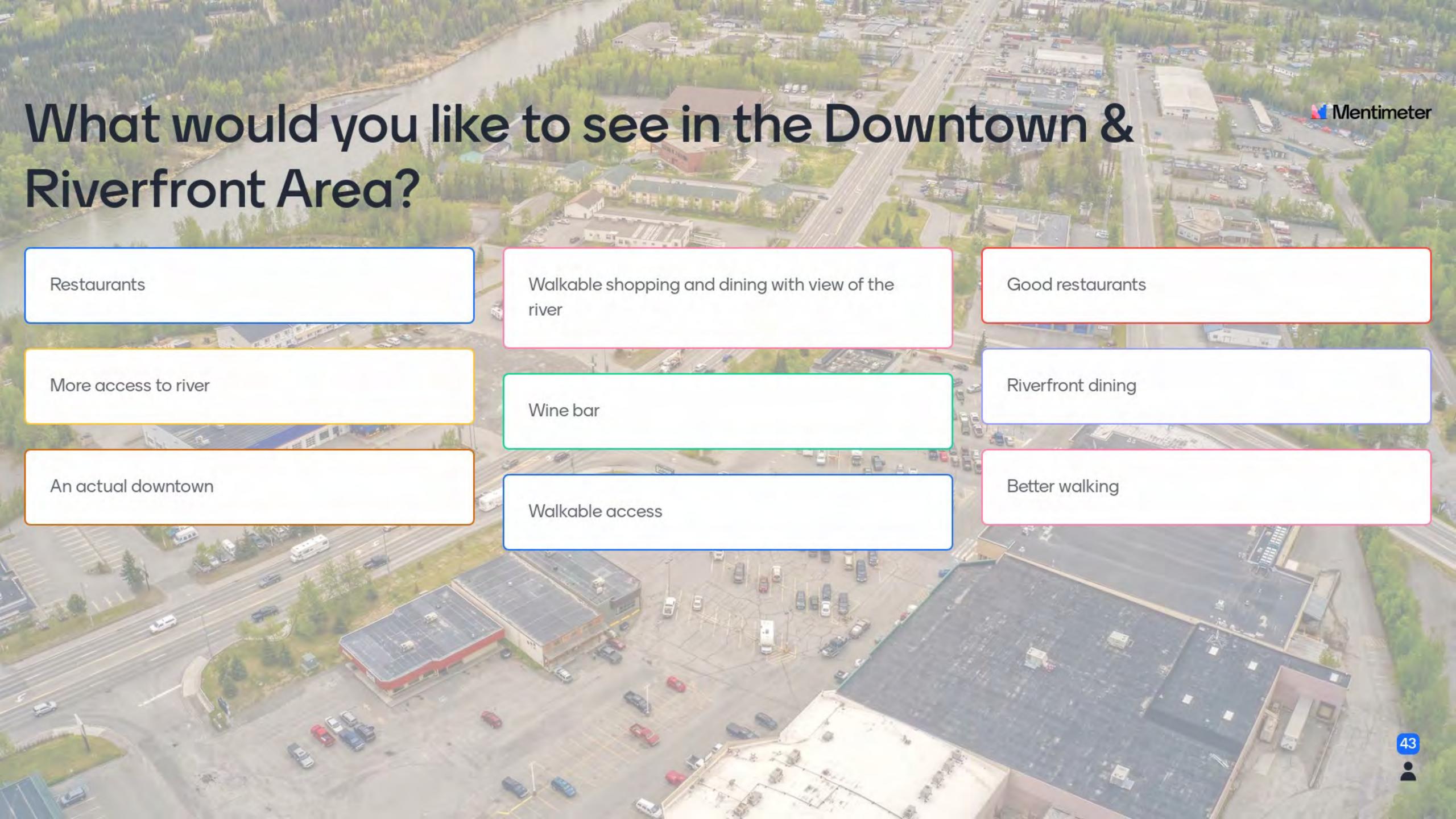
What are you most proud of about Soldotna?

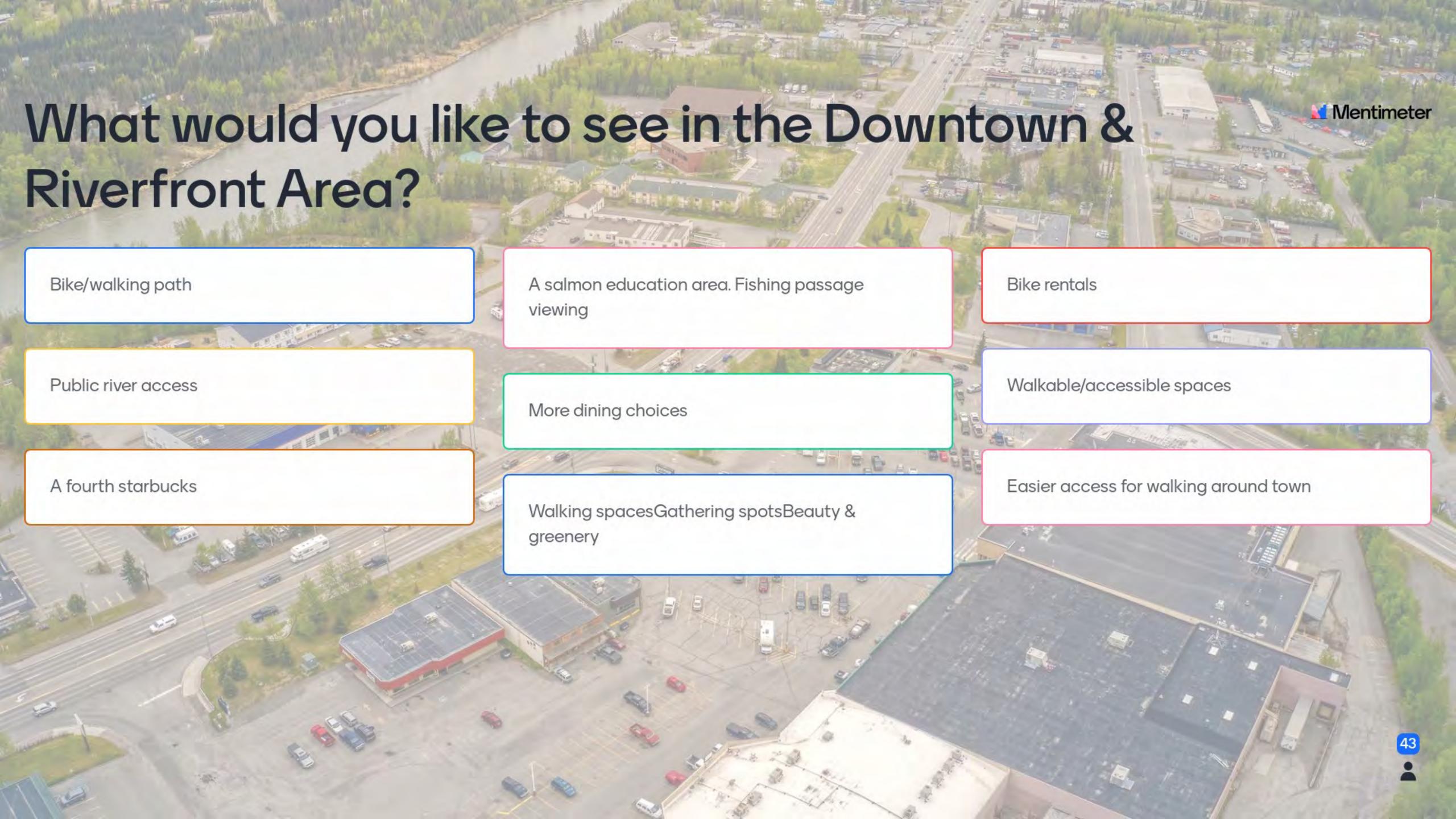




What makes Soldotna unique among other towns on the Peninsula?







What would you like to see in the Downtown & Riverfront Area? Roller Rink Walking access along river from Brinkley to the beidge Local businesses and a walking area centered around viewing the river

A place to sit and take it all in

Restaurants and shops, movie theater, awesome bowling alley with bar

Parking

More green space and green infrastructure

Bistros More food optionsFarm to table restaurants

Ice cream parlor



What would you like to see in the Downtown &

Riverfront Area?

Clean riverwalk with dining and shopping opportunities

Casual meeting spaces, recreation space, beer gardens, walkability

Restaurant with riverview

Walkable storefronts w/apartments above

Walkable, live and work in same area.

Walkable pathways along the river. A new visitor center that can serve as a gateway into the community and starting pint for exploring on foot.

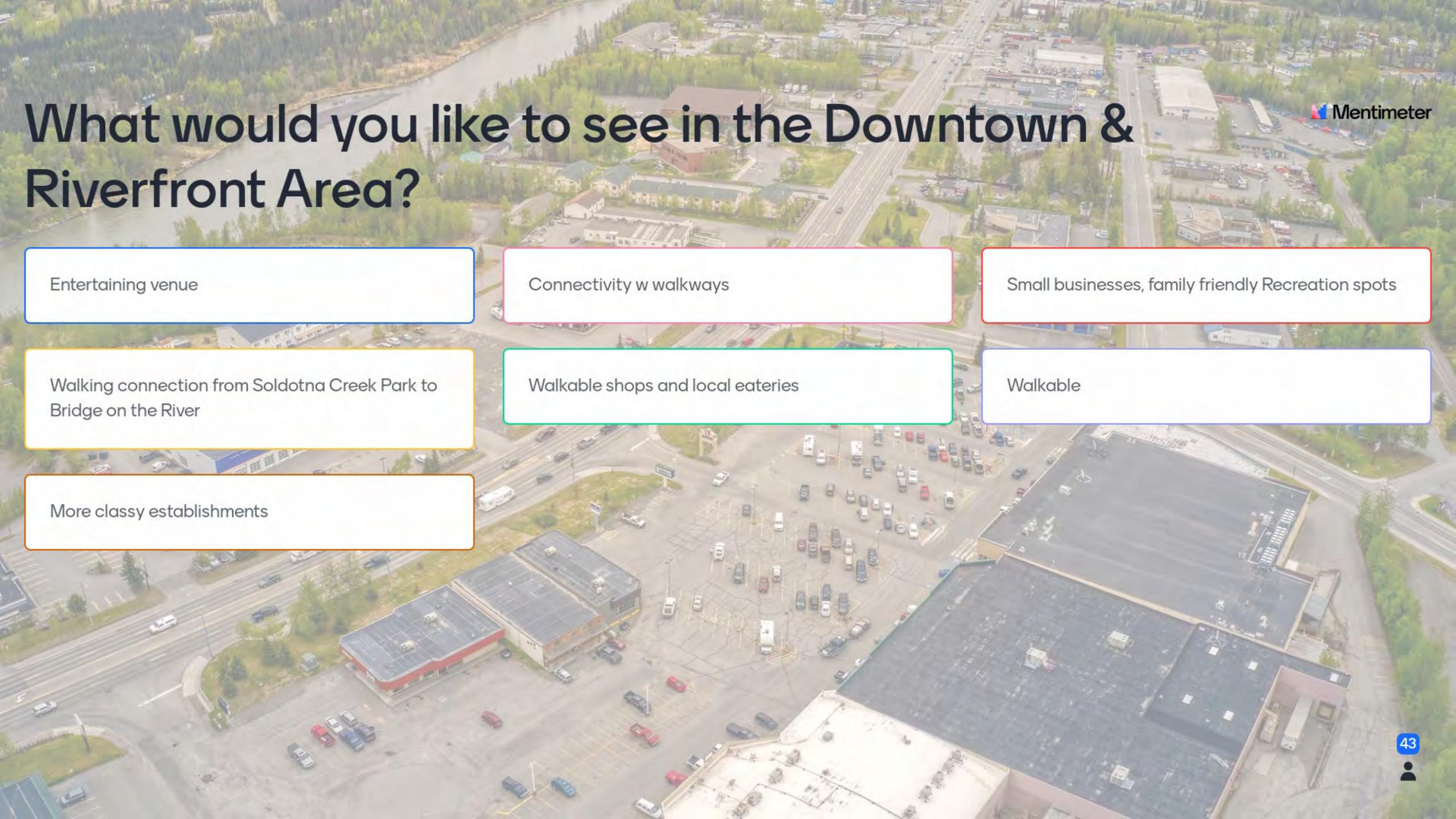
Outdoor gathering -bars, restaurants

Activities for families and adults, not bar related

Shopping

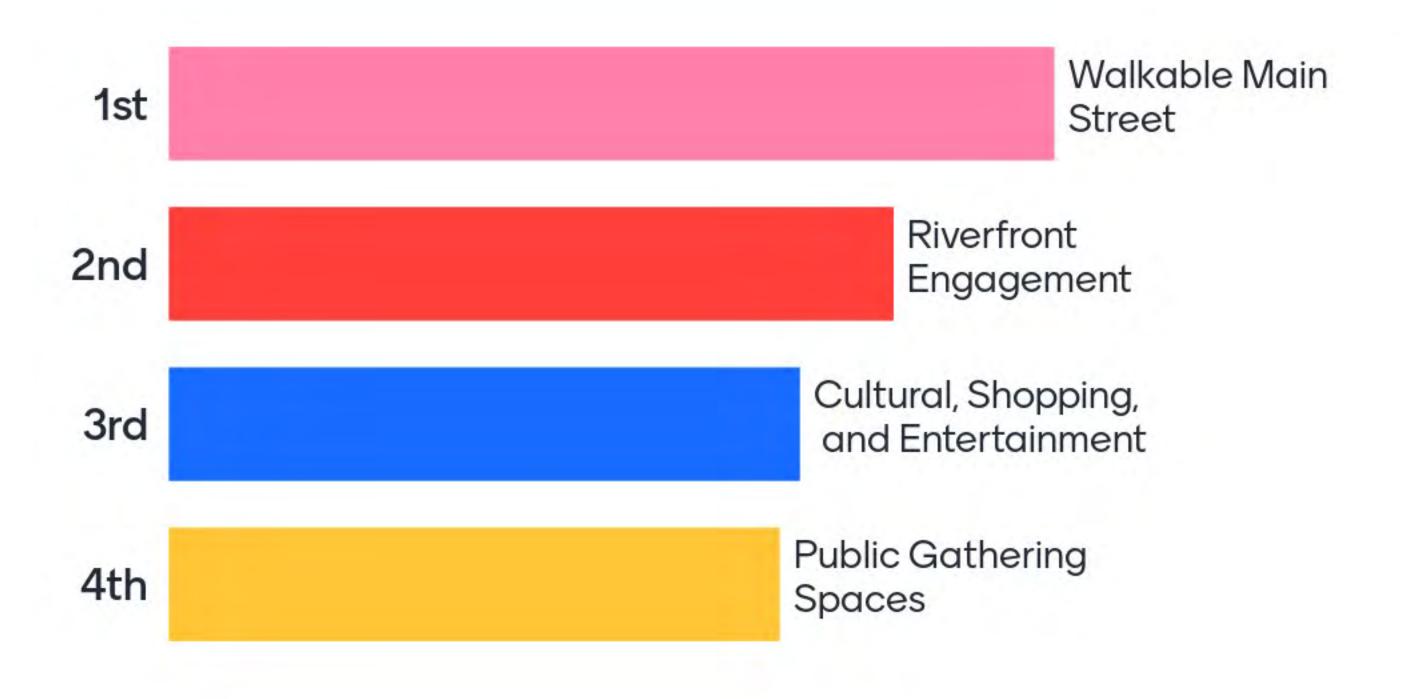


Mentimeter





Rank the most desirables downtown experiences





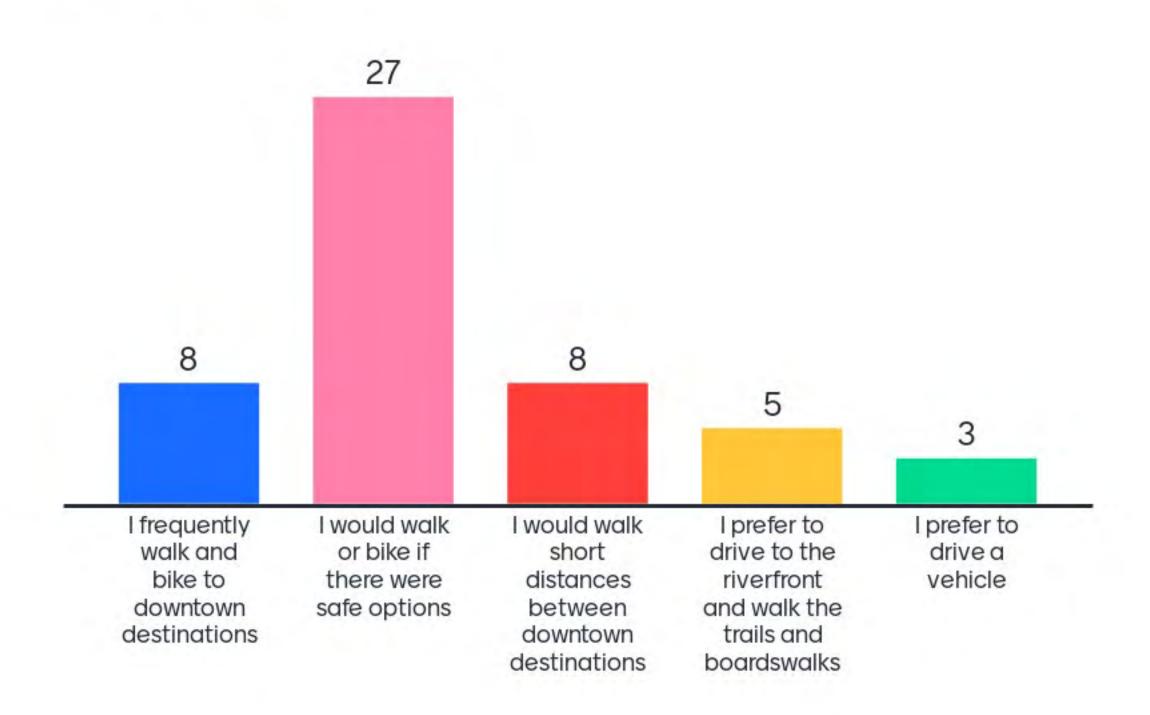
What are safety, access, and visual challenges along Sterling Highway? Rate the challenges (0-no challenge- 10-very challenged)







How desirable is walking and biking to downtown & riverfront destinations





What are the top three challenges to redevelopment?



What are the opportunities for redevelopment?







APPENDIX D: ENGAGEMENT

D.1 Community Engagement Plan

Document: Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project: Engagement Plan. FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: The plan identifies the Project's engagement goals and objectives, key engagement milestones, the outreach strategy, method of stakeholder identification, engagement methods, and the role of decision-makers in the project process.

D.2 Project Advisory Committee Plan

Document: Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project: Project Advisory Committee- Roles & Responsibilities: FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: The plan sets the expectations for the project advisory committee including roles, responsibilities and a schedule of project advisory committee meetings.

D.3 Engagement Milestone #1: Project Initiation-Objectives and Vision

Document: Project Handout; Engagement Boards for Display at the Community Workshop; Engagement #1 Feedback Form; and Engagement Results for sessions with the community and the Chamber of Commerce. FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: Various engagement materials including an overall project handout, describing the project objectives, project area map and project timeline; large format boards illustrating the project area and timeline, elements that shape community identity, the places where people gather today and types of places they would like to see in the future, the challenges to walking and biking in the downtown and type of facilities to be considered in the project. A project feedback form was used to gather feedback on places and attributes of Soldotna that people value, the types of desirable future uses and riverfront activities in the project area, and opportunities and challenges related to riverfront access and general walk and bike conditions in and around the downtown. A summary of engagement results are tallied for each question posed during a community workshop and Chamber of Commerce luncheon.

D.4 Engagement Milestone #2: Build the Vision- Preliminary Development Concepts Document: Project Handout; Engagement Boards for Display at the Community Workshop; Engagement #2 Feedback Form; and Engagement Results for sessions with the community and the Kenai River Fish Habitat Symposium. FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: Various engagement materials including an overall project handout, describing the project objectives, project area map, project timeline and the "big ideas" for future redevelopment; large format boards illustrating the project area and timeline, the vision for downtown redevelopment, and preliminary concepts for parks, plazas and trails, riverfront and highway development and new and enhanced streets and trail connections. A project feedback form was used to gather feedback on the project vision and preliminary development concepts. A summary of engagement results are tallied for each question posed during a community workshop and at the Kenai River Fish Habitat Symposium.

D.5 City Council Work Sessions

Document: The Big Ideas and Preliminary Concepts, Market Hall Options and Development Feasibility, and Downtown Riverfront Redevelopment Plan Elements slideshow presentations. FIRST FORTY FEET and ECONorthwest.

Description: Presentations were a part of work sessions with the City Council and project advisory committee, to review and discuss: preliminary concepts and the results of the Engagement #1 sessions, development feasibility analysis, and the preferred plan elements and development strategy.



The Kenai River is envisioned as the centerpiece of a walkable, connected downtown and plays a vital role in the local and regional economy of the central peninsula

RIVERFRONT REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

The City of Soldotna seeks to work with land and business owners, residents and community partners to **redevelop an 85-acre portion of downtown**— currently a mix of auto-orientated businesses along the busy Sterling Highway along with underutilized and undeveloped properties located between the Sterling Hwy and the world-renowned Kenai River.

The Riverfront Redevelopment Plan is intended to **be transformative and a strategy to guide the Downtown's long-term economic development goals**—seeking to foster new investment and partnerships, create jobs, and improve the quality of the built environment for residents and visitors.

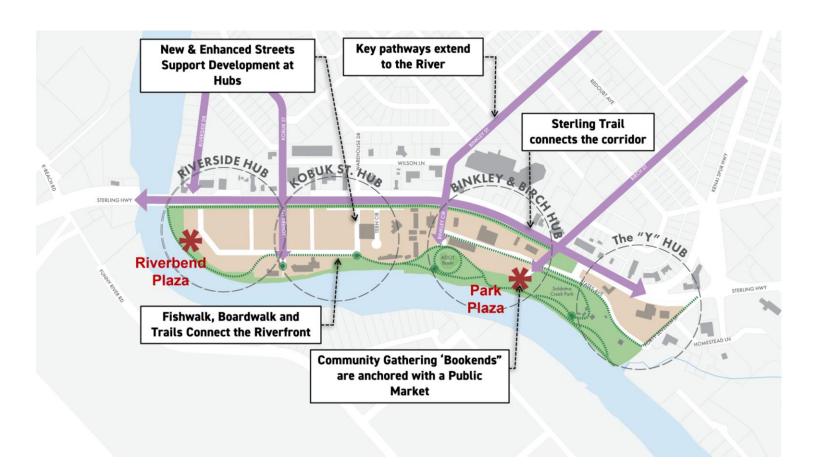
Portland, Oregon firm First Forty Feet has assembled a multi-disciplinary team that is well-positioned to partner with the City to:

- » Create **a one-of-a-kind riverfront experience** that attracts locals and tourists with shopping, dining, & lodging in a walkable environment.
- » Highlight and **incorporate the Kenai River** with the Downtown.
- » Provide **housing options** to meet local needs.
- » Remedy environmental issues on a 10-acre brownfield site to promote riverfront investment.
- » Identify critical infrastructure, including roads, water, sewer, and energy investments necessary to support redevelopment.
- » Increase the inventory of developable commercial land to **support local businesses**, **business expansion and attract new entrepreneurs** to the community.
- » Identify opportunities for **public and private partnerships**.
- » Explore options and strategies for funding and implementation.



The Big Ideas

In response to community feedback and consistent with the project objectives a **Vision** for the redevelopment area is a place where **nature and urban gathering spaces** can coexist, expanding and enhancing one another. Strategies to implement the Vision are identified in the project area's "Big Ideas" for transforming the Sterling Highway corridor into a vibrant and active riverfront and downtown experience.





IDENTITY: The Kenai River corridor is a woven blend of nature, wildlife, recreation & gathering.

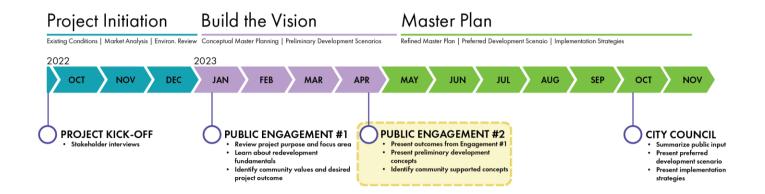


CONNECTED: Key
pathways reconnect
neighborhoods to the
river and
destinations along
Sterling Highway



PLACE: New & enhanced streets support Downtown Hubs as places to live, work, and play.

PROJECT TIMELINE



PROJECT CONTACTS

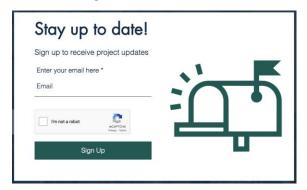
City of Soldotna

John Czarnezki
Director of Economic Development and Planning jczarnezki@soldotna.org
907.714.1246

First Forty Feet (Consultant)

Jason Graf Project Manager jason@firstfortyfeet.com 503.890.6755

Subscribe to Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment



Visit the project webpage @ www.soldotnariverfront.org/



History of Gathering and Natural Preservation

History begins with the **Dena'ina Athabaskan** people who have lived in and used the areas around the Kenai River for many thousands of years.

Homesteaders arrived in the late **1940**'s. WWII veterans were encouraged to lay claim to Alaska's land.





Sterling Highway, Kenai River Bridge, and Kenai Spur Highway were constructed in the 1950's.





New infrastructure resulted in increased settlement to the area. Development spurred along the highways.

 $In \bm{1960} \, Sold ot na \, became \, \bm{incorporated}. \, The \, Kenai \, Peninsula \, Borough, \, college, \, and \, school \, district \, formed.$





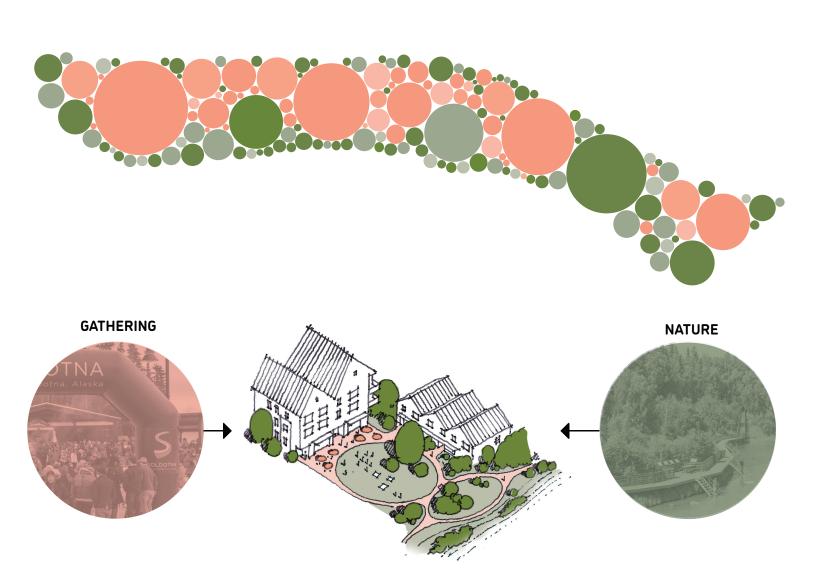
In 2012 Soldotna Creek Park opened, serving as a valuable natural asset and gathering place in the city.







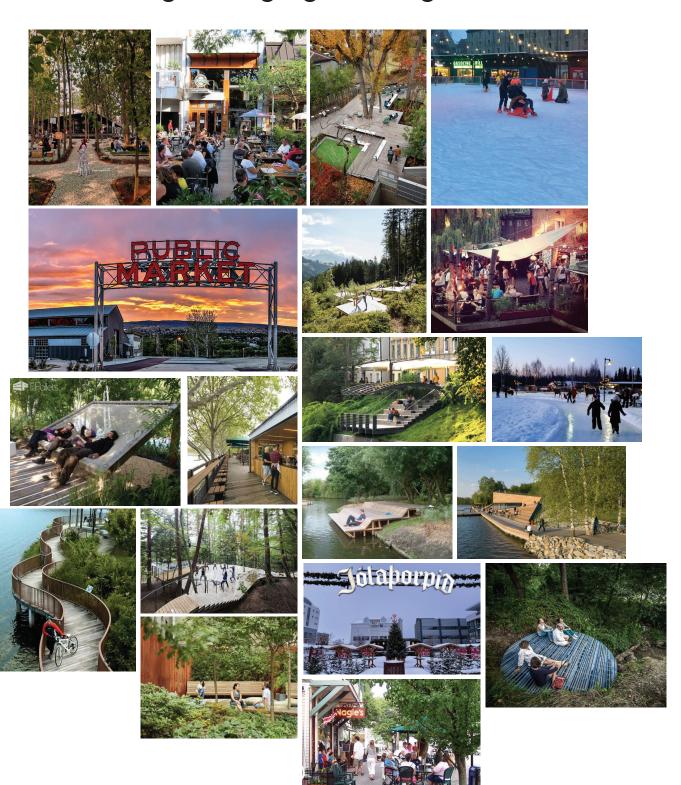
Soldotna is where the natural lanscape and urban gathering spaces coexist, expanding, and enhancing one another.



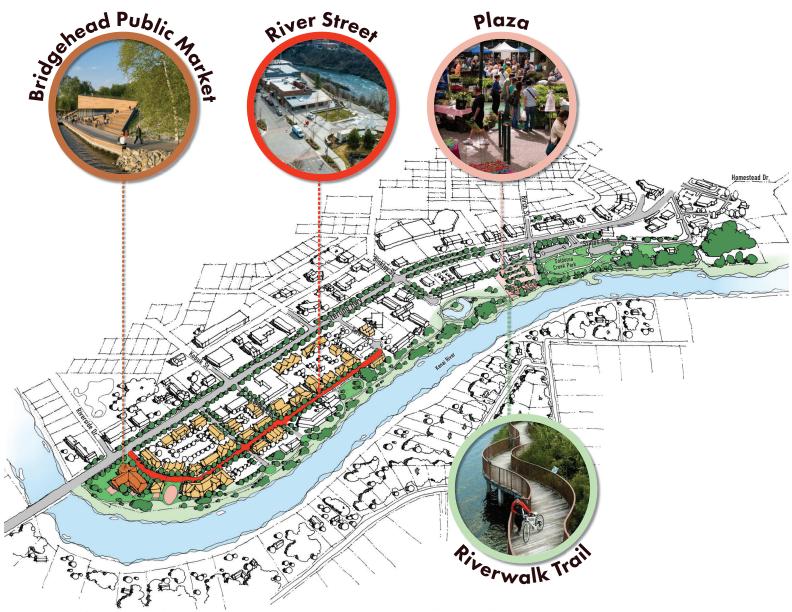


IDENTITY

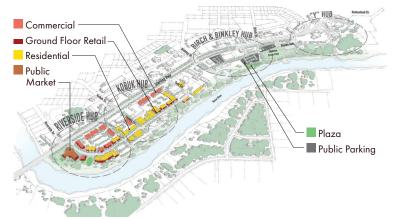
Through intelligent design, we can do what's best for the natural environment and for social well-being through gathering.



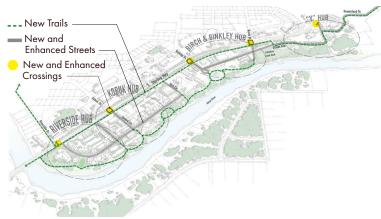




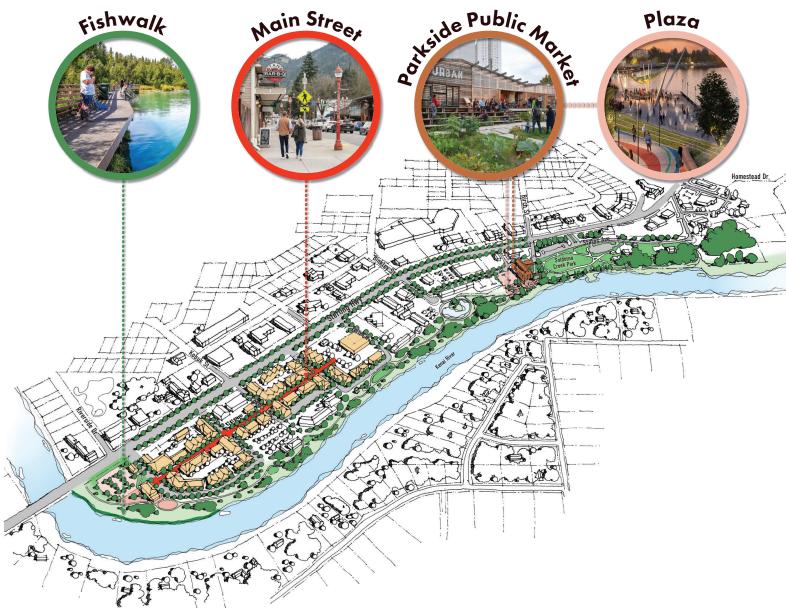
Mix of Uses



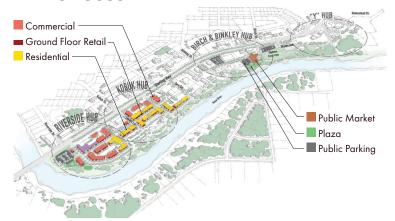
Enhanced Network of Streets + Trails



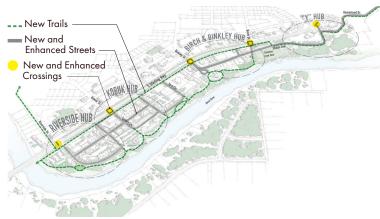




Mix of Uses



Enhanced Network of Streets + Trails

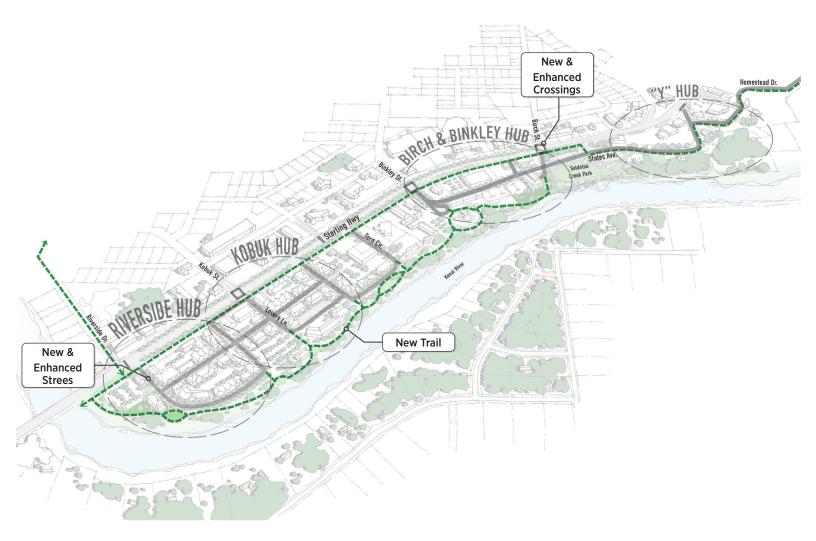








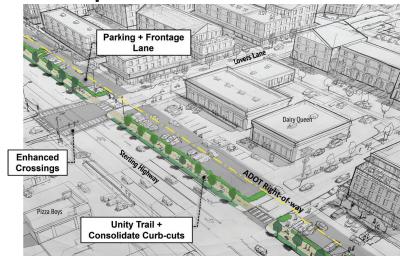
CONNECTEDImproving Walking & Biking on Sterling Highway



Unity Trail at Sterling Highway **Recommended Improvements**

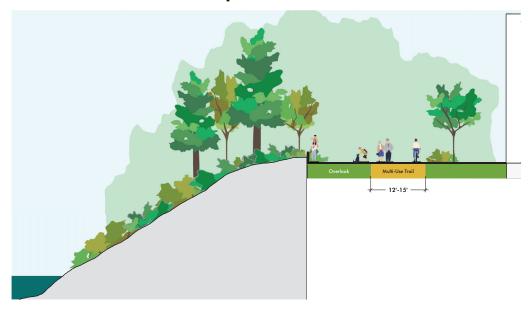


Built Improvements





New Kenai River Upland Trail





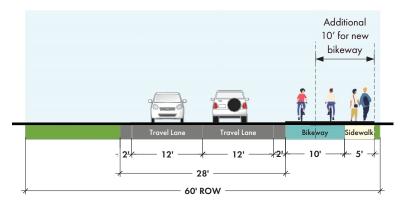




Enhanced Riverside Drive Before



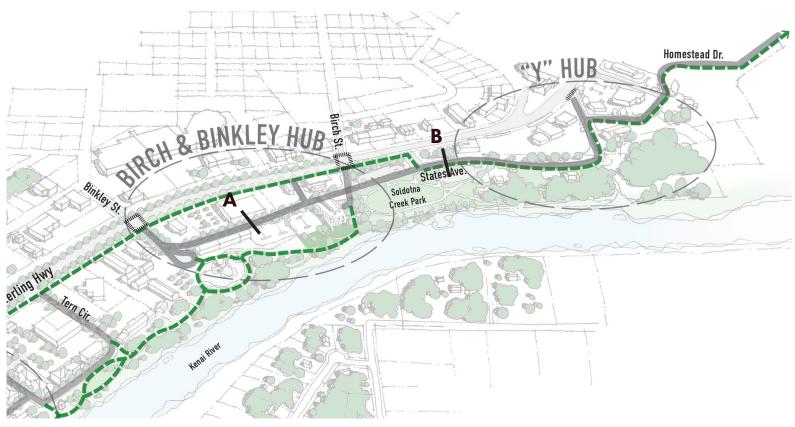
After



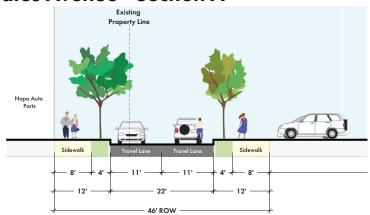




CONNECTEDReclaiming States Avenue to Connect the Hubs

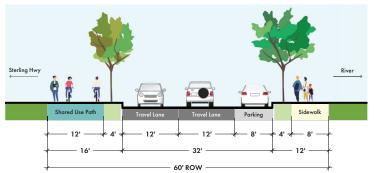


States Avenue - Section A





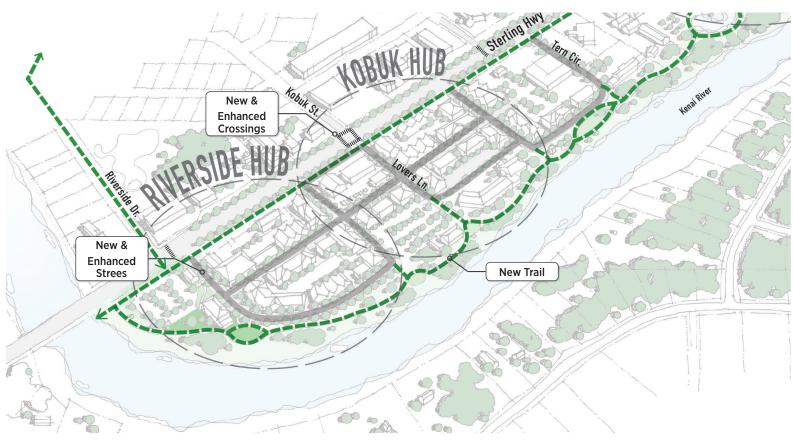
States Avenue - Section B





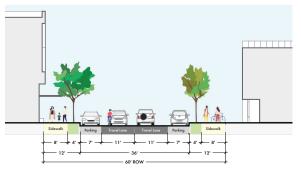


CONNECTEDNew and Enhanced Streets to Connect the Hubs



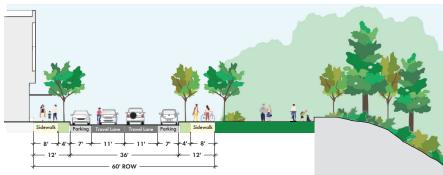
New Downtown Retail Street

Main Street





River Street







RIVERFRONT REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

INTRODUCTION

Redevelopment of Soldotna's downtown area is an opportunity to strengthen the heart of the community.

Your feedback is important to the project team in identifying community values and desired outcomes for potential redevelopment in the project area.



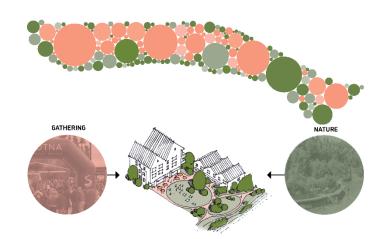
There are two options for providing feedback. 1. Scan the QR code with your phone or mobile device to complete the feedback form with the presentation. 2. Complete the questions in the paper form below and on the following pages and return to a project team member.

IDENTITY

The project envisions the Kenai River corridor as a woven blend of nature, wildlife, recreation & gathering.

Gathering

Soldotna has a history of being a place of gathering in the region. The history of the City of Soldotna begins with homesteading in the late 1940s, although Native Alaskan Athabaskan peoples had lived and used the areas around the Kenai River for many thousands of years prior to the city's establishment.



In our recent history Soldotna has

expanded its role as a gathering place. Soldotna Creek Park – all summer long; the Frozen River Fest and other events; local food and drink business where people meet in their third space. These are the elements of the community coming together that the project intends to strengthen.



Nature

Soldotna also has a history of reclaiming and preserving the natural environment. Today, Soldotna remains Alaska's Kenai River City, pushing forward with bold and innovative efforts to protect and address its natural resources. In 2012, the city opened Soldotna Creek Park. Formerly a storage facility and maintenance grounds, the newest addition to Downtown Soldotna serves as a community gathering space, with open greenspace, river boardwalks, picnic pavilions, an amphitheater, and year-round public restrooms. The Kenai Watershed Forum located in Soldotna Creek Park is dedicated to the Peninsula's rivers, streams and surrounding communities of the Kenai Peninsula promoting healthy habitat on the Kenai Peninsula.

In that sense Soldotna is defined by its stewardship of the land and being a place of gathering. These two things can be contradictory at times - how can development and the gathering of people Downtown not only coexist with, but also expand, and enhance the natural habitats in the project area? A perfect example of this situation can already be seen in Soldotna Creek Park. The city was able to accommodate bank fishing as a gathering activity along the river's edge while at the same time limiting the resulting erosion of it. This not only meant that the natural habitats were protected, but also the social and cultural identity of the town, giving shape to something quite distinctive and spectacular in contributing to the identity of the downtown. How was this done?

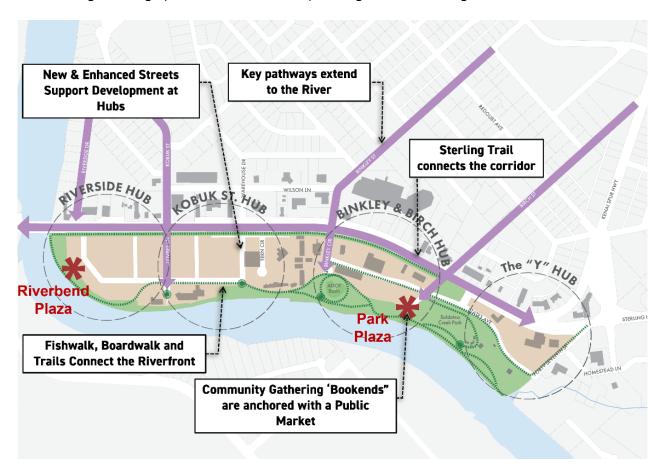
- Strong Community Support
- Public investment in park and riverfront infrastructure
- Intentional design that provides a community benefit

values?						



The Big Ideas

The big ideas represent strategies that will bring the vision to life: a place where nature and urban gathering spaces can coexist, expanding and enhancing one another.



Identity—The Kenai River corridor is a woven blend of nature, wildlife, recreation and gathering.

Place—New and enhanced streets support downtown hubs as places to live, work and play. The hubs engage drive-by traffic and visibility along the Sterling Highway and the Kenai Riverfront to create a unique and one-of-a kind downtown and riverfront experience.

Connected—Key pathways reconnect neighborhoods to the river and destinations along Sterling Highway. Making downtown a safe place to walk and bike to destinations is a major consideration in the enhancements to existing streets and new streets.



A Soldotna Public Market

Food and local goods are regularly showcased seasonally at Soldotna Creek Park. A public market could serve as a year-round destination to showcase these assets, promote small businesses, create space for community meetings and events and a unique riverfront destination.



Q.2 Would a new public market be a valuable community asset on the riverfront?				
Yes.	Maybe. But I	No.		
	have some			
	concerns.			

PLACE

Future redevelopment can support downtown as an 18-hour hub of activity. These hubs of activity such as dining, shopping and entertainment should be places that are walkable, have opportunities to engage the river and spaces for gathering.

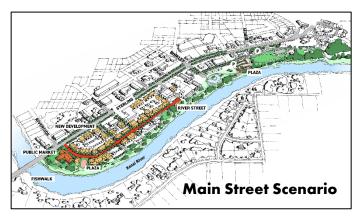
Preliminary Redevelopment Concepts for Building the Hubs

Redevelopment focus along a Main Street or a River Street

Two scenarios depict how future development might be organized. The Main Street scenario is built around retail storefronts extending across a few blocks along a new street between the highway and the river. The River Street scenario orients retail storefronts to the Kenai River with a new street supporting housing and businesses with river views.

Q.3 Which redevelopment option feels best for the downtown and riverfront area?

Main Street Scenario
River Street Scenario
Hybrid
Other





"Bookends" Public Gatherings at Each End of the Corridor

Memorable downtowns have a variety of spaces to gather from parks (large and small), to plazas, and riverfronts that attract residents and visitors alike.

Soldotna Creek Park Enhancements

A plaza with river views and direct access from an extension of Birch Street would promote the use and function of Soldotna Creek Park and improve visual access to the river.

Additional public parking could be constructed to support park use and seasonal events.

Q.4 Do you support a riverside public plaza and parking area at Soldotna Creek Park?					Sterling P	Hwy	
Yes.	Maybe. But I have some	No.	P	PI	.AZA	Kenai Rive	

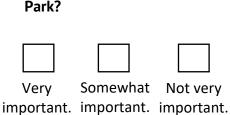
Bridgehead Plaza and Fishwalk

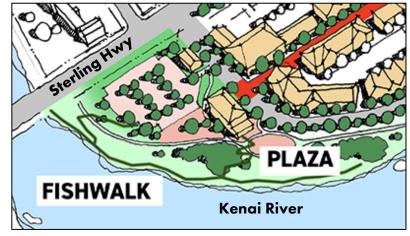
concerns.

At the bridgehead, a riverside plaza and enhanced fishwalk is an opportunity for a

complimentary visitor and public gathering space, an enhanced riverfront fishwalk and an amenity to attract development.

Q.5 How important is an additional public gathering area near the bridgehead as a "bookend" to Soldotna Creek Park?







Important features of a connected downtown and riverfront include streets, and trails providing safe, direct, and continuous access to destinations for all ages, abilities and users, whether you walk, bike, roll, or drive.

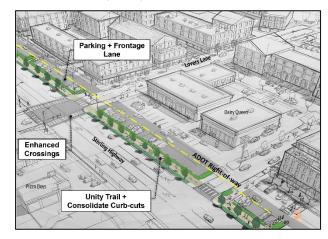
Sterling Highway Trail

The Sterling Highway is the primary traffic route through town, provides access to businesses and acts as a gateway or "front door" to Soldotna. Today, the highway can be a barrier for those walking and biking with limited street crossings, sidewalks next to busy traffic and no bicycle facilities. Future improvements could enhance the visual quality of the corridor,

provide enhanced crossings, and a more comfortable environment for walking and biking.

Q.6 Do the proposed Sterling Highway	
improvements adequately address safety, acces	SS,
and visual challenges?	

Yes.	Maybe. But I	No.
	have some	
	concerns.	



New and Enhanced Street Connections

New Streets can improve access to existing businesses and destinations and provide opportunities to support redevelopment areas oriented to the highway and the river.

Enhanced Street Connections

Kobuk Street, Birch Street, Binkley Street, are local streets that link to citywide destinations like parks, schools, employment areas and the downtown and riverfront area. Future street improvements can support safe and comfortable ways to walk, and bike as well as drive to these destinations.

Q.7 Should these key streets be enhanced a	nd
extended to connect to view the river?	

Yes.	I'm not sure.	No	Other
	I need more		
	information.		



Reclaiming States Avenue

States Avenue is a former street that today provides access to Soldotna Creek Park and the Kenai Watershed Forum. Reclaiming States Avenue and extending it east and west of the park would connect businesses on Homestead Drive to businesses at Birch Street and Binkley Street.

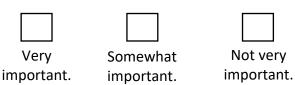
Q.8 Do you have concerns with reclaiming and extending States Avenue to connect the "Y" Hub with the Birch and Binkley Hub?

No concerns. I'm not Yes. Other Let's do it! sure. I need more information.



New Streets for a Walkable Downtown

Q.9 How important are new streets to promote walking to businesses and the riverfront, support redevelopment and connect the hubs?

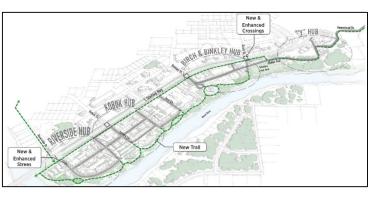




Riverfront Trail Connections

The downtown riverfront consists of a riparian zone with gradual and steep slopes and public and private ownerships. Given these conditions there are a variety of ways to connect with the river such as with trails, boardwalks, overlooks and buildings oriented to the river.

Q.10 Should this project continue to pursue a new Riverfront Trail to connect Soldotna Creek Park to the bridgehead?



Yes, but it	Absolutely	Maybe, but I	No, the trail
should be	this is a	have some	is not
different.	must-have.	concerns.	necessary.



Riverside Drive Trail to Centennial Park

Today, Riverside Drive is a cut-through route for cyclists riding to Centennial Park and who ride in traffic with vehicles. A multi-use path on one side of the road may be a way to create a safe off-street bicycle connection and a new highway crossing could improve access to the redevelopment area and riverfront.

along Riverside	pport a trail connect Drive linking the to the bridge crosk? Maybe. But I have some concerns.	Kobuk	- 2 ¹ - 12 ¹ - 2 ¹ - 10 ¹ - 5 ¹ + 2 ¹	
Addition	al Commei	nts		
Q.12 Do you ha	eve any additional	comments to	share with the project team?	
(Optional)	ABOUT YO			
	ne zip code of your			
0.14 Do you own a business, building, or land in the project area?				



-	often do you visit the downtown area between Kenai Spur Highway and the Kenai
0 0 0 0 0	Daily Weekly Monthly Occasionally Rarely Never what purpose(s) do you visit the downtown area between Kenai Spur Highway and Kenai River Bridge? Check all that apply:
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	For my job/business Shopping Dining Entertainment Recreation Other:
Q.17 Opti	onal: Provide your name and the best way to contact you: Name:
0	Mailing Address:
0	City:
0	State:
0	Zip:
0	Phone:
0	Email:
	YES - I want to sign up to receive updates about the project. (Be sure to provide



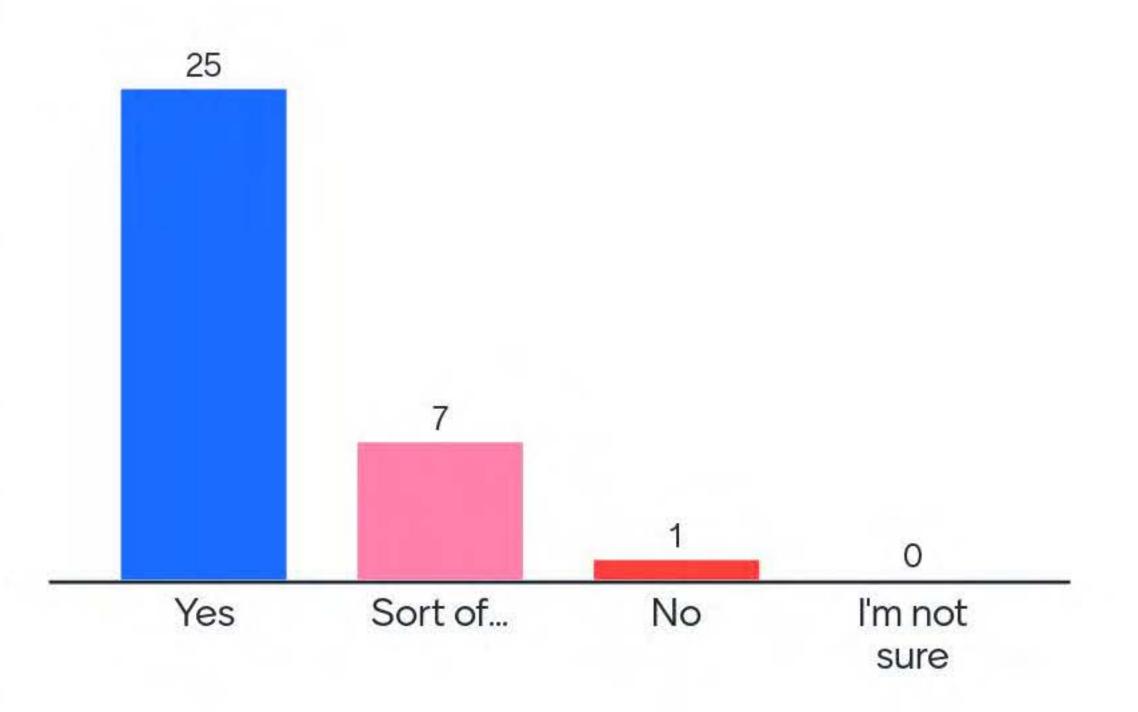
your email address above.)

Poll Results - Community Open House 2



Does the vision adequately capture Soldotna's community values around nature and gathering?

Mentimeter

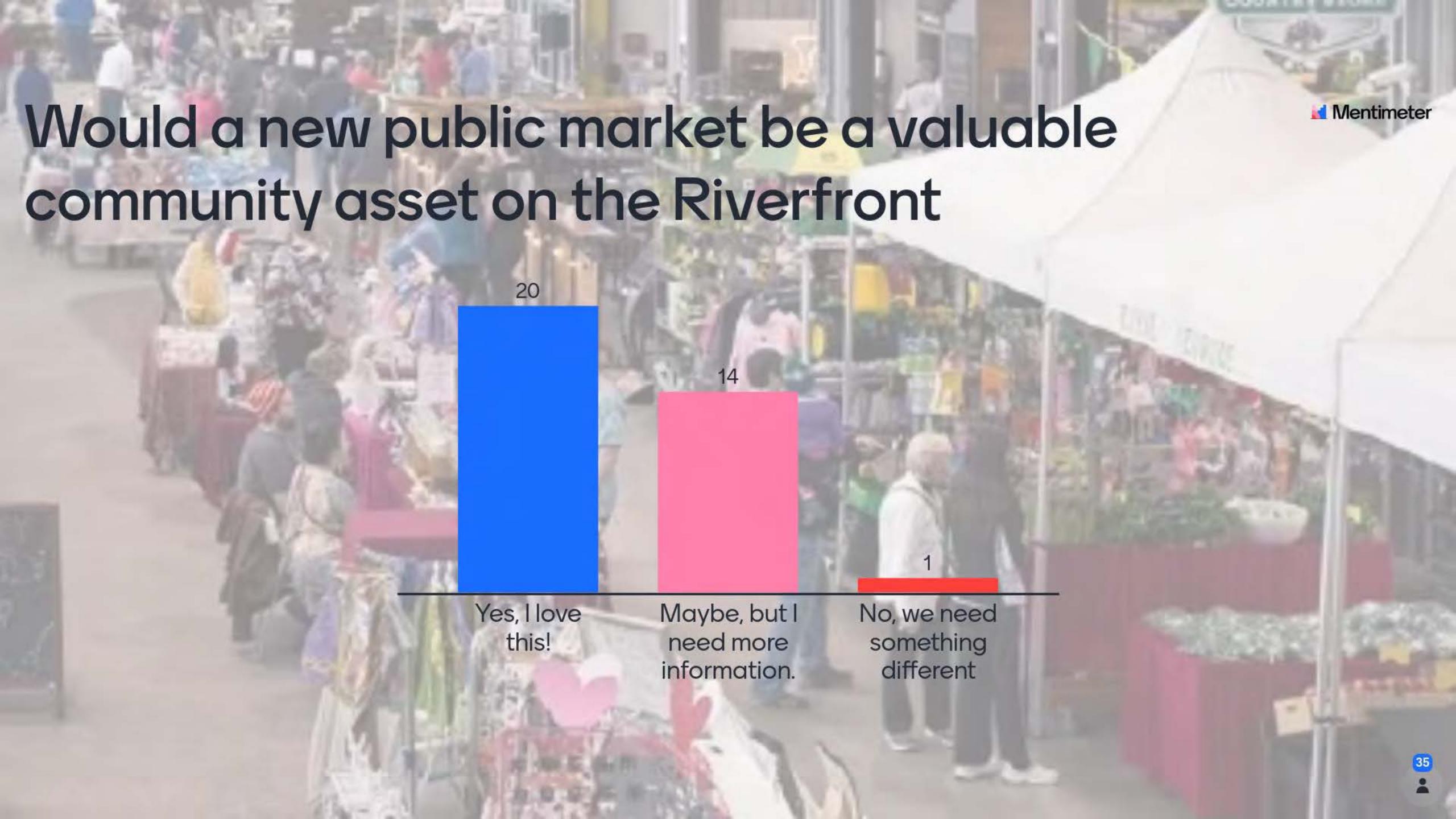




Should this project continue to pursue a new Riverfront Trail to connect public gathering at each end of the project area?

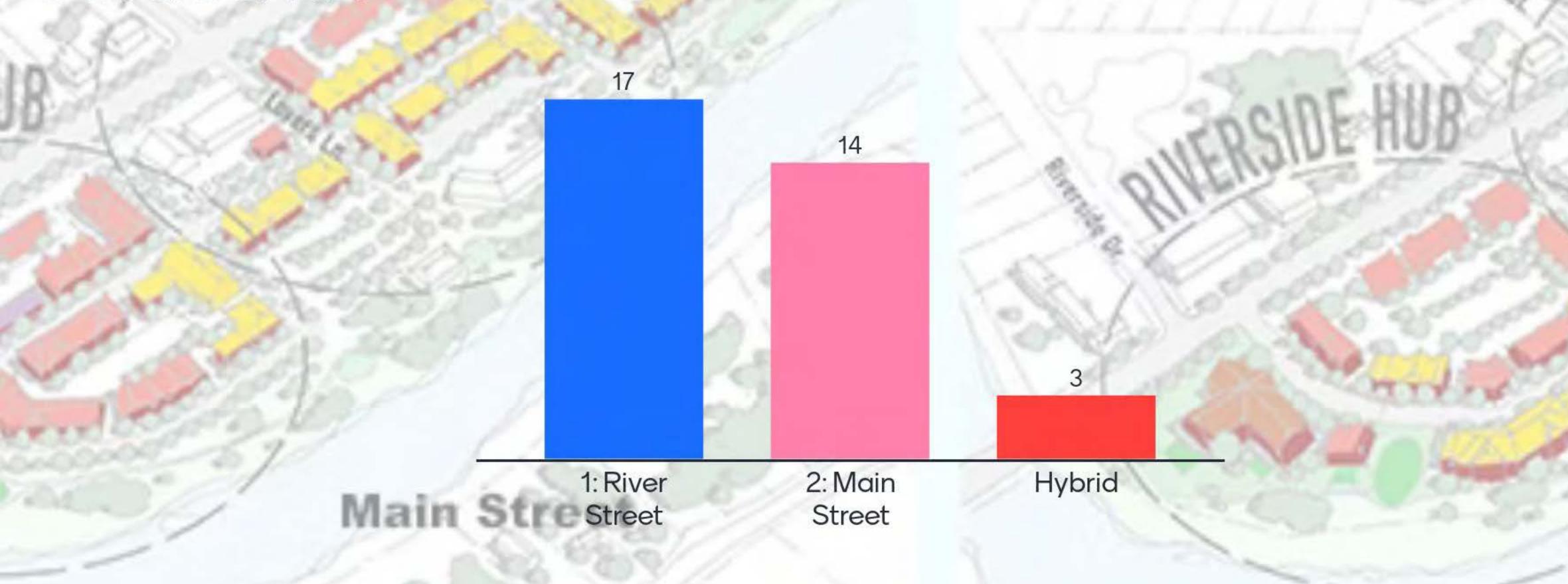






Do you have concerns with reclaiming States Mentimeter Avenue to connect the hubs? States Ave. Soldotna Creek Park 10 6 3 No, let's do it! I'm not sure. Yes, is it Yes, I have a need more different possible? information. concern.

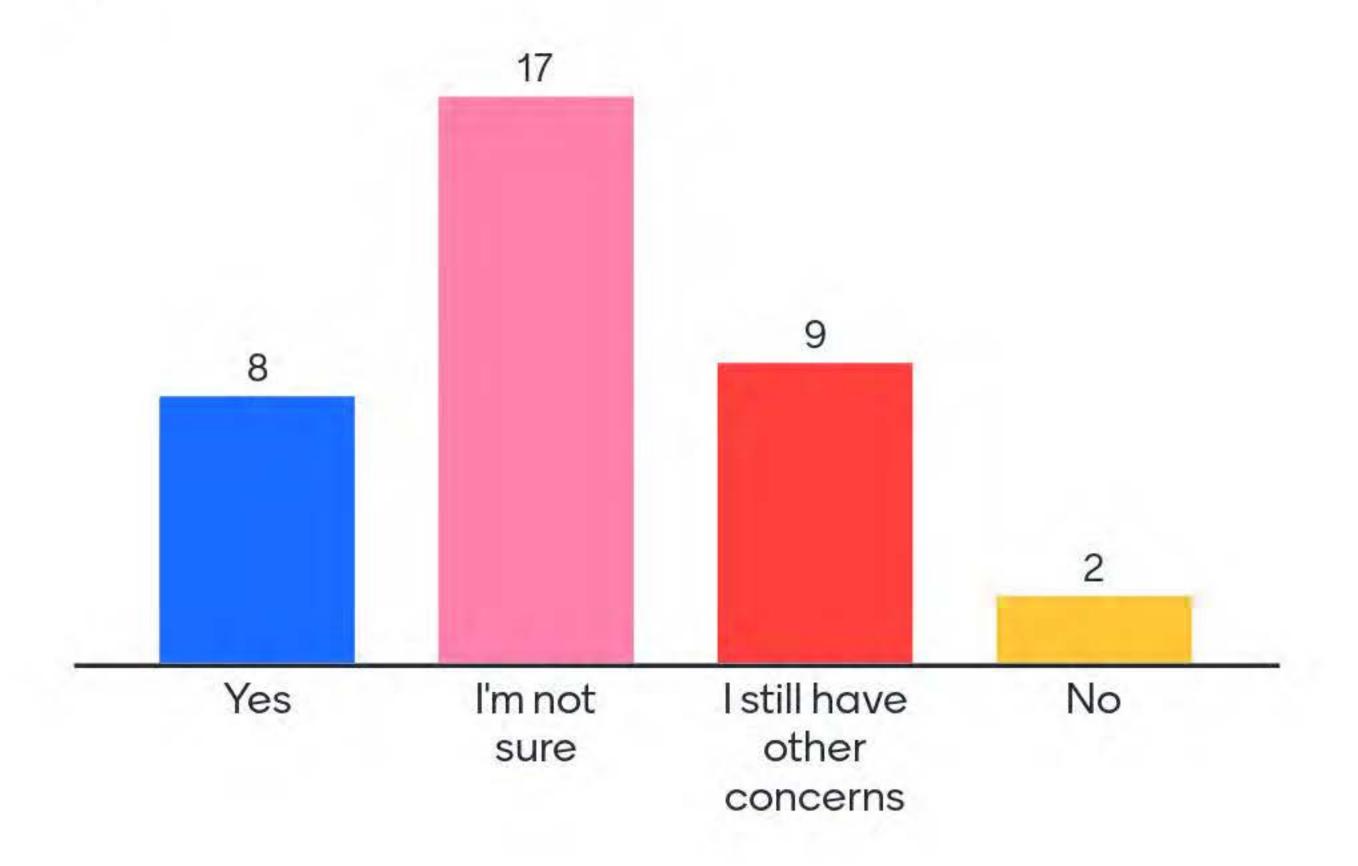
Which development option feels best for Soldotna?

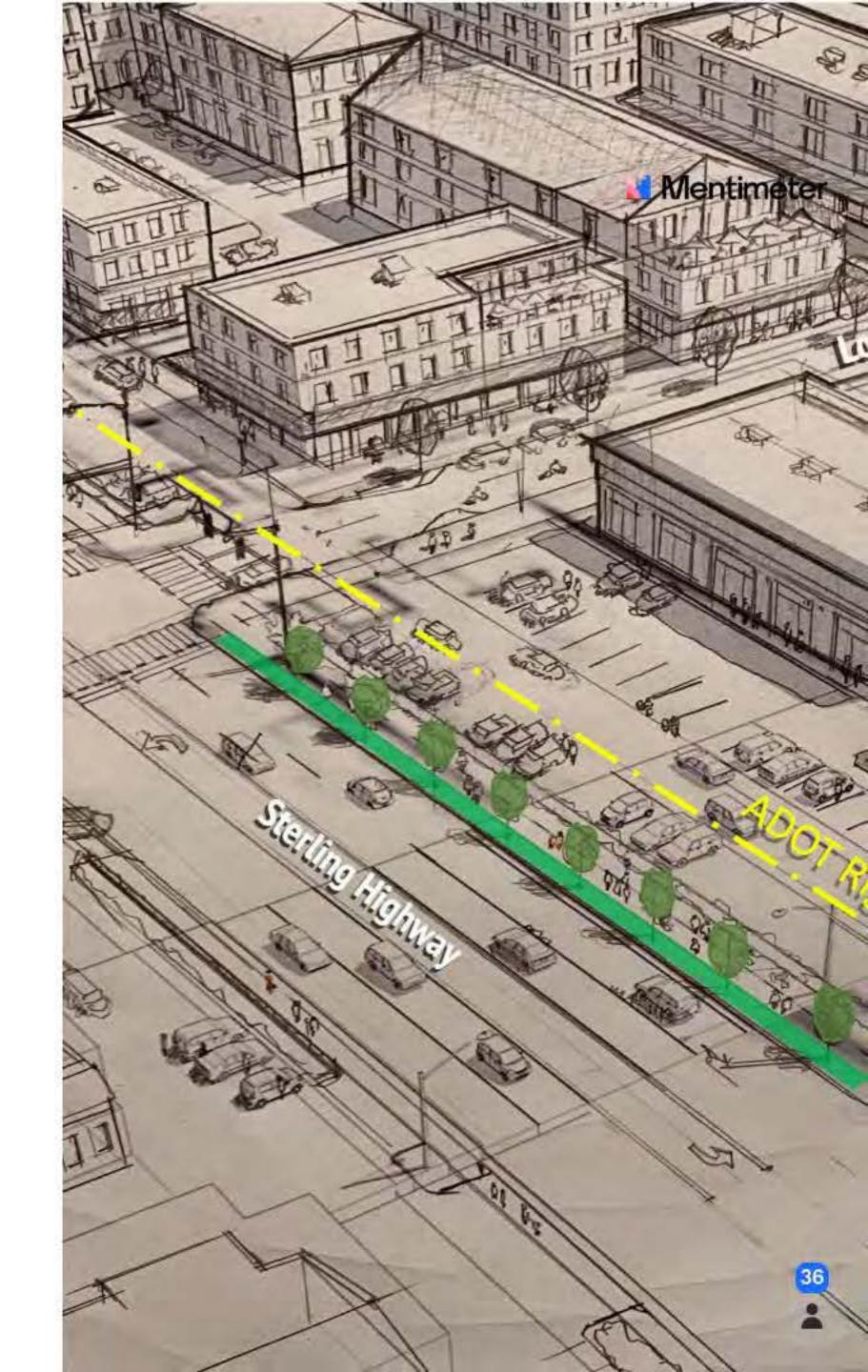


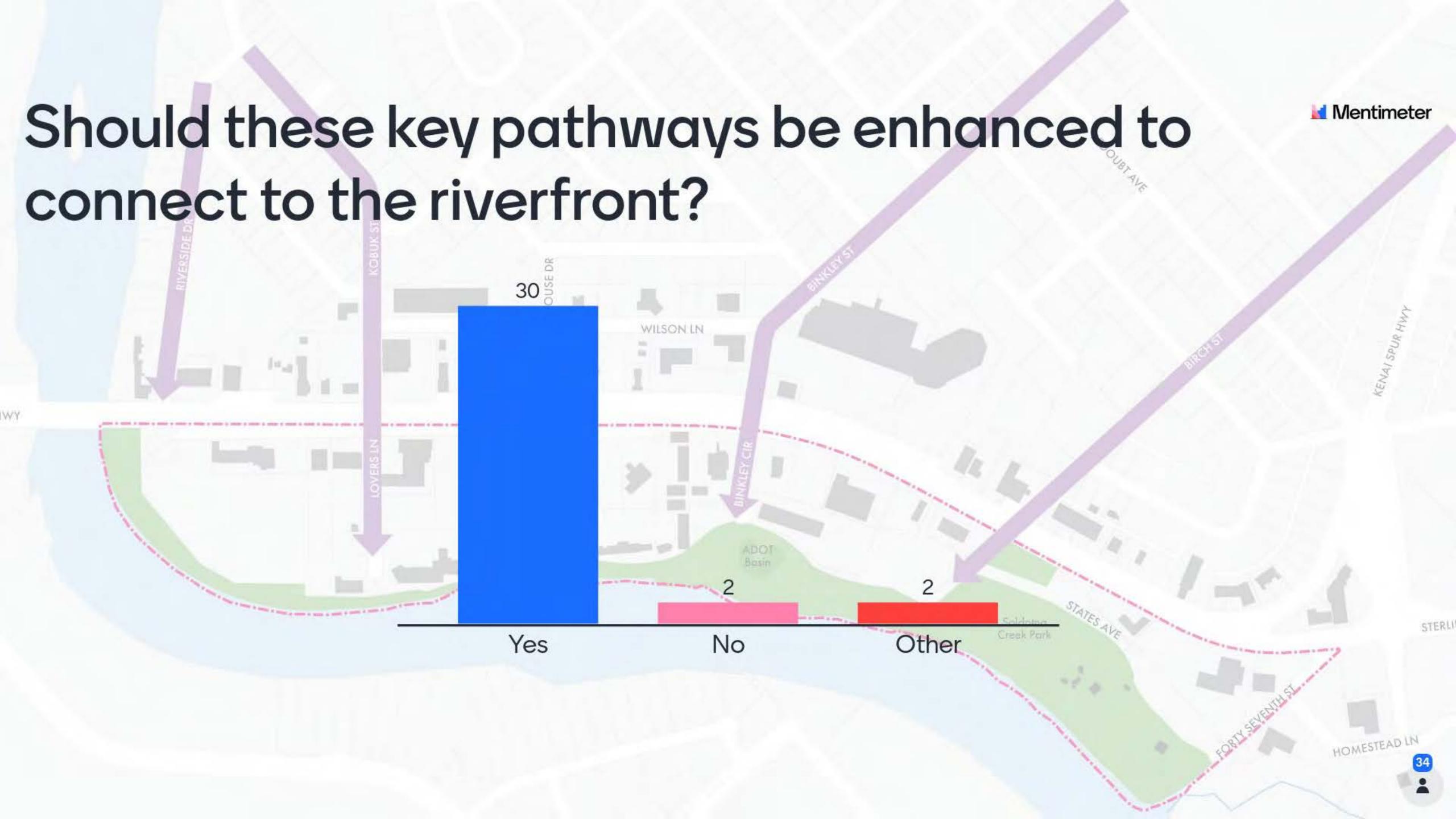


Mentimeter

Do the Sterling Highway improvements adequately address safety, access, and visual challenges?

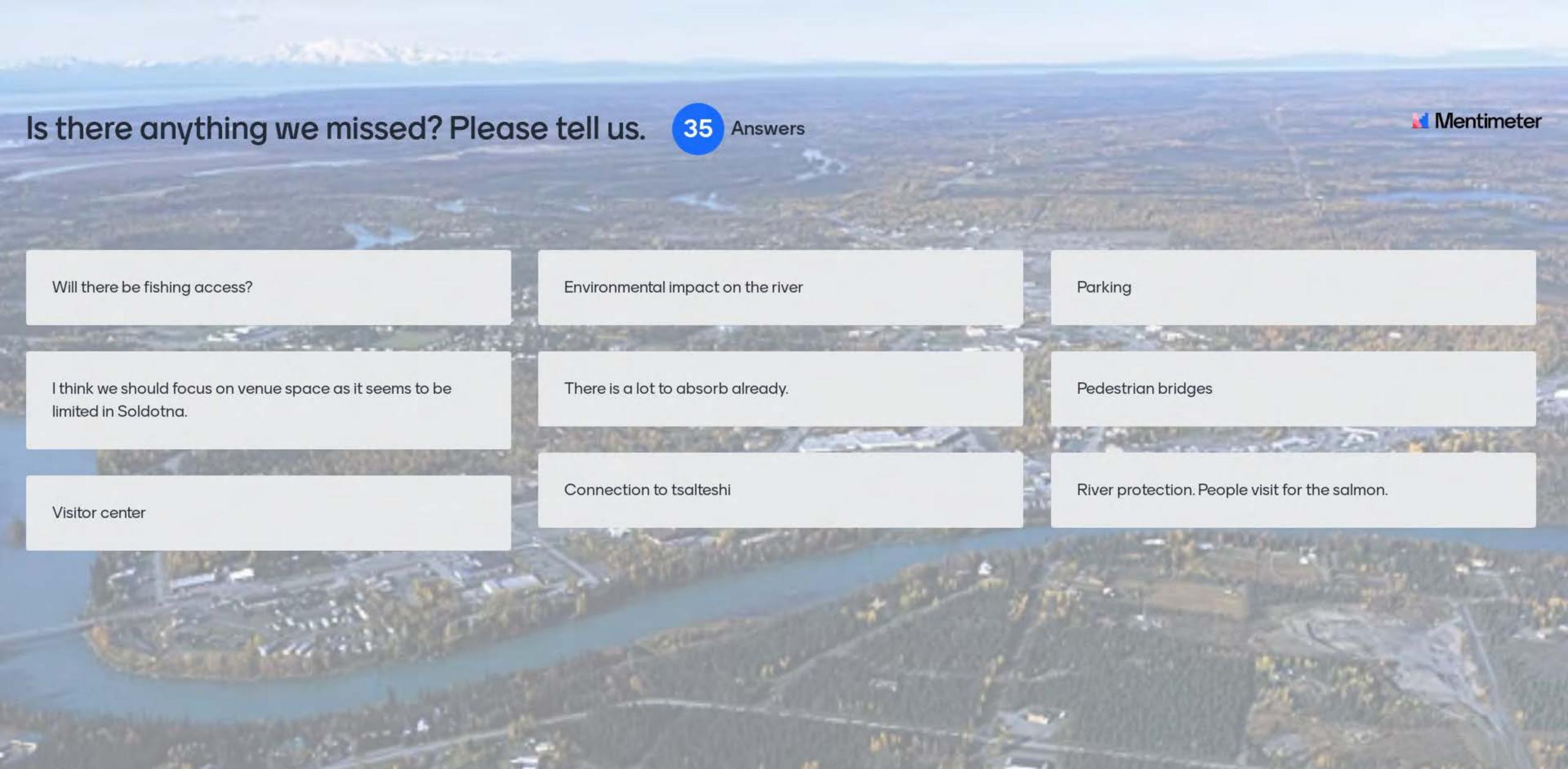






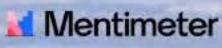
Choose your top three "big ideas" for Riverfront **Mentimeter** Redevelopment. WILSON LN 13 Bridgehead Unity Trail Extend key **Public** Riverfront Bookend New on Sterling pathways public streets Market Trail connection to river connecting plazas the hubs





Is there anything we missed? Please tell us.





Public parking

I've heard much public concern about how to gain the properties. I see this as an area for much communication with the public.

Partnering to purchase the properties, either with the current owners or entrepreneurs..

What property is available for purchase? Is the CoS considering purchase?

I know you will consider handicap access.

Connect with Soldotna Elem students about planning work done several years ago

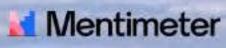
I always enjoy going to out of state locations with walkable areas with arts, museums, restaurant variety, etc. so please make this happen

Very much interested in how the new river walk will be integrated with the existing walkways and how they will be upgraded for additional foot traffic due to the increase in accessibility

Discuss partnering with current owners or entrepreneurs to purchase key properties.

Is there anything we missed? Please tell us.





River front owners are not entitled to silence

Consider mix of ped only along with mix ped and vehicle

Having a connection from the Riverfront Hub beneath the bridge to the opposite side of the Sterling. Jay walking would be a dangerous reality without a traffic-free option.

Please consider handicap access

ParkingParkingParking

Concepts for safe ped crossings accross sterling highway

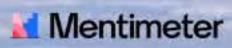
Concerned about environmental impact and impact to existing businesses.

Would creating a parking garage be an option?

Are multi-level parking structures under consideration?

Is there anything we missed? Please tell us.





Underground parking would be an easy way that works around the world, and is easier to manage in the winter months than having vast, ugly, parking lots.

Height is an issue with overpasses and all the RVs

Just want to emphasize importance & meaning of walkable. A walkway right next to the street without buffer is unsafe, noisy & smelly. I'll get in my car & drive 1 block instead of suffering it.

Currently SCP events have parking issues. If we make it more ...destinationistic... perhaps parking on the east end with shuttle

A concern. Is about public parking, so there' is accessibility to use the trails, go to businesses, park, etc.

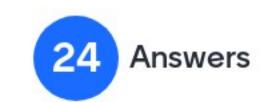
The parties responsible for development was not discussed. How is the private partnership going to work? Is there eminent domain factors?

Consider ending riverside in cul-da-sac

I don't think you should have cars on the Riverside street, and Market Street except to get to parking. As much walking and small shuttle as possible.

Poll Results - Kenai River Fish Habitat Symposium

What are the current issues in the project area that may negatively impact fish habitat?

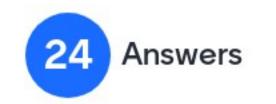




Run off from parking lot areas and heavy foot traffic on the banks	Urban run-off	Pollution	
	in are good inco arrior to a treference	Ctowns water was off	
	increased impervious surfaces	Storm water run off	
Runoff from highway			
	Stormwater discharge	Uneducated landlords/landowners	
Impervious surfaces			



What are the current issues in the project area that may negatively impact fish habitat?

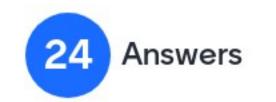




Species disturbance during construction	Impervious surfaces	Runoff
People going "off trail".	Increased fishing pressure	Impervious coverage
Bank side erosion	Parking	Bank trampling



What are the current issues in the project area that may negatively impact fish habitat?





Impervious surfaces/runoff pollution

Overuse

Lisa of green infrastructure

Runoff including tire particles toxic to coho salmon

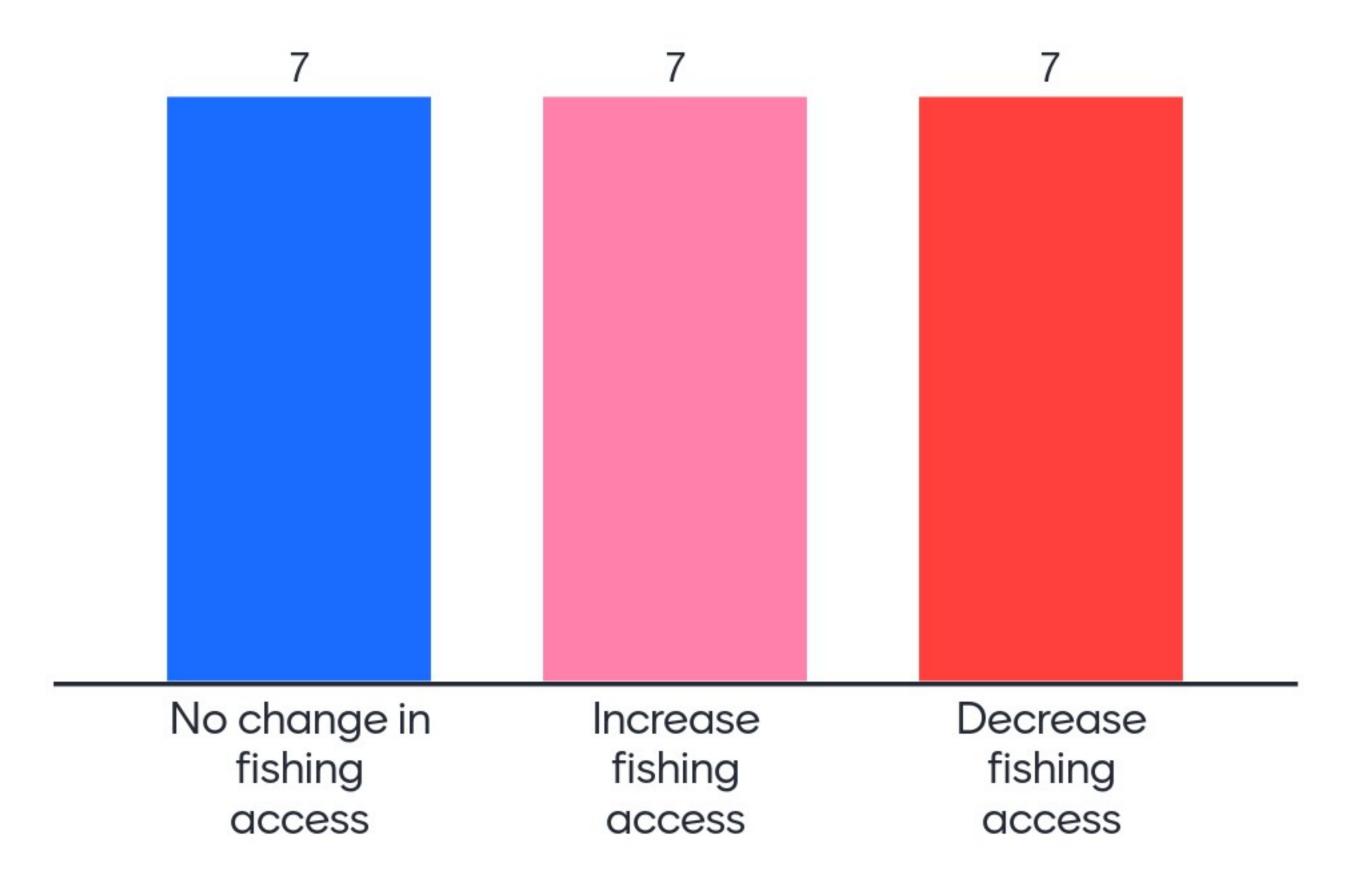
Pollutants

Missing riparian buffer in some areas.





What kind of fishing access can this area of the riverfront support?





How can the design of infrastructure such as streets or public gathering areas support river and riparian health?





Public rest room!Bike Lane

Integrate porous payment and other green infrastructure

Weed free certified materials Few impervious surfaces

Keeping equal use by all modes of transportation

Lots of shade, permeable vegetation buffers

Planting buffers of native plants

Designs that incorporate methods to filter road/path/parking runoff

Lots of trash cans, recycling bins and bathrooms to keep the area clean

Allow for natural movement of rivers edge



How can the design of infrastructure such as streets or public gathering areas support river and riparian health?





Well planned designs with run off and human impact in mind can benefit both the local users and the fish- run off & erosion control in mind

Elevated light penetrating walkway

Adequate vegetation and green space

Ensuring buffer zone in place

Direct storm water runoff through filters (eg wetlands) or other biological treatments

Greenway better than wasting space on a street for cars

Bear proof Trash cans

More trees

Improve green infrastructure to capture pollutants



How can the design of infrastructure such as streets or public gathering areas support river and riparian health?





Wide enough sidewalks to ski/groom in the winter

Increase visibilty of users abusing

Ensure multi-layered riparian vegetation structure

Make sure vegetated buffer, bio swales and green infrastructure is implemented to protect water quality.

Addition of vegetation will help riparian habitat and mitigate human impact on the riverfront

Austin TX non paved riverfront walk is inspiring case study

How about no car-based roads or parking lots on the park side? Just foot and non-motorized access?

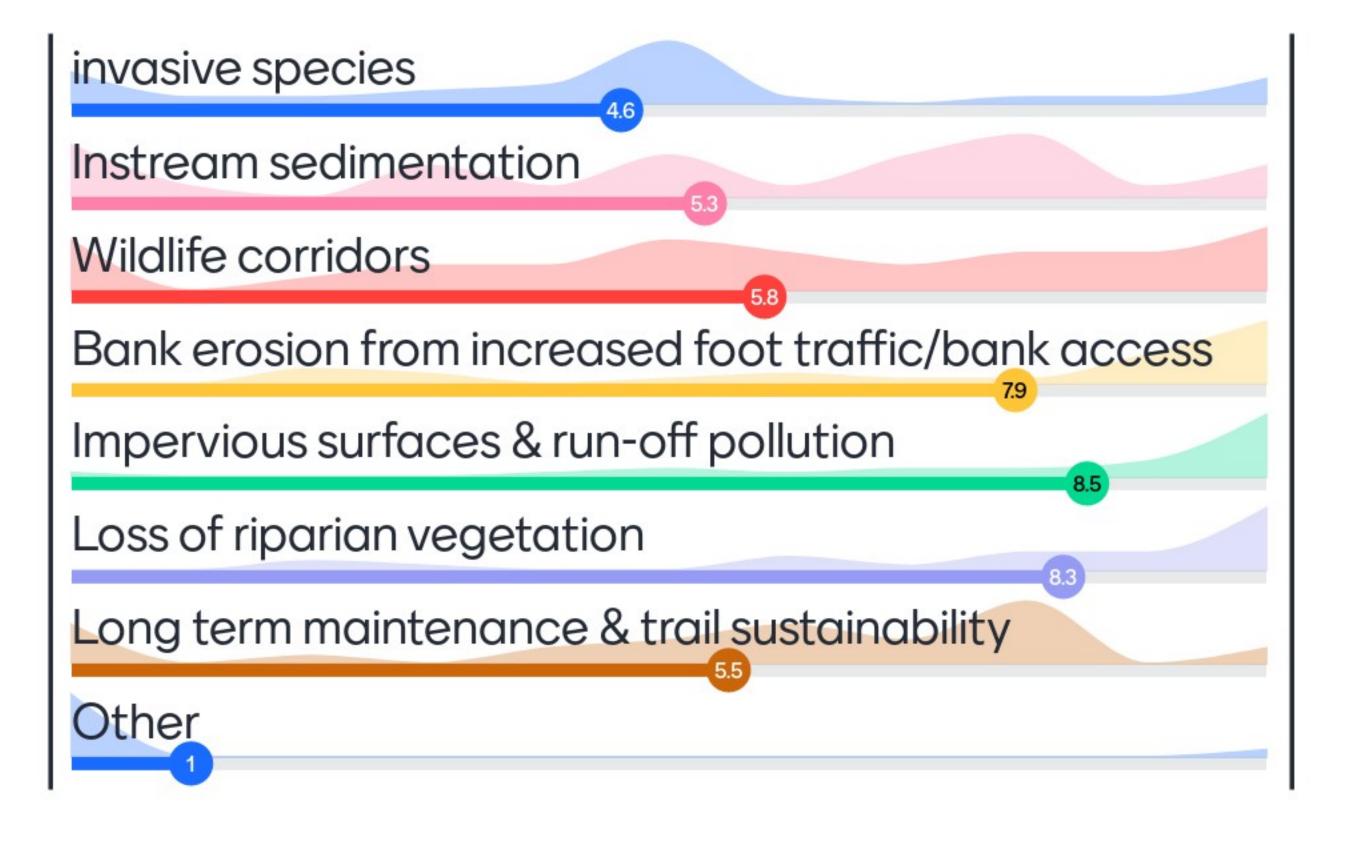
Opportunities for outreach and education





What are major river and riparian habitat concerns with redevelopment?

Mentimeter





APPENDIX D: ENGAGEMENT

D.1 Community Engagement Plan

Document: Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project: Engagement Plan. FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: The plan identifies the Project's engagement goals and objectives, key engagement milestones, the outreach strategy, method of stakeholder identification, engagement methods, and the role of decision-makers in the project process.

D.2 Project Advisory Committee Plan

Document: Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment Project: Project Advisory Committee- Roles & Responsibilities: FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: The plan sets the expectations for the project advisory committee including roles, responsibilities and a schedule of project advisory committee meetings.

D.3 Engagement Milestone #1: Project Initiation- Objectives and Vision

Document: Project Handout; Engagement Boards for Display at the Community Workshop; Engagement #1 Feedback Form; and Engagement Results for sessions with the community and the Chamber of Commerce. FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: Various engagement materials including an overall project handout, describing the project objectives, project area map and project timeline; large format boards illustrating the project area and timeline, elements that shape community identity, the places where people gather today and types of places they would like to see in the future, the challenges to walking and biking in the downtown and type of facilities to be considered in the project. A project feedback form was used to gather feedback on places and attributes of Soldotna that people value, the types of desirable future uses and riverfront activities in the project area, and opportunities and challenges related to riverfront access and general walk and bike conditions in and around the downtown. A summary of engagement results are tallied for each question posed during a community workshop and Chamber of Commerce luncheon.

D.4 Engagement Milestone #2: Build the Vision- Preliminary Development Concepts Document: Project Handout; Engagement Boards for Display at the Community Workshop; Engagement #2 Feedback Form; and Engagement Results for sessions with the community and the Kenai River Fish Habitat Symposium. FIRST FORTY FEET

Description: Various engagement materials including an overall project handout, describing the project objectives, project area map, project timeline and the "big ideas" for future redevelopment; large format boards illustrating the project area and timeline, the vision for downtown redevelopment, and preliminary concepts for parks, plazas and trails, riverfront and highway development and new and enhanced streets and trail connections. A project feedback form was used to gather feedback on the project vision and preliminary development concepts. A summary of engagement results are tallied for each question posed during a community workshop and at the Kenai River Fish Habitat Symposium.

D.5 City Council Work Sessions

Document: The Big Ideas and Preliminary Concepts, Market Hall Options and Development Feasibility, and Downtown Riverfront Redevelopment Plan Elements slideshow presentations. FIRST FORTY FEET and ECONorthwest.

Description: Presentations were a part of work sessions with the City Council and project advisory committee, to review and discuss: preliminary concepts and the results of the Engagement #1 sessions, development feasibility analysis, and the preferred plan elements and development strategy.

RIVERFRONT REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

Project Update Agenda:

The Riverfront Redevelopment project is moving from Building the Vision phase to assembling the components of the Master Plan. As we advance into a preferred scenario and the frameworks for land use, circulation, and implementation strategies this meeting is an opportunity to reflect on What We Heard from our engagement sessions regarding the Big Ideas and preliminary redevelopment concepts, review technical analyses, and discuss next steps.

Welcome (5 Min.)

What We heard (25 min)

- The Big Ideas—Top Three
- Soldotna Public Market
- Development Scenarios
- New + Enhanced Streets
- "Bookend" Public Gatherings
- Trail Connections

Committee Discussion

Development Feasibility Findings (40 min)

- Circulation Analysis
- Utilities Analysis and Cost
- Public Market Interviews
- Preliminary Development Feasibility
- Preferred Scenario and Frameworks Recommendation

Committee Discussion

Next Steps (20 Min)

- Preferred Scenario and Development Summary
- Preferred Development Feasibility and Catalyst Projects
- Implementation Strategy

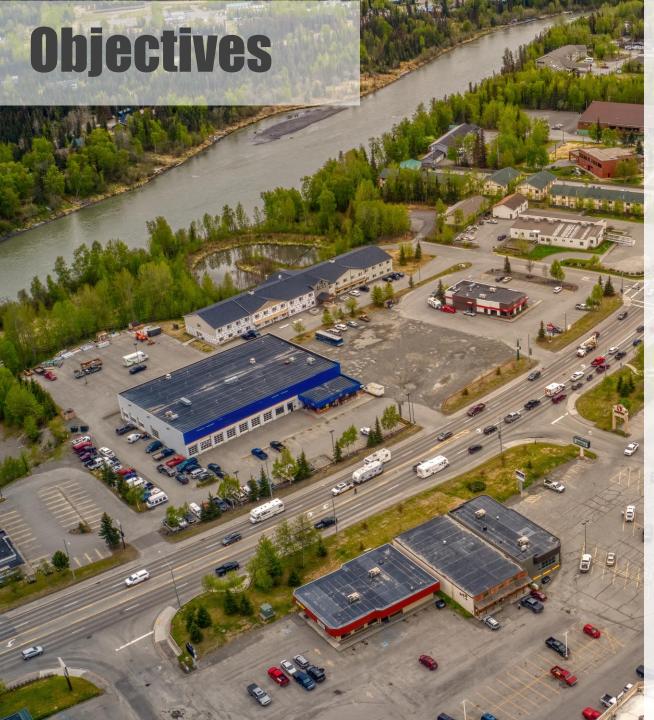
Committee Discussion





Agenda Engagement #2 What We Heard Development Feasibility Findings Next Steps







Create a **one-of-a-kind riverfront experience** with shopping, dining, **entertainment**, and lodging in a walkable destination



Support local businesses, expansion and attract new entrepreneurs



Highlight the Kenai River and incorporate the natural landscape into the Downtown



Identify opportunities for public and private partnerships



Identify critical infrastructure to support redevelopment

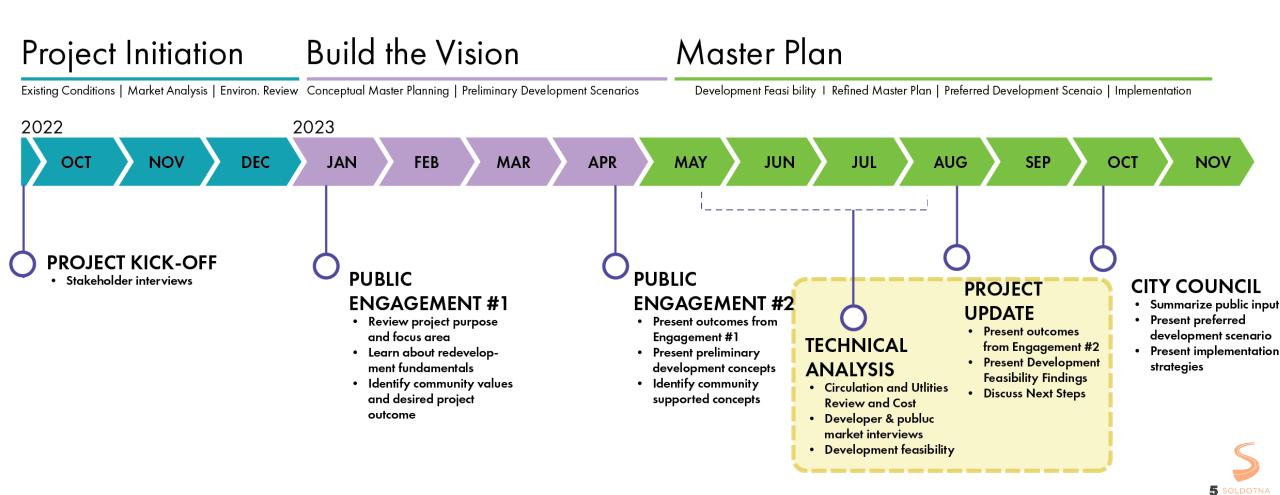


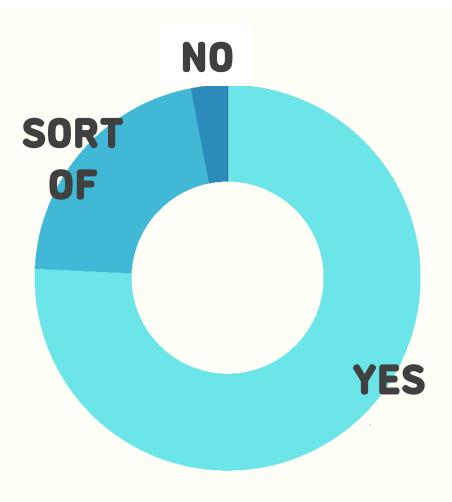
Explore **options and strategies** for funding and implementation



Provide housing options to meet local needs

Project Process + Schedule



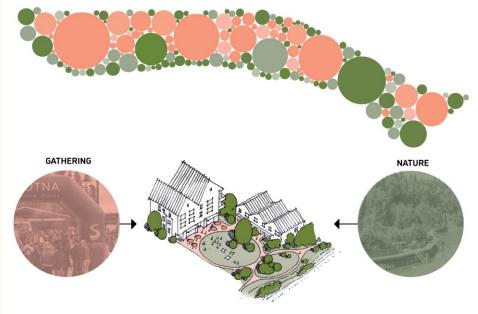


Does the Vision capture Soldotnas values around nature & Gathering?

Vision

Downtown Soldotna is a place where **nature and urban gathering spaces** coexist, expanding and enhancing one another.

Future circulation improvements and redevelopment should incorporate elements of gathering and nature.















The "Big Ideas"



The Kenai River corridor is a woven blend of **nature**, wildlife, recreation & gathering



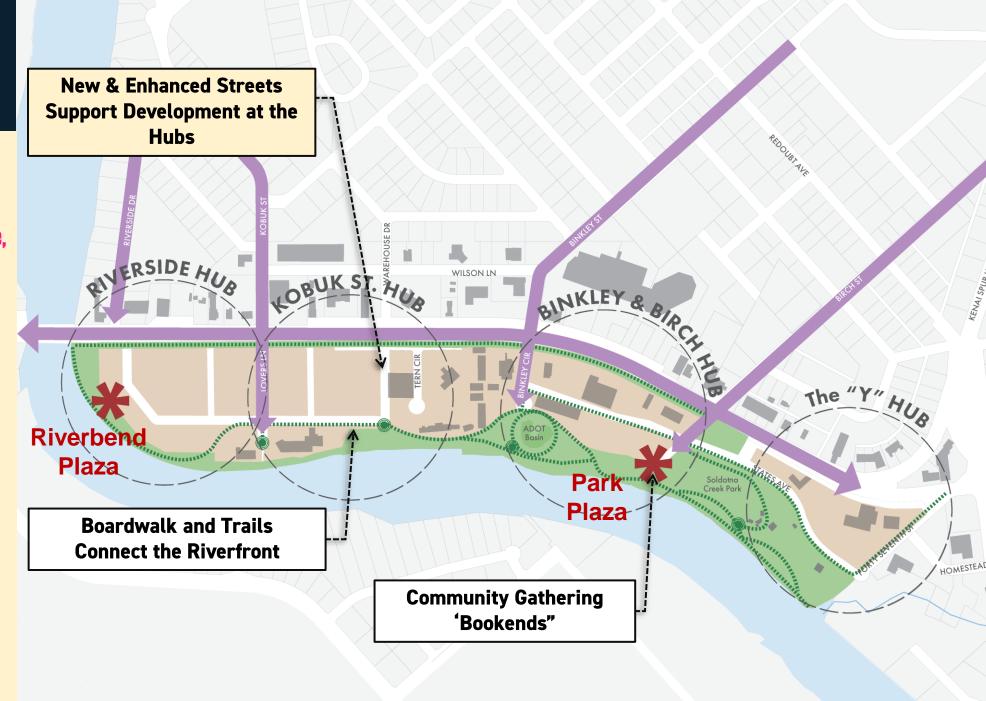
The "Big Ideas"



The Kenai River corridor is a woven blend of **nature**, wildlife, recreation & gathering



New & enhanced streets support Downtown Hubs as places to live, work, and play



The "Big Ideas"



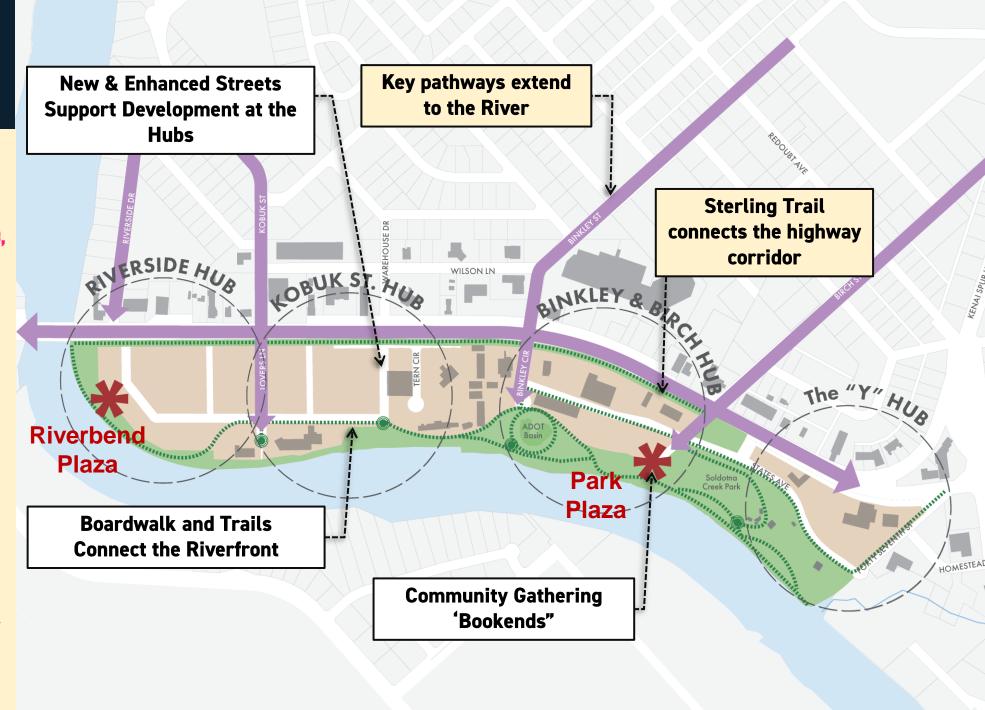
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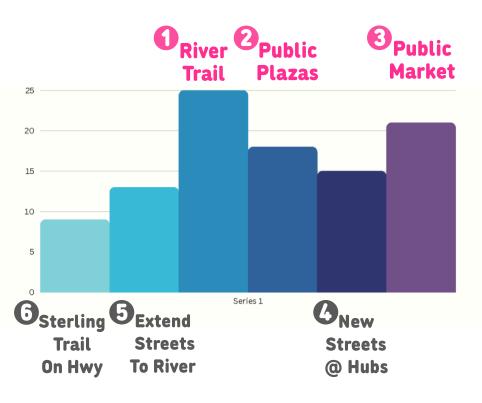
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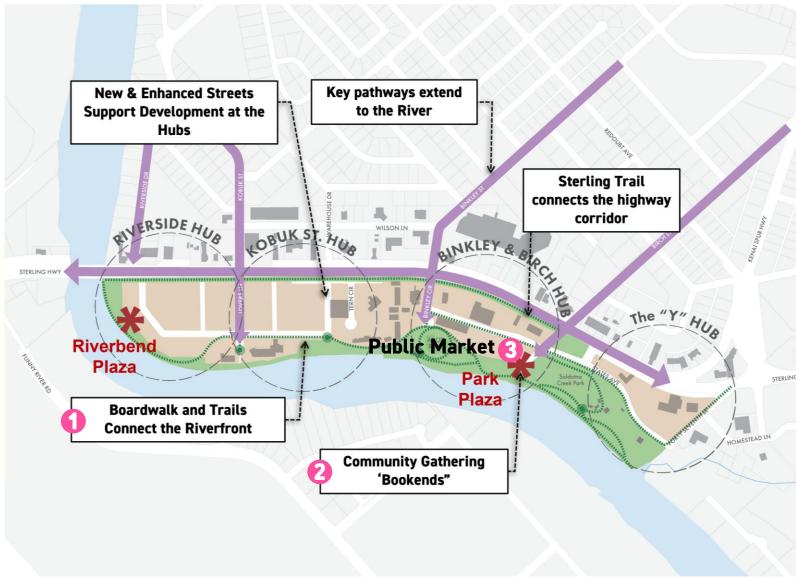


Key pathways reconnect neighborhoods to the river and destinations along Sterling Highway

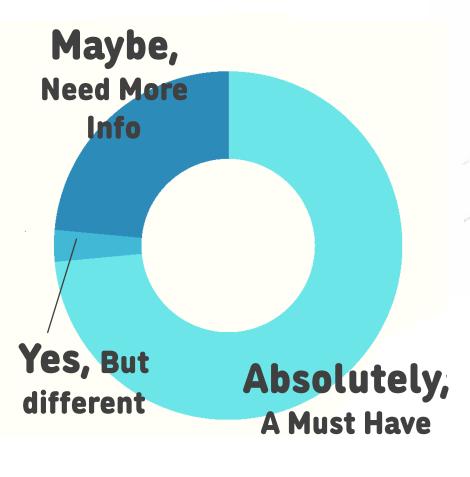


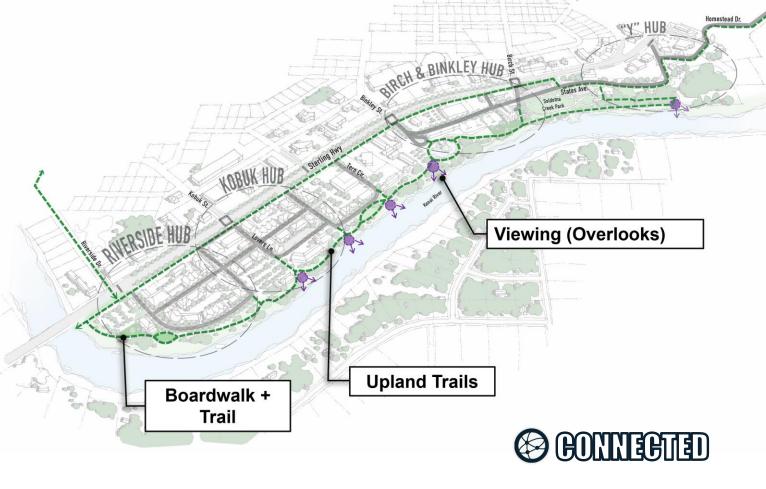
The "Big Ideas"





Riverfront Trail





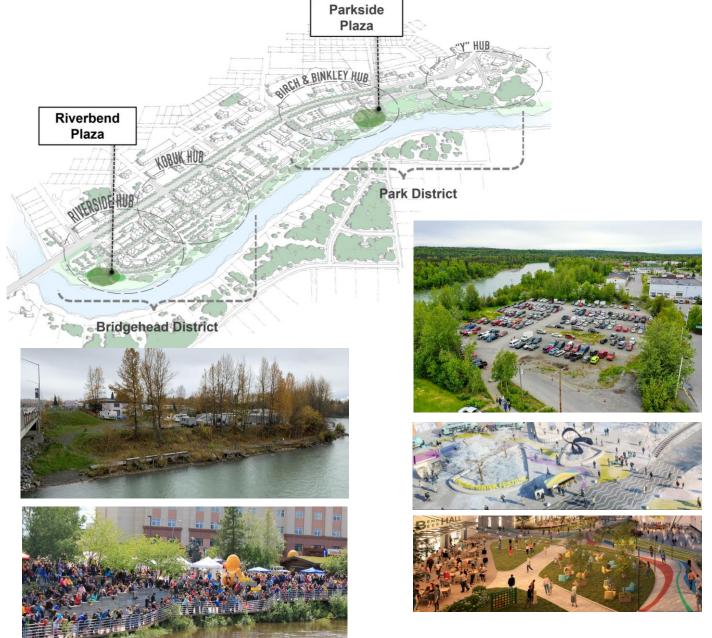






"Bookends" Public Gathering

Not **Important** Somewhat **Import**ant Very **Important**



PLACE

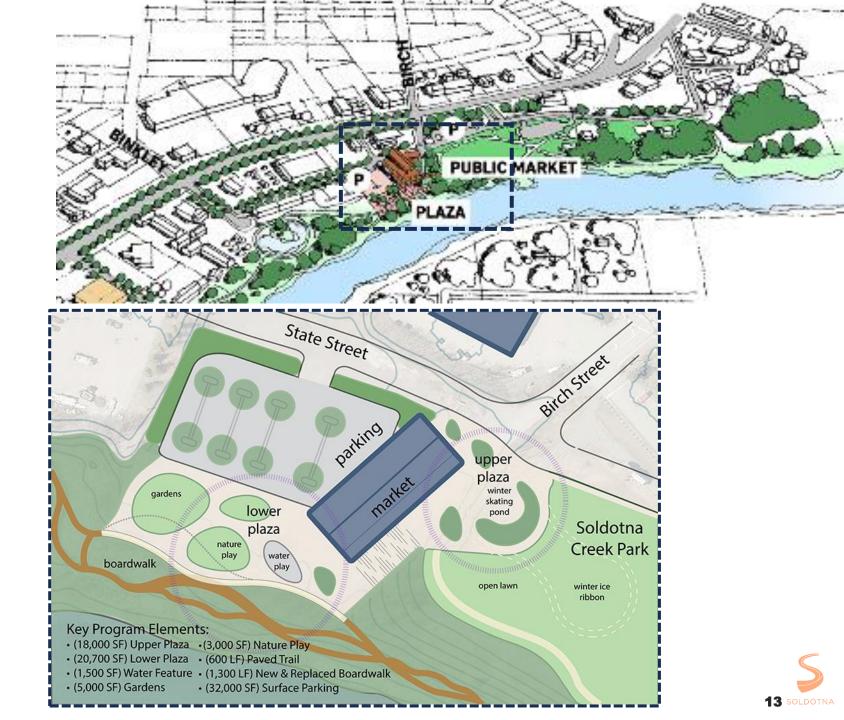


"Bookends" Public Gathering

Nature & Gathering

Soldotna Creek Park and Plaza

Riverbend Plaza at the Bridgehead



PLACE

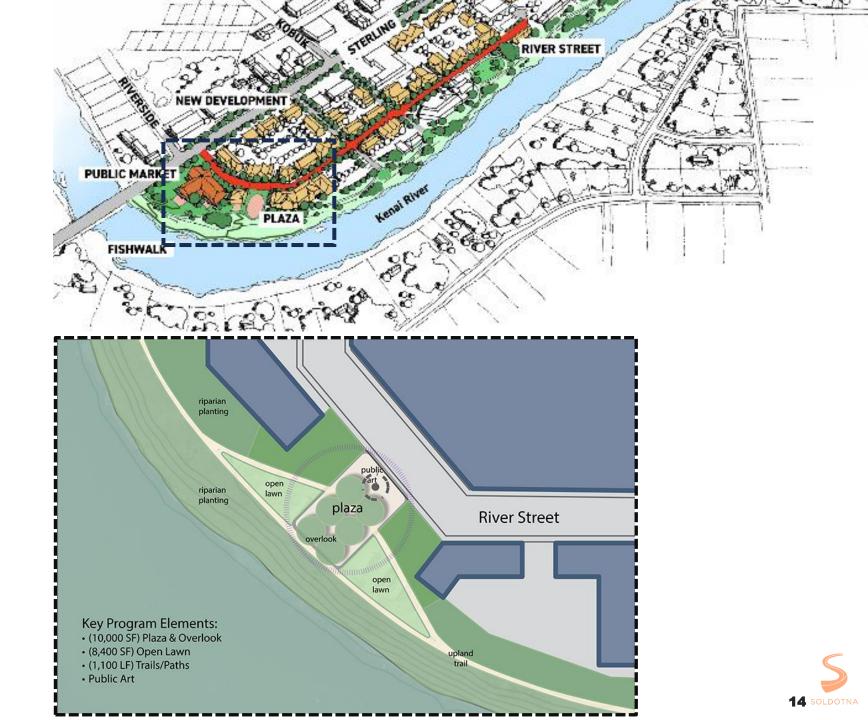


"Bookends" Public Gathering

Nature & Gathering

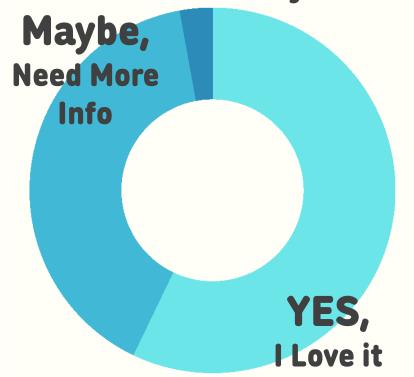
Soldotna Creek Park and Plaza

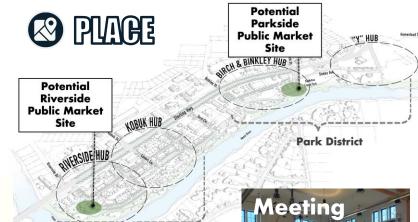
Riverbend Plaza at the Bridgehead



Public Market

NO Something Else





Food and local goods are regularly showcased seasonally at Soldotna Creek Park. A public market could serve as a yearround destination to showcase these assets

Bridgehead District













Public Market Precedents



Governance:

Private developer (no public support)

Funding:

- Privately funded construction
- High-end market rate rents support operations

Program:

- 14,000 SF
- 9 local restaurants
- 2 well-known anchors
- Events & gathering space
- Centerpiece for a development

Public Market Precedents





Governance:

Private developer (no public support)

Funding:

- Privately funded construction
- High-end market rate rents support operations

28,000 SF

Program:

Program:

14,000 SF

- 20 restaurants and shops
- Hosts Farmers Market

9 local restaurants

2 well-known anchors

Events & gathering space

Centerpiece for a development

- Commercial kitchen
- Adjacent event center
- Waterfront, location & trail

Governance:

- Nonprofit operator
- Public land ownership

Funding:

- *LRF district and private funding
- Rents, events, & fund raising
- City project specific-not annual

Public Market Precedents



Governance:

Private developer (no public support)

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- Privately funded construction
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Program:

- 28,000 SF
- 20 restaurants and shops
- Hosts Farmers Market
- Commercial kitchen
- Adjacent event center
- Waterfront, location & trail



Governance:

 Nonprofit owned and operated; private property management

Funding:

- KANA; no City or Borough money
- Rental income & KANA's revenue
- Rents \$3/sf over 3 to 5 years

Program:

- 63,000 SF
- 1/3 rented to businesses
- 11 storefronts & commercial kit.
- Meeting space, and offices
- Seismic shelter



Public Market Precedents

The Grove Market Hall

- Smaller scale
- Privately developed and operated;
 premium market rents
- Focus on local seasoned retailers meant no need for business support
- Strong anchor tenants important
- Community gathering space
- Outdoor space was necessary
- Events boost visitors
- Design matters

Pybus Market

- Mid-sized; hosts Farmer's Market & 20 retail spaces
- PPP developed, nonprofit operated
- Operated through rents, events, & fundraising
- No time limit for businesses in market
- Community vision and buy in essential for long-term success
- Waterfront and trail boost visitation and activating downtown

"There have been lean times.
Relied on the generosity of others who believed in the vision."

- Pybus GM

"Met w/each business to help them with business planning that would allow them to pay higher prices"

-Kodiak PM

Kodiak Marketplace

- 11 retail spaces co-located with business supports
- Nonprofit owned, operated, funded
- Ongoing subsidy from KANA
 - Deficit decreases with gradual rent increases
- Community benefit, economic driver, revitalize downtown
- Direct outreach and business plan support essential for getting higher rents
- Crucial to have public engagement and manage expectations

What the Soldotna Public Market Should Deliver?

- Vibrant community hub: retail, food, entertainment
- Celebrate Soldotna and the Kenai River
- Gathering place for residents and tourists
- Appeal to all ages
- Operate year-round with events and activities
- Affordable for businesses and customers
- Support local business

"Would be nice to integrate with the river and riverwalk and have views of the river and fishing."

"Vendor and food is not enough - need music and something the old and young want to be at."

"It would be the worst to be so expensive and only seasonally used."

Public Market Critical Element

Affordable restaurant and retail space for local businesses

Multi-use space that shifts with need

Anchor tenant

Active programming: events, management, etc.

Specific Ways to Support Small Business

In Market Hall

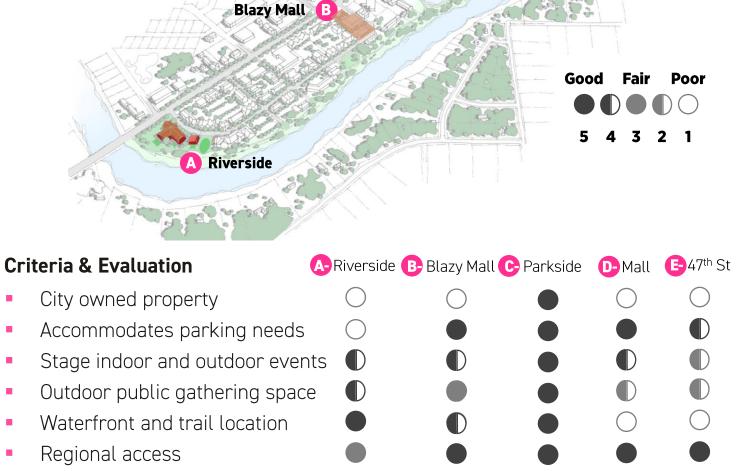
- Ensure affordable rent
 - -Graduated rent or percentage rent
 - -First month free
- Adequate storage within spaces
- Active, supportive management

In City

- Pair facade improvement program with tenant improvement, and/or equipment grants in commercial areas
- Ensure adequate access to a commissary kitchen
- Coordinate suite of business support services

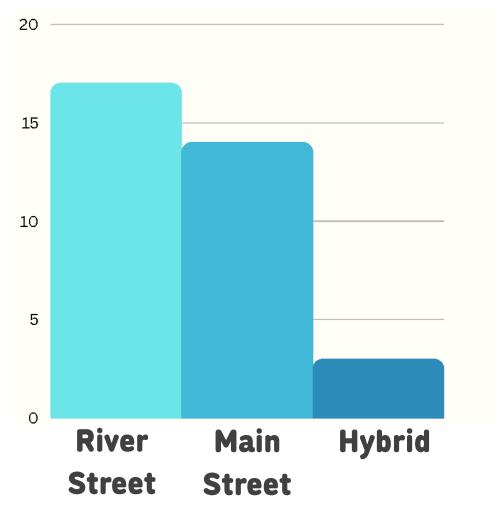
Public Market Site Considerations

- City owned property=lower cost
- Accommodate parking needs
- Ability to stage indoor and outdoor events
- Outdoor public gathering space
- Waterfront and trail location
- Regional access



Parkside

Downtown Development Scenarios





Criteria

1. Project Objectives

- Create a riverfront experience and destination
- Support existing local business + attract new
- Highlight the Kenai River + nature
- Provide housing options

2. Development Feasibility

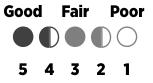
- Uses and density meet current market demand
- Phasing

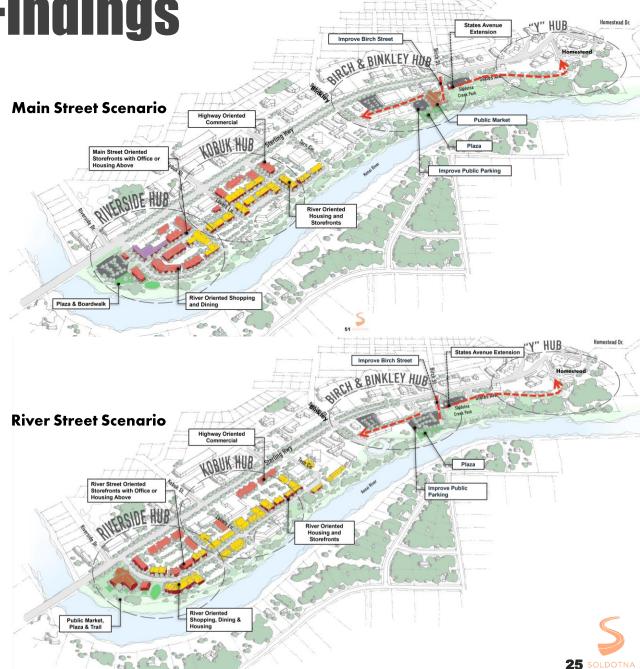
3. Circulation

- Promotes walk + bike destination
- Connects neighborhoods to riverfront
- Enhances business access
- Supports highway operations

4. Infrastructure + Cost

- Utilities
- Streets + right-of-way
- Cost

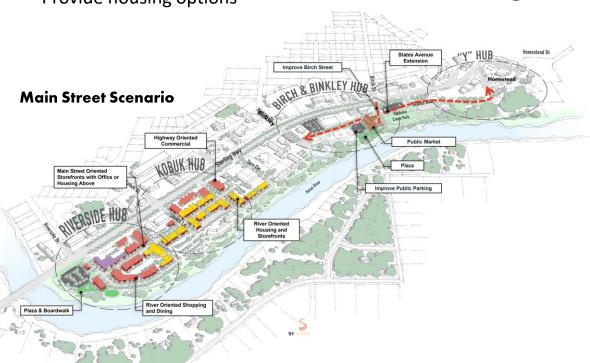




Criteria

1. Project Objectives

- Create a riverfront experience and destination
- Support existing local business + attract new
- Highlight the Kenai River + nature
- Provide housing options



River Street Scenario

Main Street

Scenario

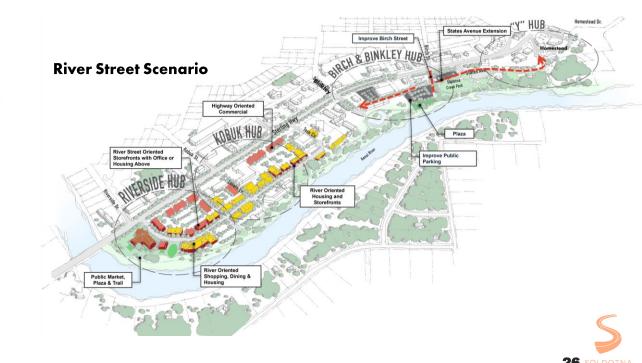








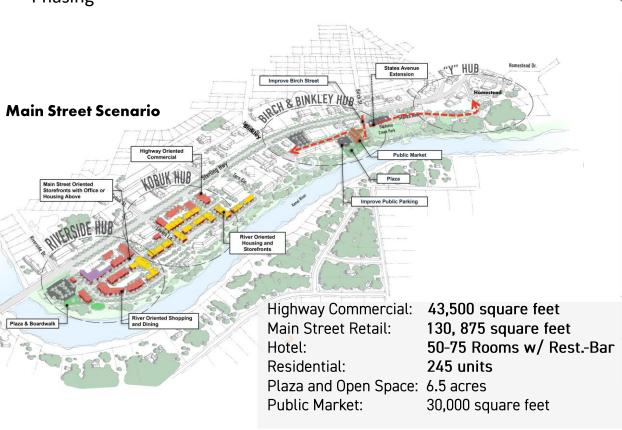
5 4 3 2 1



Criteria

2. Development Feasibility—Scenarios

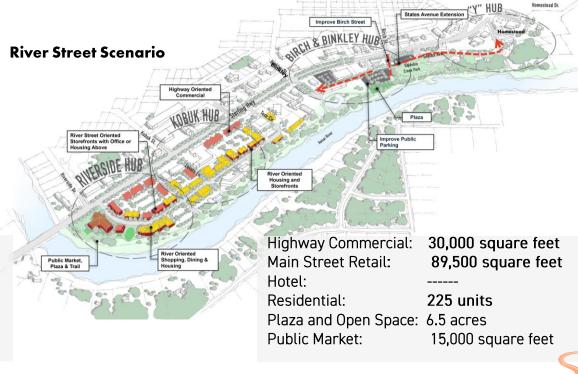
- Uses and density meet current market demand
- Phasing



Main Street
Scenario
Scenario
Scenario

Good Fair Poor

5 4 3 2 1



2. Development Feasibility—Market Study



Three story mixed-use and multifamily are **not** *currently* **feasible**



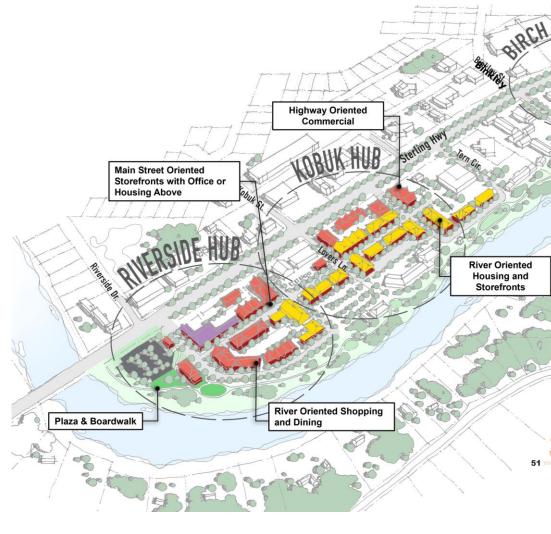
Townhomes are **more feasible**, especially with lower cost land



A new hotel **could be feasible** but would need district public amenities



Public participation and phasing will be necessary to stimulate desired development



Development Considerations & Takeaways

Preferred Scenario

- Provide housing diversity
- Use River Street road network
- Include hotel use
- Retail, dining, & entertainment cluster versus 3-block area
- Public market at the park

City's Role

- Participate in public private partnerships
- Construct infrastructure improvements
- Consider timing/phasing of public and private investment

Development Considerations & Takeaways

Phase 1

- Establish a market hall
- Encourage townhome development
- Assemble partners to build affordable housing
- Improve trails, streets, and waterfront amenities

Phase 2

- Encourage a hotel w/ restaurant
- Promote Adaptive reuse

Phase 3

Pursue three-story mixed-use development

Main Street

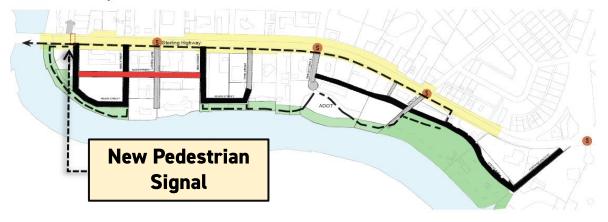
Scenario

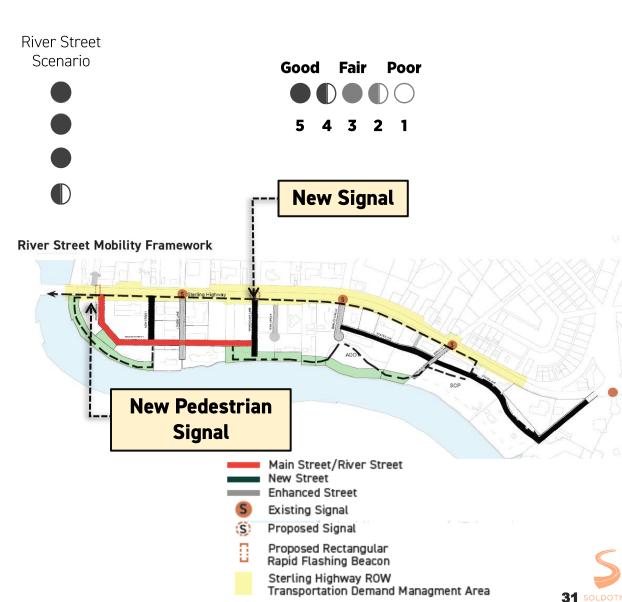
Criteria

3. Circulation

- Promotes walk + bike destination
- Connects neighborhoods to riverfront
- Enhances business access
- Supports highway operations

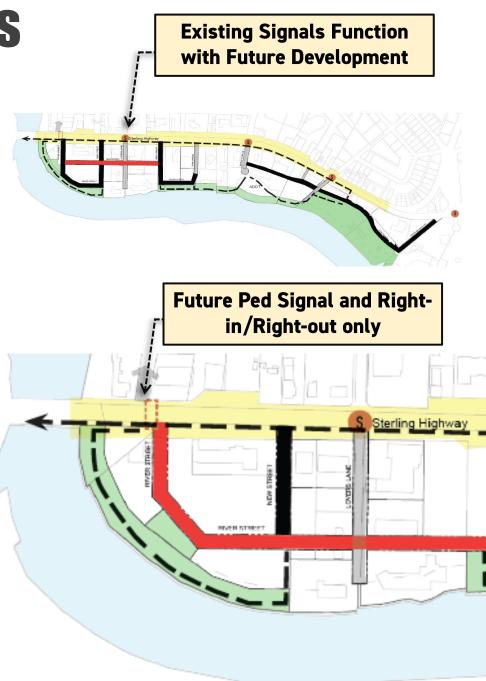
Main Street Mobility Framework





3. Circulation

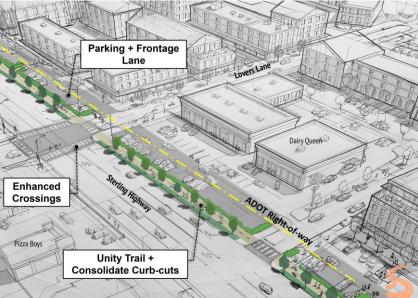
- The new and enhanced streets promote a complete street network supportive of walking and biking in the district and are likely to reduce vehicle trips on the Sterling Highway.
- Current signalized intersections are expected to be able to accommodate future development and anticipated traffic at an acceptable level of service.
- Consider allowing right-in and right-out turns only onto and off Riverside Drive and River Street.
- Consider placing a median refuge and using rectangular rap flashing beacons (RRFBs) at the intersection of Riverside Street and Sterling Highway.
- Given the 35-mph speed limit, a new signal at Warehouse Lar may be acceptable and help to keep traffic on Sterling Highway platooned at while adding an additional walk and bi crossing.



3. Circulation

- Consolidating driveways on the river side of Sterling Highway would improve access control, and reduce vehicle conflicts.
- Consolidating driveways from the bridge to Birch Place would reduce the number of driveways or side streets accessing the highway from 15 to 7. This would decrease conflict points improving safety and decreasing delay.
- The proposed multi-use trail would also benefit from access control, as bike riders would interact with vehicles only at the side streets.



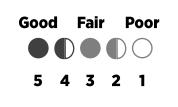


Criteria

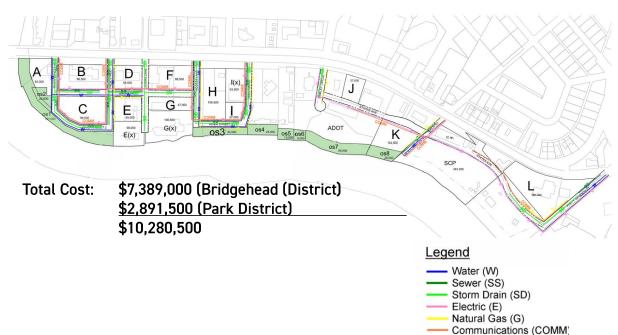
4. Infrastructure + Cost

- **Utilities**
- Streets + right-of-way
- Cost

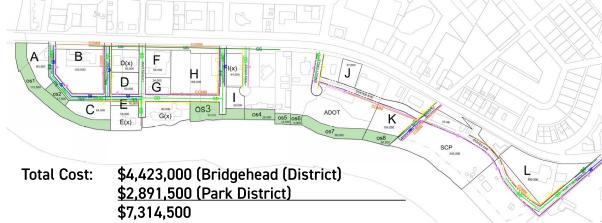
Main Street River Street Scenario Scenario



Main Street Scenario



River Street Scenario



4. Infrastructure + Cost

- River Street Alternative would have less potential **impact on utilities** as it does not include short new street segments along routes not currently developed or supported by utility mains.
- River Street alternative would have a lower cost for utilities and roadway improvements.



Figure 2: Main Street Alternative

River Streets Total Cost: \$4,423,000



Figure 3: River Street Alternative

Criteria

1. Project Objectives

- Create a riverfront experience and destination
- Support existing local business + attract new
- Highlight the Kenai River + nature
- Provide housing options

2. Development Feasibility

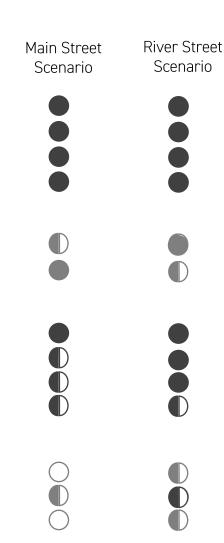
- Uses and density meet current market demand
- Phasing

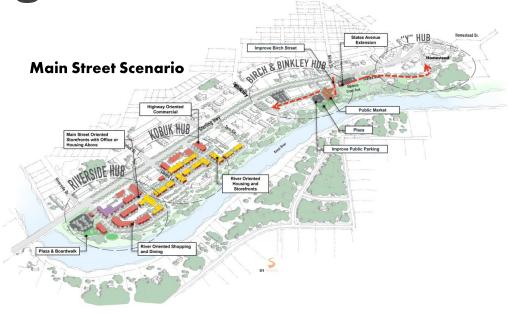
3. Circulation

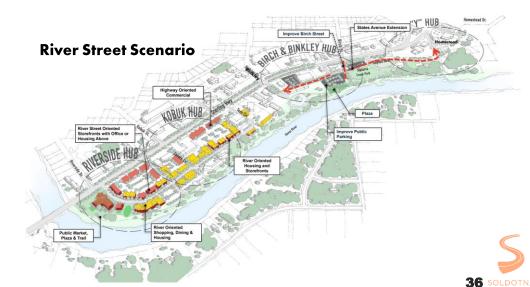
- Promotes walk + bike destination
- Connects neighborhoods to riverfront
- Enhances business access
- Supports highway operations

4. Infrastructure + Cost

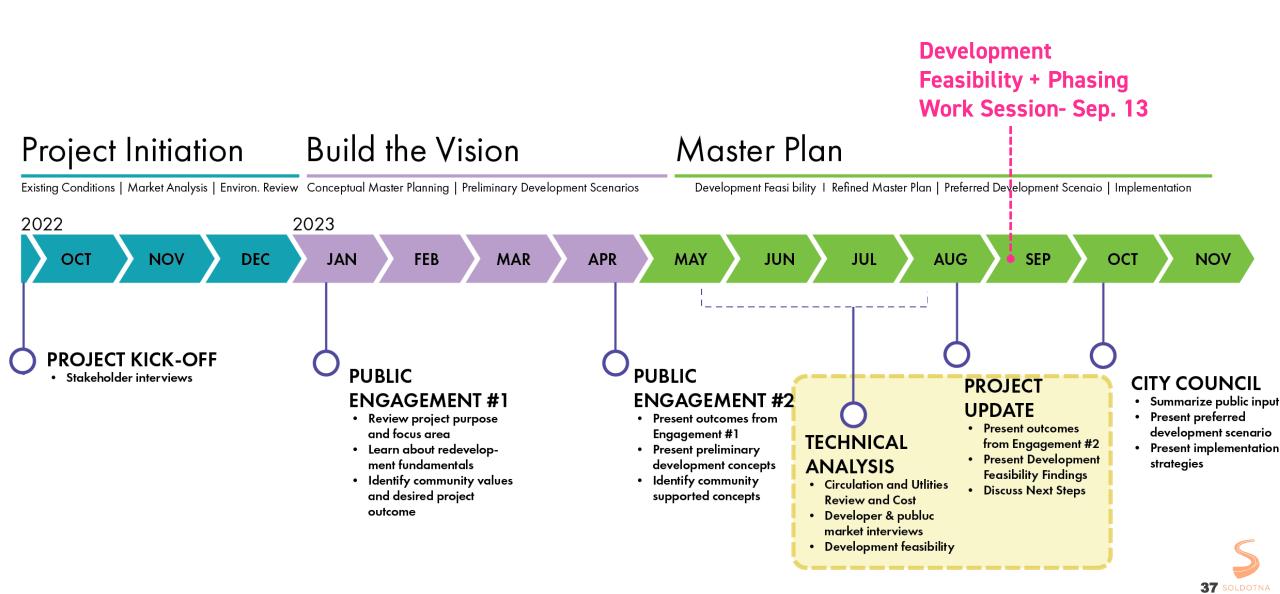
- Utilities
- Streets + right-of-way
- Cost







Project Process + Schedule



Next Steps

Preferred Scenario + Development Summary

- Plans + Illustrations
- Development Yield + Typologies
- Regulatory + Design Guidelines Framework

Catalyst Projects

- **Public Market**
- Waterfront Plazas
- Phasing I-III

Implementation Strategies

- **Actions**
- Roles + Responsibilities
- Timeline

Draft Master Plan

- Draft
- **Review Draft**
- Final Draft





Soldotna Riverfront Redevelopment: Market Hall Options and Development Feasibility City Council Work Session September 13, 2023



Agenda

01

Set the Stage

02

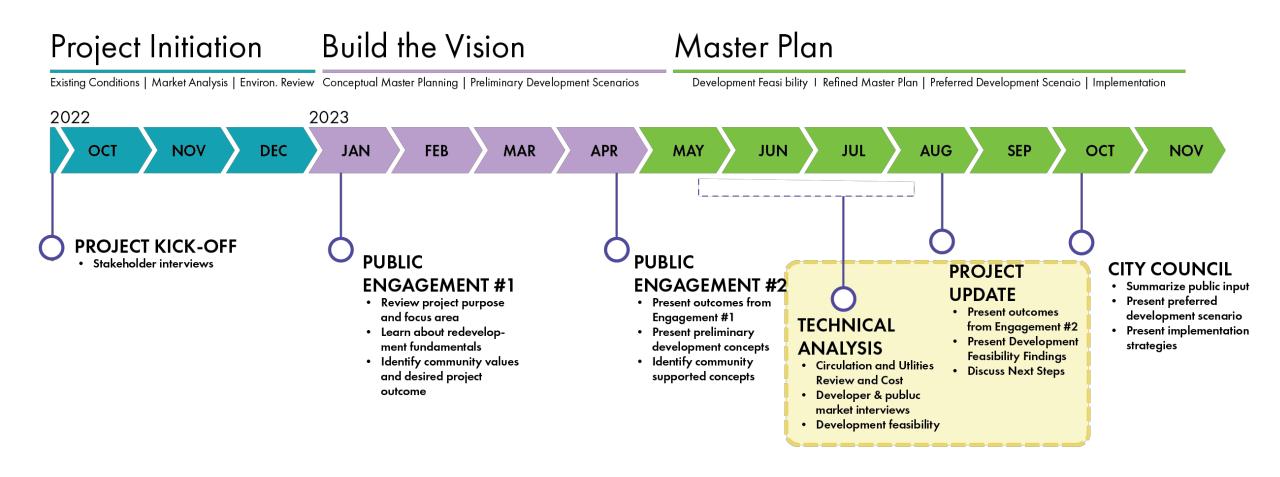
Review Residential, Mixed-Use and Hotel Feasibility 03

Review Options for a Market Hall

04

Discuss Conclusions and Next Steps

Project process and schedule



Market demand versus feasibility

Part 1: Market Analysis

Understand the demand for different uses in Soldotna

Part 2: Feasibility Analysis

 Understand the rent, sales price, or room rates needed to justify new development

Even if there is demand for a particular use, it may not materialize if businesses (or households) cannot afford the rent in newly developed space.

Purpose and scope of development feasibility analysis

Purpose: Explore catalytic opportunities for development in the near-term

Scope of Work - Dual Approach

- Use pro forma analysis to evaluate the feasibility of residential, mixed-use, and hotel uses
- Begin to explore market hall concept in Soldotna

Key findings



Strong interest in a public market with significant community expertise and capacity to operate and occupy space



Three story mixed-use and multifamily are not currently feasible



Townhomes are more feasible, especially with lower cost land



A new hotel could be feasible but would need enhancements

City participation and purposeful phasing will be necessary to stimulate desired development and ensure that Soldotna remains <u>affordable and</u> accessible to Soldotna residents.

Key considerations for next steps and phasing

• How can the City work to balance private new development which will garner higher rents with affordability and accessibility?

• What is the City's appetite for different development options and level of City involvement/investment?

How the City answers these questions will inform development phasing and programming.



Residential, Mixed-Use, and Hotel Feasibility

Research questions



What scale of development is currently feasible in the project area?



What level of City support will be required to facilitate development that is not quite feasible?

Residential and Mixed-Use Feasibility Analysis

Residential and mixed-use pro forma method

- Compares development feasibility across prototypes
- Residual Land Value (RLV)
 is an estimate of what a
 developer would be able to
 pay for land given
 development inputs

Building Program Information

Unit size, parking ratios, building heights

Development Costs

- Hard costs (labor & materials)
- Soft costs (permit fees & interest)

Revenue

Sale price, rent, operating costs

Valuation Metrics

 Capitalization rates, debt service coverage ratios, and yield on cost thresholds

Residual land value (RLV)

Feasible Development Example

Land Budget (Residual Land

Value)

Hard Costs

(Construction

Costs)

Soft Costs

(Impact Fees, Architectural

Fees, Developer Overhead, etc.)

DEVELOPMENT COST

DEVELOPMENT

VALUE

Rental Value:

Net Operating
Income* / Market

Capitalization Rates

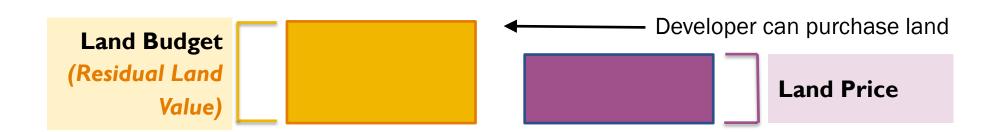
Ownership Value:

Net Sales Proceeds after broker fees

* Net Operating Income = annual rent & other revenue after accounting for vacancy minus operating costs

Residual land value (RLV)

- RLV analyses should be thought of as a strong indicator of the relative likelihood of development.
- Higher RLV relative to existing land prices indicates better development feasibility.



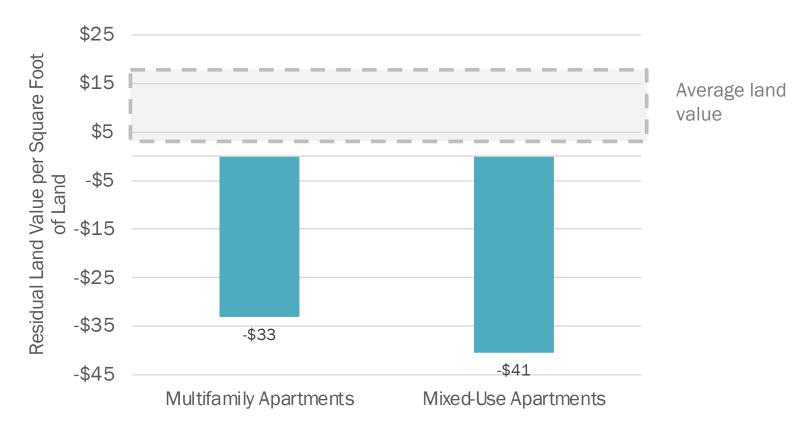
Prototypes analyzed

Townhomes	Multifamily	Mixed-Use
Anchorage	Seward	Anchorage
Source: Redfin	Source: Loopnet, Costar	Source: Apartments.com, Costar

Multifamily and mixed-use findings

Finding 1: Three story mixed use and multifamily is not feasible currently

- Observed rents are around \$1.50 per sf
- Apartment rents
 would need to be at
 least \$2.30 per sf
 for development to
 be financially
 feasible



Multifamily and mixed-use findings

Finding 1: Three story mixed use and multifamily is not feasible currently

When RLV is negative, a developer would need the land for free plus a subsidy of some kind



Townhome findings

Finding 1: Townhomes are more feasible, especially with lower cost land

- Observed sales price were around \$250 to \$325 per sf
- Assuming the average comparable sales price, developers could pay \$9 per sf for land



Hotel Analysis

Hotel pro forma method

Internal Rate of Return (IRR)

is the compound annual rate of return an investor should expect to make on the hotel project over many years

Building Program Information

Unit size, parking ratios, building heights

Development Costs

- Hard costs (labor & materials)
- Soft costs (permit fees & interest)

Revenue

Room rates, operating costs, stabilization period

Valuation Metrics

 Capitalization rates, debt service coverage ratios, and yield on cost thresholds

Internal rate of return (IRR)

What is IRR?

The compound annual rate of return an investor should expect to make over many years.

Why use IRR instead of RLV for hotels?

- A cash flow model that solves for an IRR is a more robust analysis of feasibility than RLV but requires more assumptions.
- Hotels have a longer stabilization period and more complex operating costs. A cash flow model that results in IRR allows us to better approximate these conditions.
- RLV is often a first step in initial feasibility for residential and mixeduse. Developer may proceed to detailed IRR after RLV insights.

Internal rate of return (IRR)

- Required rate of return is influenced by factors like investment risk, market conditions, and investor expectations.
- Safest investment is US government bonds, currently at 4.2%
- Developing a hotel is risky and requires higher returns.
 An appropriate IRR is 14% (currently).

Pro forma baseline assumptions

- Average Daily Room Rate: \$169.40
- Natural Occupancy Rate: 66.2%
- Total Rooms: 62
- Type of Hotel: Upper midscale to upscale; branded

Hotel findings

A new hotel would be cash flow positive but provide a low rate of return which may deter developers. However, enhancements could substantially boost IRR

Ways to boost IRR for hotel development:

- Include bar/restaurant
- Enhance the attractiveness of the area
- Riverfront views
- Close part of the hotel in the off-season
- Consider ways to lower development costs

Example: Raising the ADR from \$169 to \$199 (2023 dollars) and the occupancy rate by 2 percent, all possible with a more attractive than average property, would raise the IRR to 12%.





Market Hall Options and Considerations

Research questions



What can be learned from case studies and applied to Soldotna?



Are key stakeholders interested in participating in a market hall?

Market hall case studies

(1)

The Grove Market Hall Bend, OR

Opened 2020 14,000 sf w/9 restaurants





Pybus Public Market

Wenatchee, WA

Opened 2013 28,000 sf w/20 vendors & commercial kitchen; hosts farmer's market





Kodiak Marketplace

Kodiak, AK
Opening 2023

63,000 sf w/11 retail spaces colocated with business supports



Case study 1: The Grove

Governance: Private – no public support

Funding: High-end market rents

Other Takeaways

- Seasoned retailers meant the need for fewer business supports
- Strong anchor tenants very important
- Outdoor expansion element
- Events to boost visitation
- Design matters





Credit: Hacker Architects

Case study 2: Pybus Public Market

Governance: Nonprofit established to operate; Public land ownership

Funding: Construction – Public land, funding through LRF district, private investors

Operations – Rent, events, fundraising

Other Takeaways

- Located along riverfront Alignment of market and trail development boosted visitation activating downtown
- Community vision and buy-in essential for long-term success
- All businesses on same schedule

"There have been lean times. Relied on the generosity of others who believed in the vision."

- Pybus GM

Pybus is on the verge of breaking even as original leases expire and new leases are set at higher rates.

Case study 3: Kodiak Marketplace

Governance: Nonprofit owned and operated

Funding: Construction – Funded by KANA Operations – rental income and KANA's other revenue streams

Other Takeaways

"Had to go in person to businesses and help them to do business planning that would allow them to pay higher prices"

-Project Manager

- Developed for community benefit, economic driver, revitalize downtown
- Rents \$3/sf over 3 to 5 years Ongoing KANA subsidy decreases with gradual rent increases
- Direct outreach and business plan support essential for higher rents
- Crucial to have public engagement and manage expectations





A Market Hall in Soldotna: Stakeholder Feedback

Who we talked with and what they said

Community Stakeholders

- Megan Weston, business owner
- Cliff Cochran, SBDC Director
- Melodie Allan, business owner
- Kaitlin Vadla, Planning Commission and nonprofit director
- Annette Villa, operator/manager of the Wednesday Market

"I'm excited about a market hall here. We have a great small business culture but it's hard to compete against national chains."

"I'm passionate about supporting small business. They're the backbone of our town."

"I love the idea of a public market!"

"This will be genuinely the best thing for the community"

Envisioning a Soldotna market hall: what it should deliver

- Vibrant community hub: retail, food, entertainment
- Celebrate Soldotna and the Kenai River
- Gathering place for residents and tourists
- Appeal to all ages
- Operate year-round with events and activities
- Affordable for businesses and customers
- Support the business ecosystem

"Would be nice to integrate with the river and riverwalk and have views of the river and fishing."

"Vendors and food is not enough

 need music and something the old and young want to be at."

"It would be the worst to be so expensive and only seasonally used."

Potential offerings in a market hall

Mix of local restaurants, retail, and services

Community gathering spaces and meeting rooms

Event space

Multi-use space that shifts with need

Shared office space for retail tenants

Commissary kitchen
(could be utilized by market
tenants but not located in the
market)

Community seating and dining

Service provider or government office space (could be an anchor)

Indoor playground (movable, visible from all angles)

Critical elements of a market hall

Affordable restaurant and retail space for local businesses

Multi-use space that shifts with need

Anchor tenant

Active programming: events, management, etc.

Potential tenant mix

Mix of Local Retail / Restaurants / Services

Examples

Anchor

- Local Grocery w/Alaskan goods
- Deli
- Brewery
- Distillery
- Restaurant open most of the day

Other

- Flower Shop
- Fish Market
- Ice Cream or Gelato
- Restaurants / Beverage
- Take Home Dinners
- Food Truck Hookup
- Jewelry / Clothing
- Tour Guides

Potential partners

Operator

If a paid position, multiple experienced community members expressed interest in serving as the operator of a Soldotna market hall.

"Need to find someone with a passion for this and sees the vision."

Supporters

- Kenai Economic Development District (KPED)
 - Business support; consider as potential tenant
- Cook Inlet Keeper
 - Currently operates incubator space with a DEC approved kitchen
 - Kaitlin could support through grant writing
- SBDC
 - Connecting to tenants
- City of Soldotna

Potential programming components

Programming

- Educational activities (esp. for children in winter)
- Musicians (busking/paid)
- Pop-up events
- Theme days (e.g., children's day where they sell their work)
- Cooking competitions
- Art Shows
- Concerts
- Comedy Shows
- Community Forums

"Events are essential...vendors and food are not enough..."

Specific ways to support small businesses

In Market Hall

- Ensure affordable rent
 - Graduated rent or percentage rent
 - Stabilization: first month(s) free
- Adequate storage within spaces
- Active, supportive management

In City

- Pair facade improvement program with tenant improvement, and/or equipment grants in commercial areas
- Ensure adequate access to a commissary kitchen
- Coordinate suite of business support services

Key considerations and takeaways for market hall

- Significant community expertise and capacity to operate/lease space if paid positions and affordable rent
- Partnerships will be essential to success: public, private, nonprofit effort
- Market may become more self-sustaining over time
- Market requires a consistent champion
- Community could be part of making the space
- Design matters (movable equipment, reclaimed materials, etc.)
- Marketing is critical
- Can serve as a catalyst for redevelopment and downtown activation

Pros and cons of a market hall in Soldotna

PROS

- Wealth of talent and potential tenants
- Provides needed retail that may not be otherwise feasible
- Could serve as redevelopment catalyst
- Supports small businesses and builds capacity for additional retail tenancy over time

CONS

- Extensive time and effort
- Potential risk of failure
- Reduces capacity to pursue other city priorities for investment





Conclusion and Next Steps

City's potential role

To stimulate development in the near term, the City may

need to:

- Participate in public private partnerships
- Construct infrastructure improvements
- Consider timing/phasing of public and private investment



Phasing recommendation

Phase 1

- Establish a market hall
- Encourage townhome development
- Assemble partners to develop affordable housing
- Improve trails, streets, and waterfront amenities

Phase 2

- Encourage a hotel w/restaurant
- Promote adaptive reuse

Phase 3

Pursue three-story mixeduse development

Next steps: setting the stage for development

- Build/strengthen relationships with property owners, regional developers, local businesses, and affordable housing providers
- Secure property
- Consider how to balance affordability and new development
- Seek additional funding sources for public improvements, affordable housing, and redevelopment projects
- Determine City's interest in pursuing a market hall
- Develop phasing plan for infrastructure improvements

Implementation plan will provide additional steps based on which options the City is interested in pursuing











Los Angeles Portland Seattle Boise











Create a **one-of-a-kind riverfront experience** with shopping, dining, **entertainment**, and lodging in a walkable destination



Support local businesses, expansion and attract new entrepreneurs



Highlight the Kenai River and incorporate the natural landscape into the Downtown



Provide housing options to meet local needs



Identify opportunities for public and private partnerships



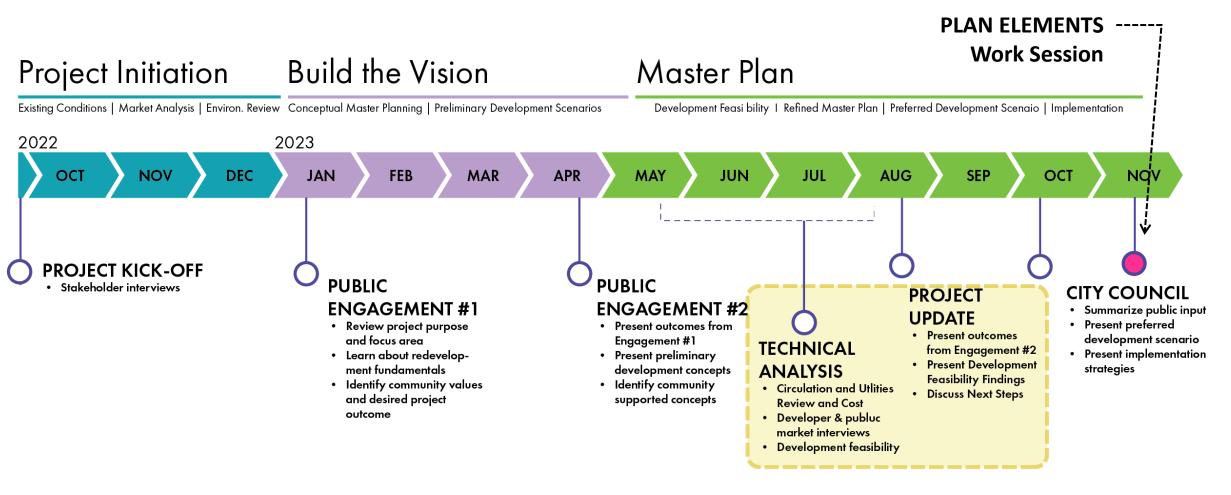
Identify critical infrastructure to support redevelopment



Explore **options and strategies** for funding and implementation



Project Process + Schedule





What We Heard

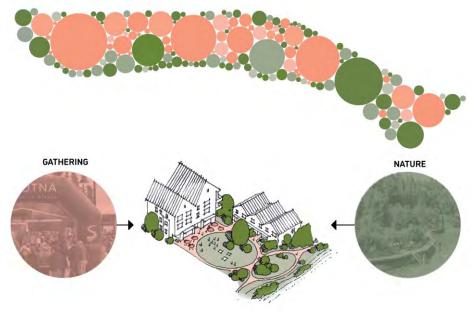
NO SORT YES

Does the Vision capture Soldotna's values around Nature & Gathering?

Vision

Downtown Soldotna is a place where nature and urban gathering spaces coexist, expanding and enhancing one another.

Future circulation improvements and redevelopment should incorporate elements of gathering and nature.















Guiding Principles

"The Kenai River is envisioned as the centerpiece of a walkable, connected downtown and plays a vital role in the local and regional economy of the central peninsula"



Reinforce what is valued in the community----history, nature, gathering, active, art, & local.



Support a hub of activity that is walkable and engages the river, with indoor and outdoor spaces for gathering.



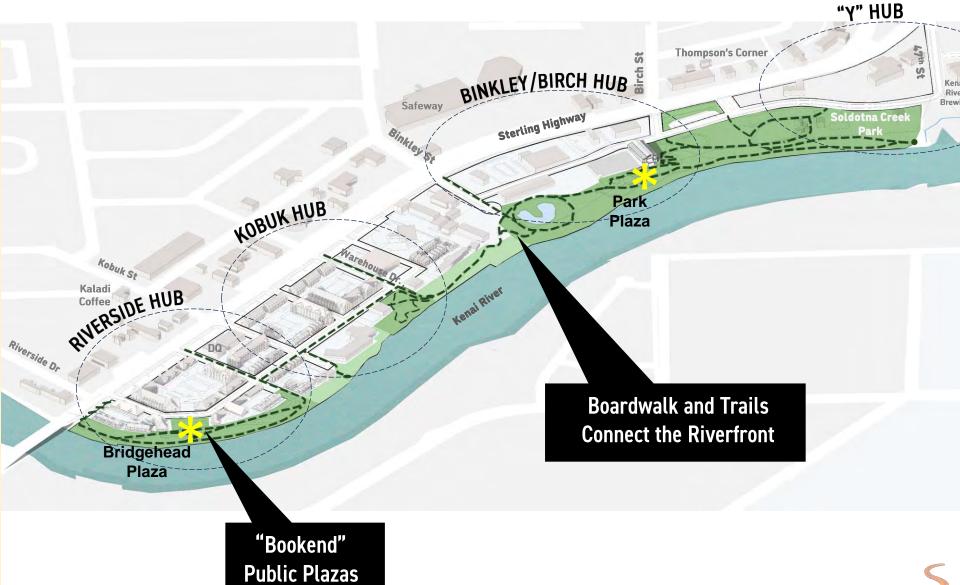
Provide for streets, trails, and boardwalks with safe, direct, and continuous access to destinations for all ages, abilities and users.



The "Big Ideas"



The Kenai River corridor is a woven blend of nature, wildlife, recreation & gathering

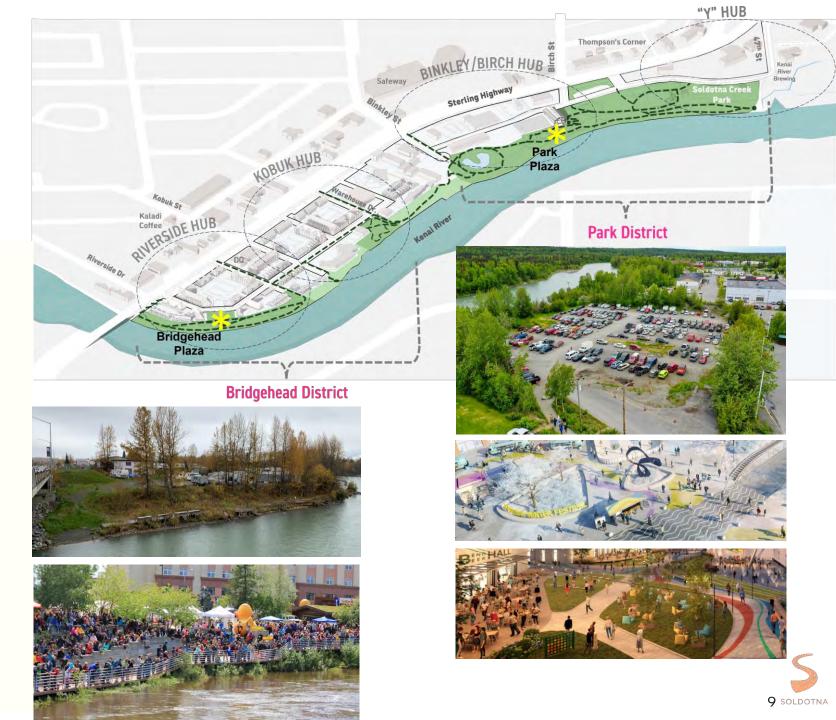




What We Heard

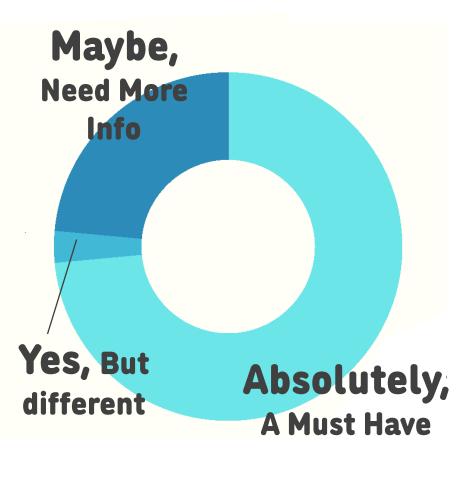
"Bookends" Public Gathering

Not **Important** Somewhat **Import**ant Very **Important**



What We Heard

Riverfront Trail











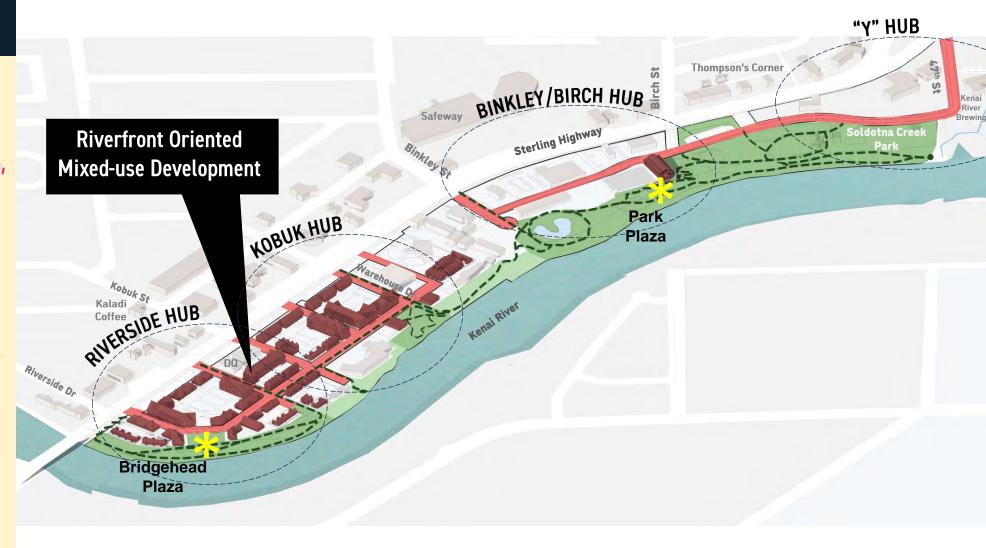
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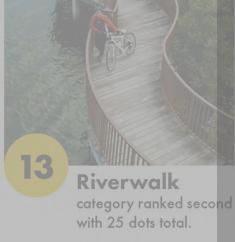
Support street oriented
Downtown Hubs as places
to live, work, and play



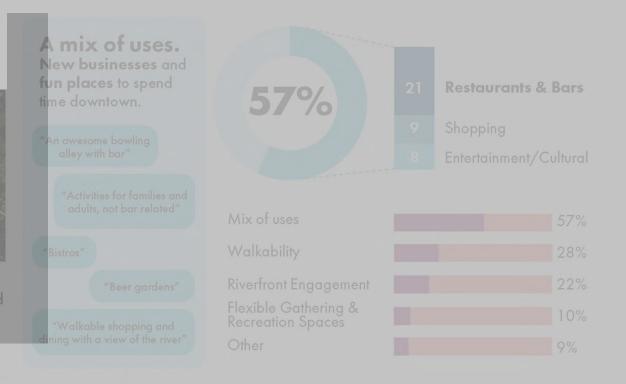
What We Heard!

PLAGE





What would you like to see in the downtown & riverfront?



Rank the most desirable experiences for downtown



dots total.

65% of respondees ranked WALKABLE MAIN STREET in the top two most desirable experiences.

47%
of respondees ranked
RIVERFRONT ENGAGEMENT
in the top two most desirable
experiences.



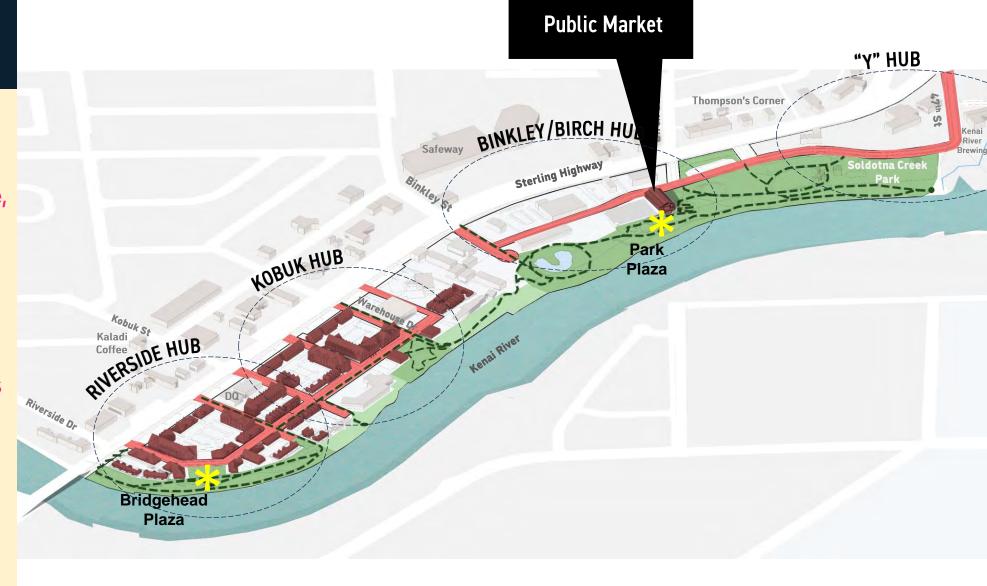
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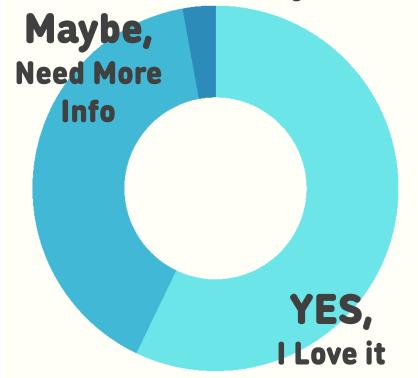
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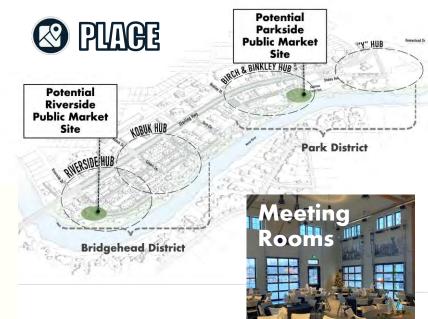


What We Heard

Public Market

NO **Something Else**





Food and local goods are regularly showcased seasonally at Soldotna Creek Park. A public market could serve as a yearround destination to showcase these assets













The "Big Ideas"



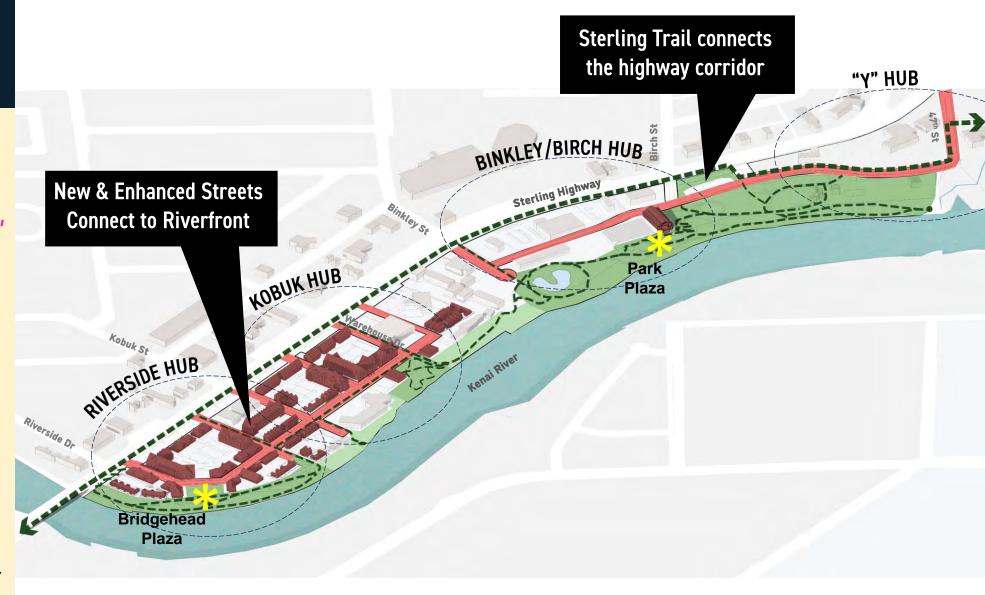
The Kenai River corridor is a woven blend of nature, wildlife, recreation & gathering



Support street oriented
Downtown Hubs as places
to live, work, and play



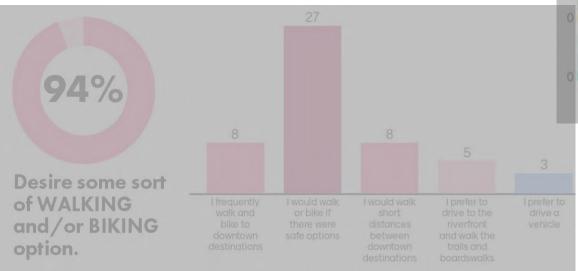
Key pathways and new streets connect to the river and destinations along Sterling Highway



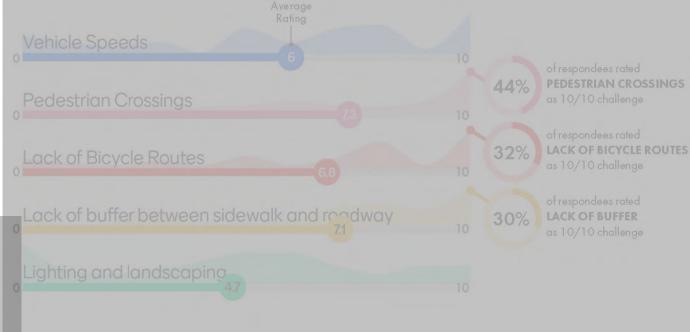
What We Heard!



How desirable is walking and biking to downtown & riverfront destinations?



Rate safety, access, and visual challenges along Sterling Highway?





The "Big Ideas"



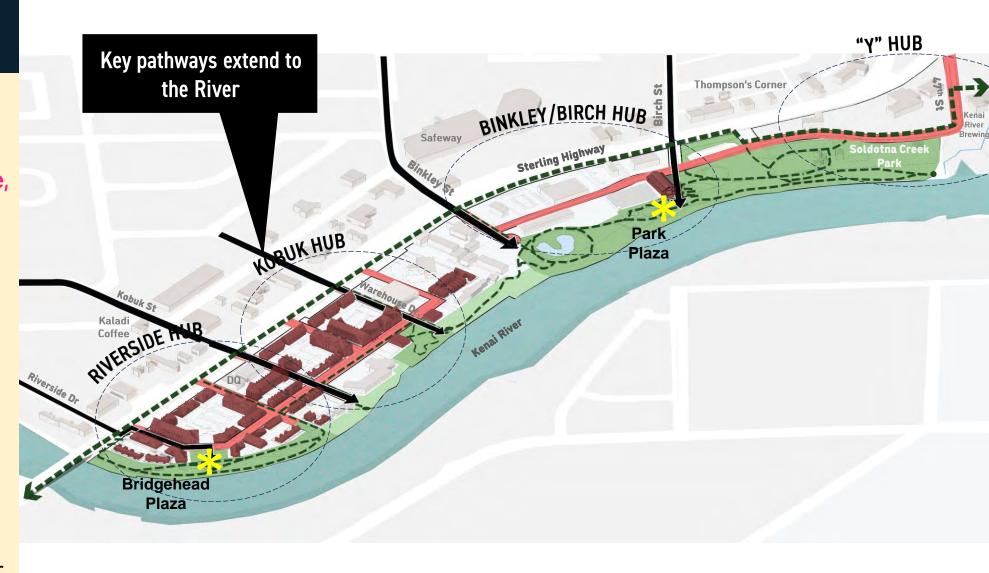
The Kenai River corridor is a woven blend of nature, wildlife, recreation & gathering



New & enhanced streets support Downtown Hubs as places to live, work, and play

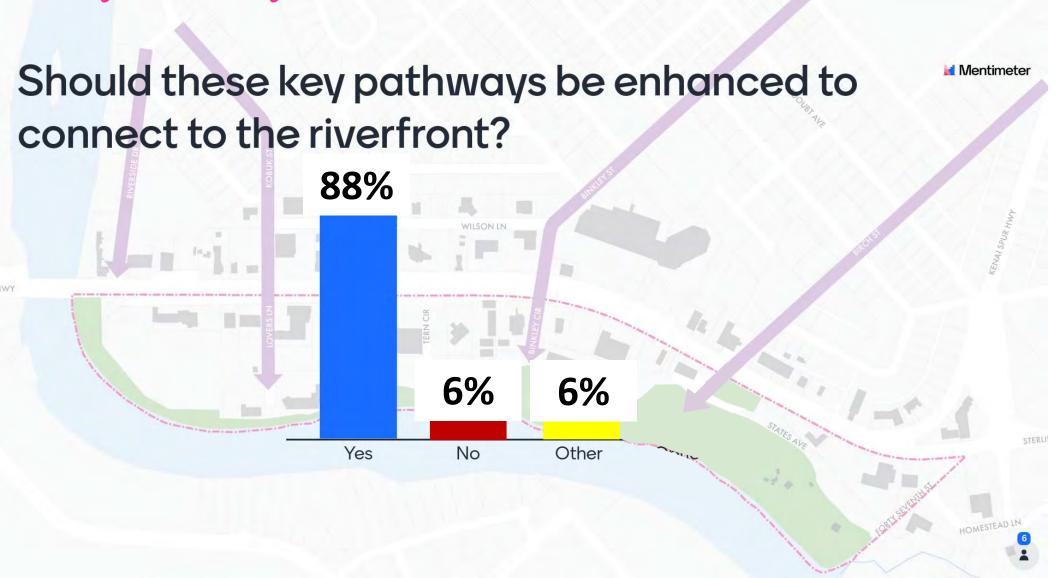


Key pathways reconnect neighborhoods to the river and destinations along Sterling Highway



What We Heard

Key Pathways Extend to the Riverfront



The "Big Ideas"



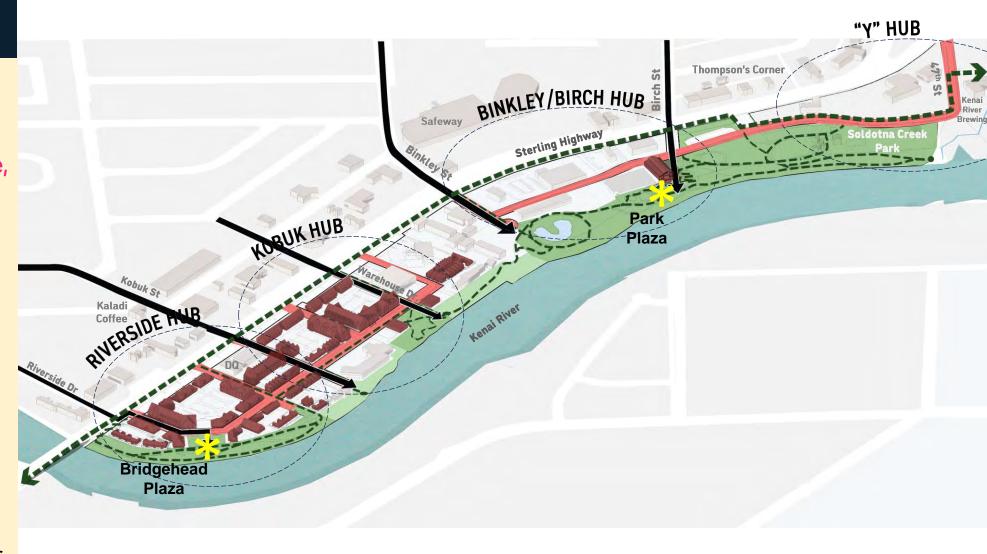
The Kenai River corridor is a woven blend of nature, wildlife, recreation & gathering



New & enhanced streets support Downtown Hubs as places to live, work, and play

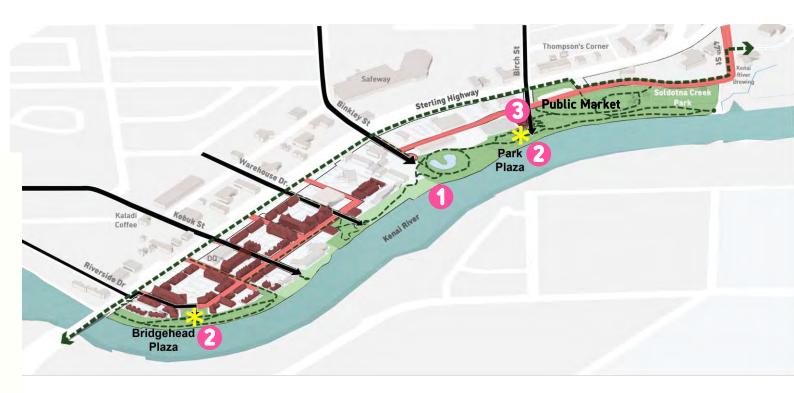


Key pathways reconnect neighborhoods to the river and destinations along Sterling Highway



What We Heard The "Big Ideas"





Land Use

Mobility

Utility

Regulatory

Land Use



Mobility

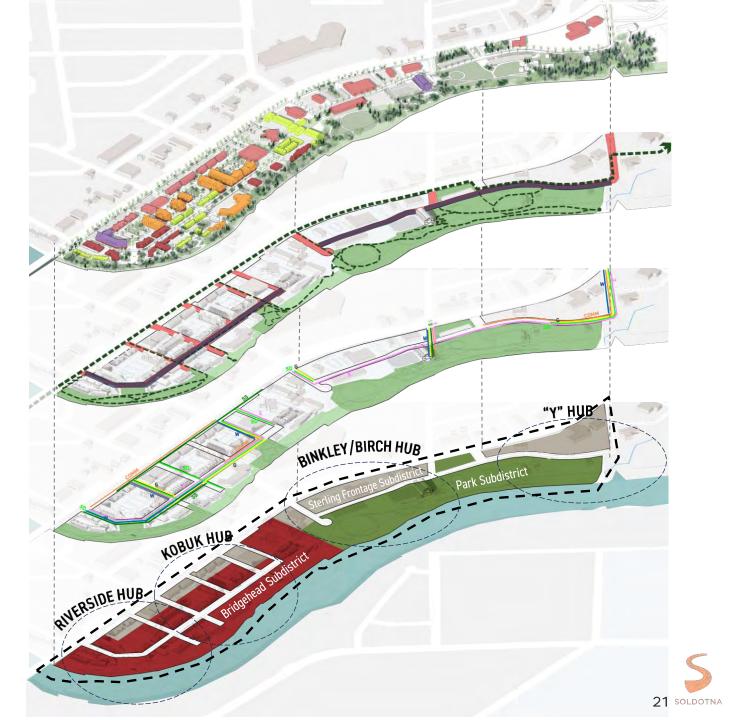


Utility



Regulatory





Land Use

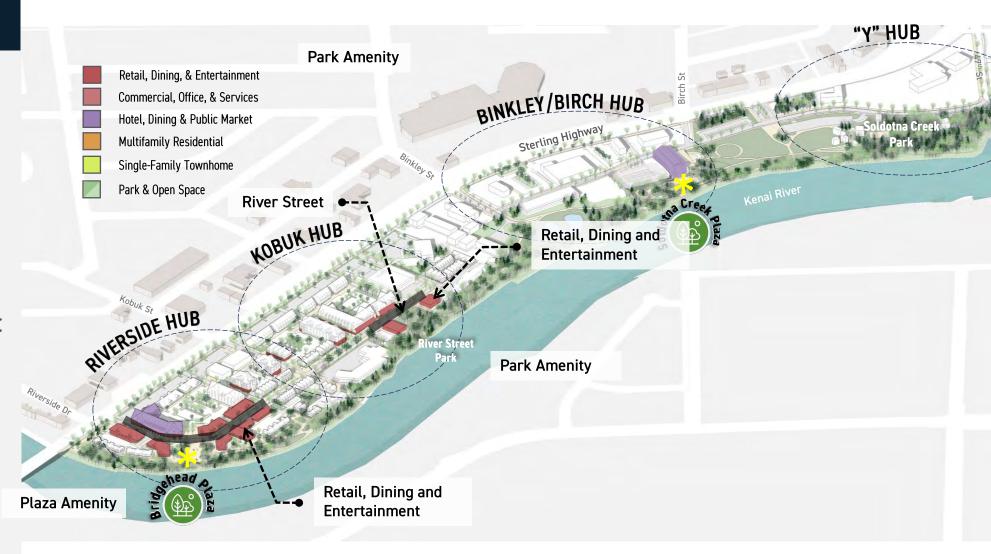
- Supports a mix of uses
 - Provides Housing Options
 - Encourages river oriented and highwayoriented development
 - Expands River
 Focused Amenities



Land Use

Retail, Dining and Entertainment

- Clustered along the River Street
- Oriented to riverfront amenities





Old Mill District

Retail, Dining & Entertainment Hub

Hotel

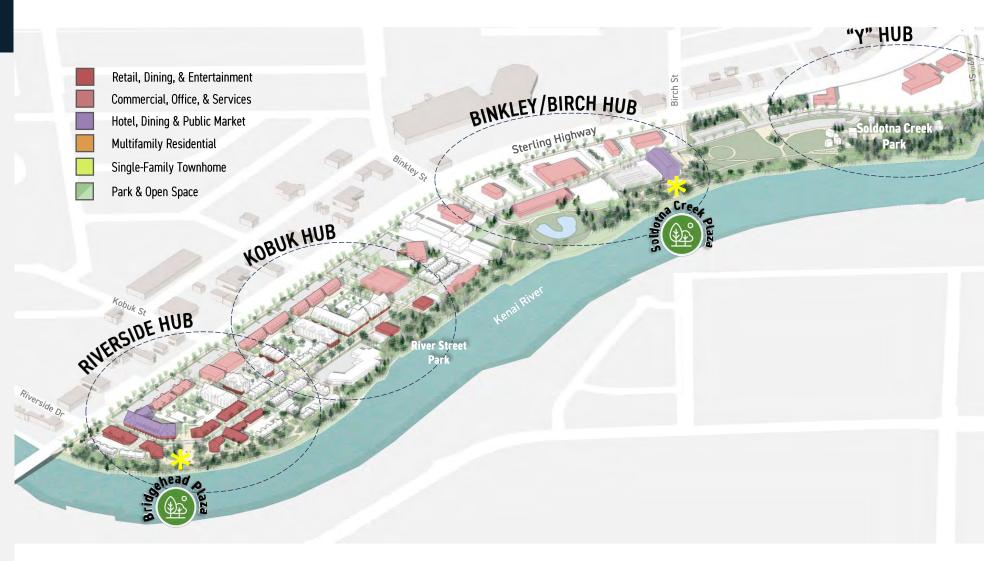
River Street Oriented Buildings

Trails & Public Plaza



Land Use Sterling Commercial

- Highway Oriented
- Supports a Broad Mix of Commercial uses
- Allows for Housing on Upper Floors

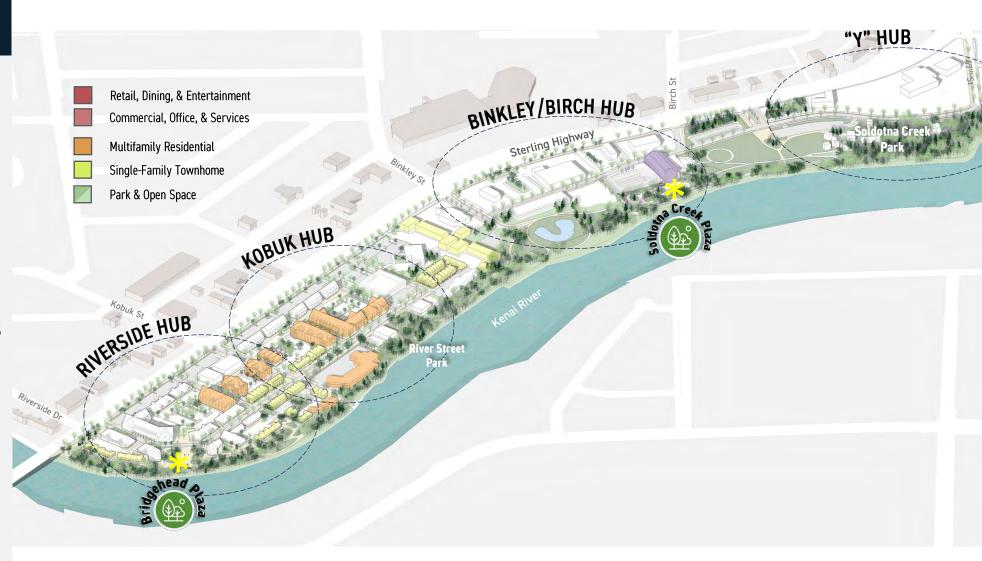




Land Use

Riverfront Neighborhood

- Market rate and Affordable Housing
- Mixed Use Apartments over Commercial
 - Townhomes



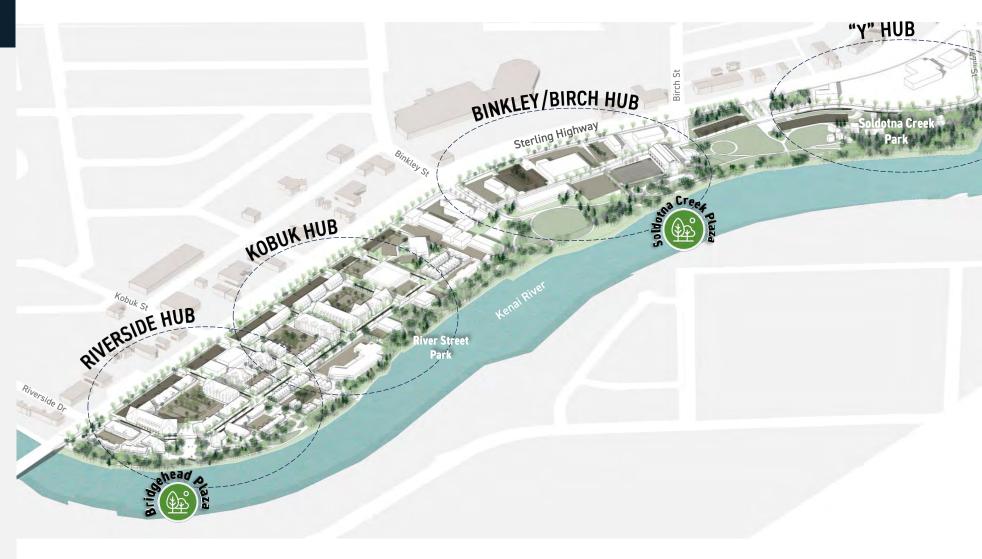


Parking

Minimum Parking Requirement:

- 1 Space per 400 Square Feet of Development
- 1 space per unit

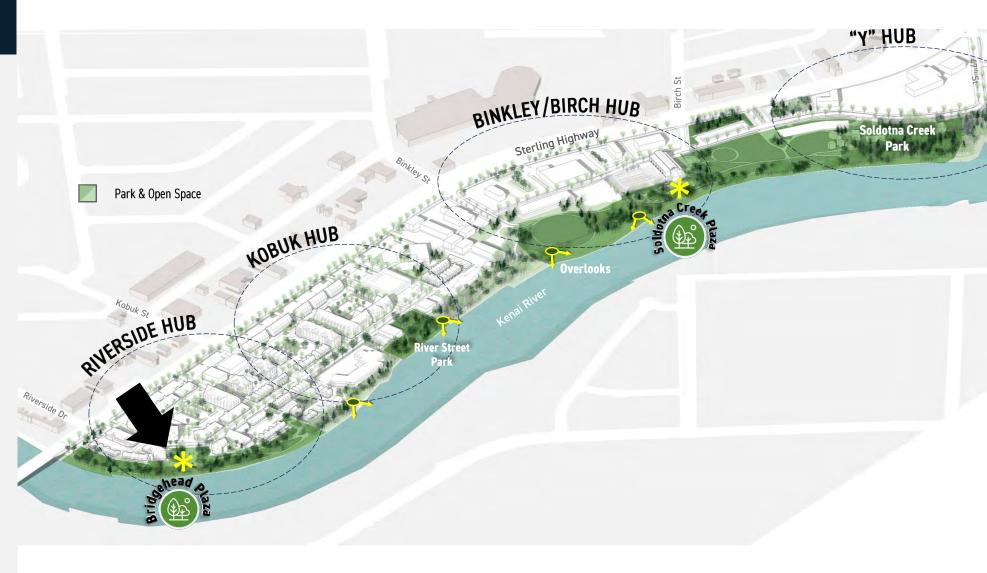
Allow On-street Parking and Sterling Frontage to count toward requirement



Land Use

Public Gathering:

- Parks
- Plazas
- Open Space





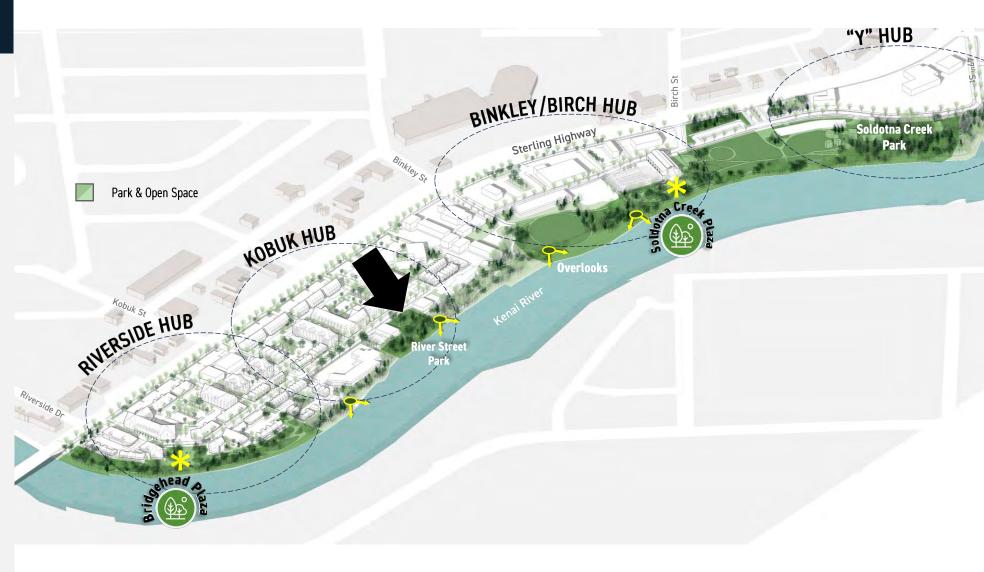




Land Use

Public Gathering:

- Parks
- Plazas
- Open Space





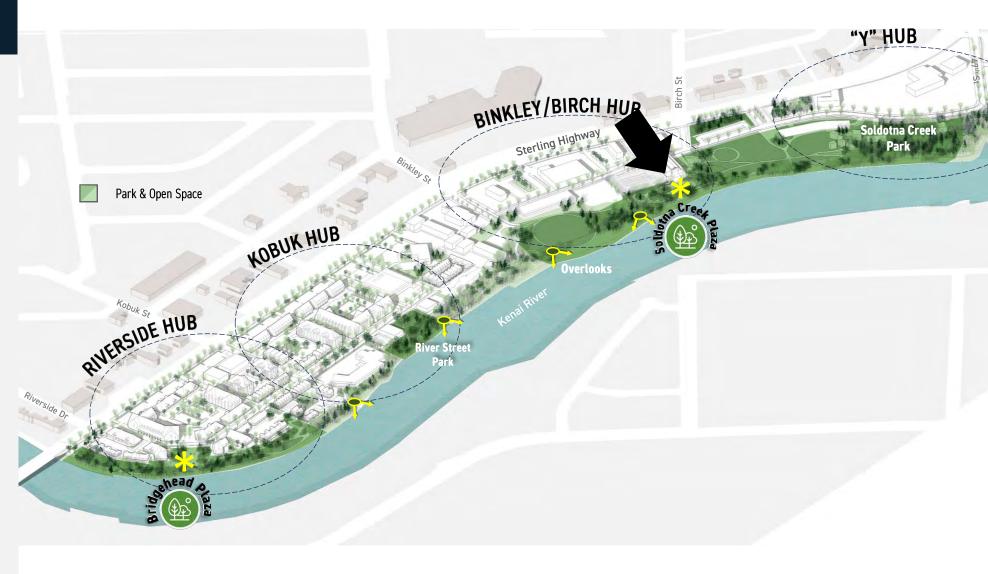


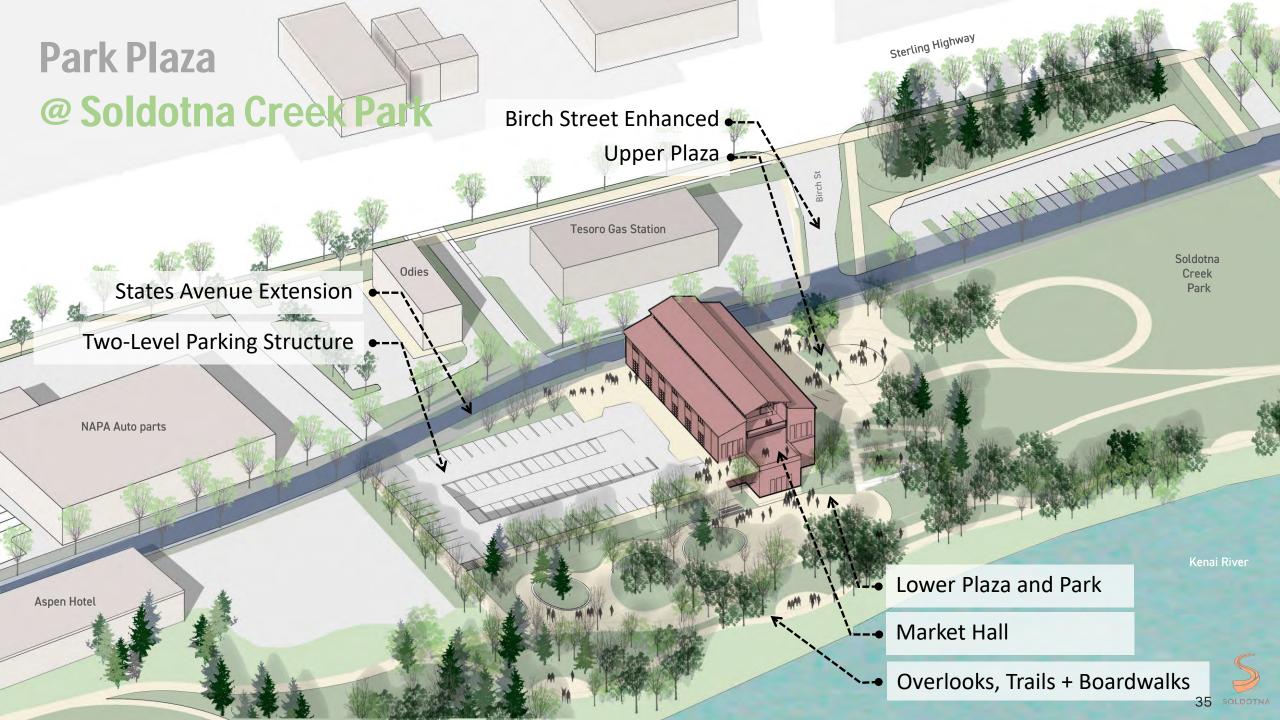


Land Use

Public Gathering:

- Parks
- Plazas
- Open Space

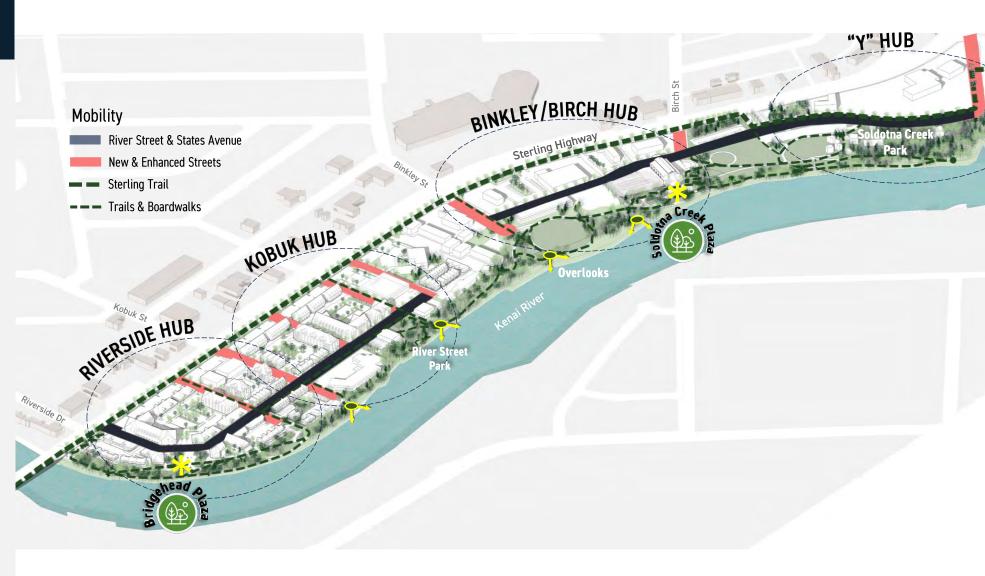






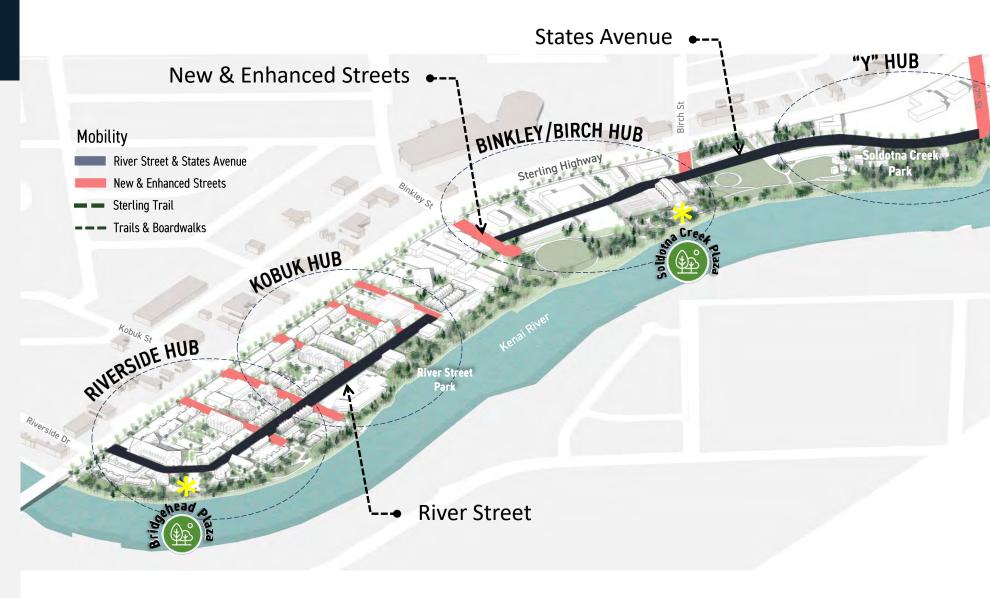
Mobility

- River Street
- States Avenue
- New & Enhanced Streets
- Trails & Boardwalks



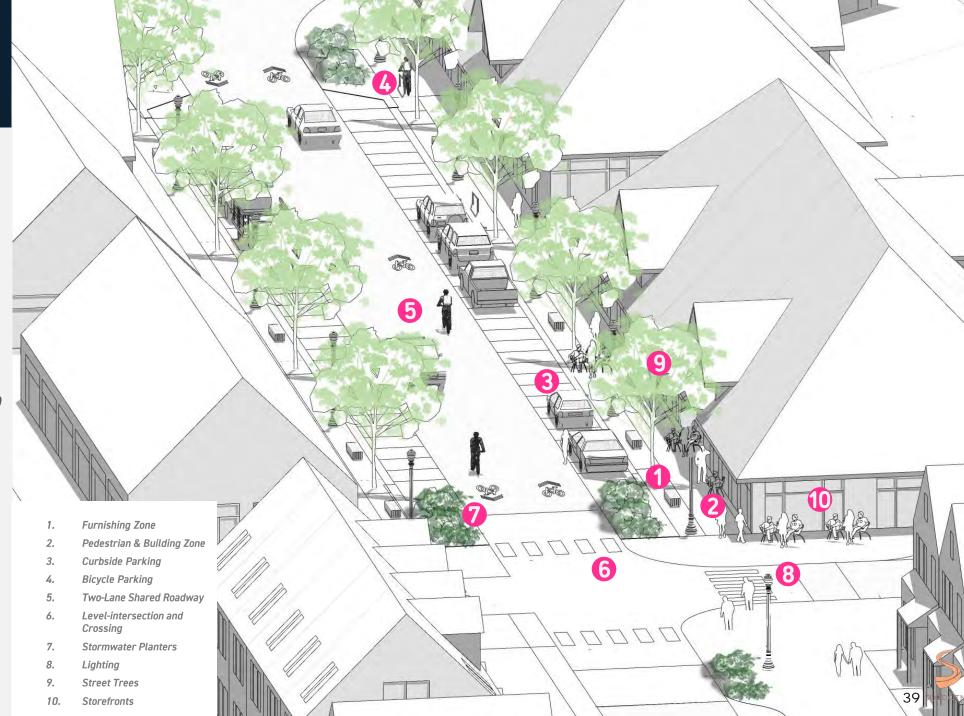
Mobility

- River Street
- States Avenue
- New & Enhanced Streets



Street Anatomy Principles:

- Prioritize walking and biking
- Support outdoor dining & seating
- Manage stormwater to promote river habitat
- Provide a safe—"slow traffic" and a well-lit street
- Promote Universal Access for all Users



Mobility

Trails and Boardwalks:

- 1. Riverfront Trail + Boardwalk
- 2. Sterling Trail
- 3. Connecting Trail

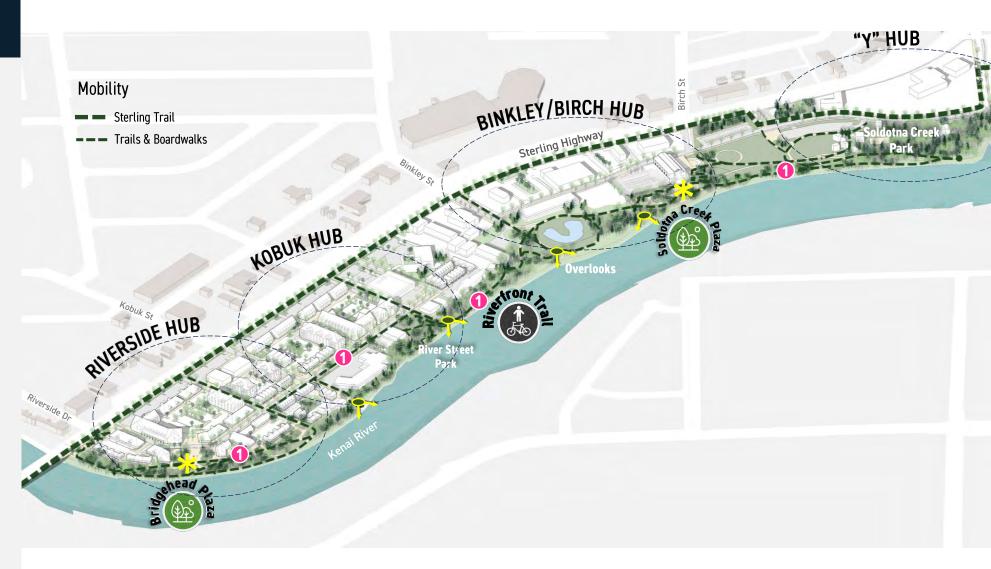




Mobility

Trails and Boardwalks:

1. Riverfront Trail + Boardwalk





Mobility

Trails and Boardwalks:

- Riverfront Trail + Boardwalk
- 2. Sterling Trail

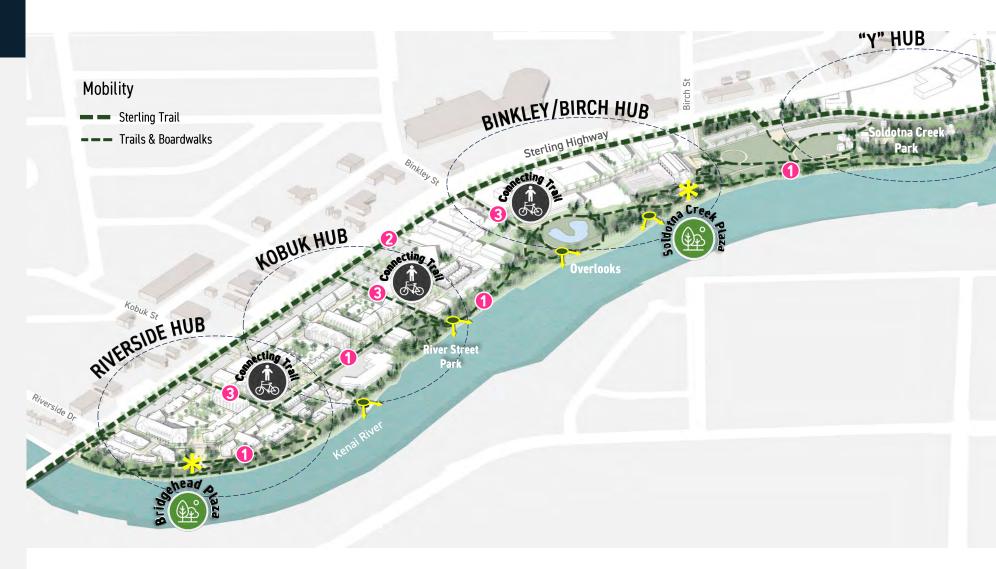




Mobility

Trails and Boardwalks:

- Riverfront Trail + Boardwalk
- 2. Sterling Trail
- 3. Connecting Trail







Mobility

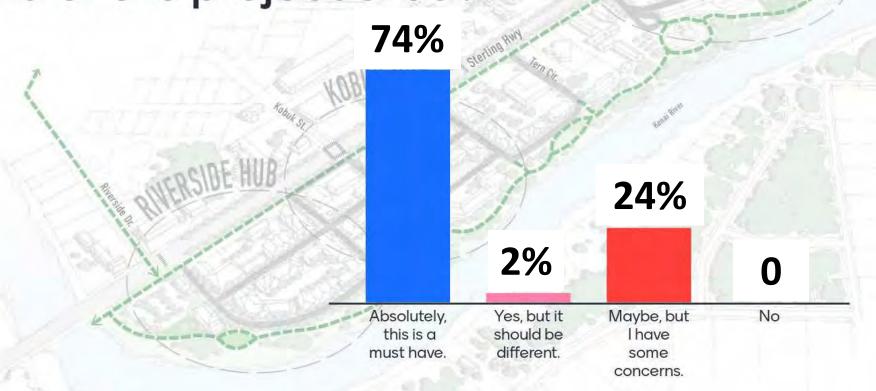
Trails and Boardwalk Principles:

- Promote Continuous Trail Access
- Balance River Access+ Riparian Health
- Provide a Network of Trail "Loops"



Downtown Riverfront Redevelopment Plan Workshop

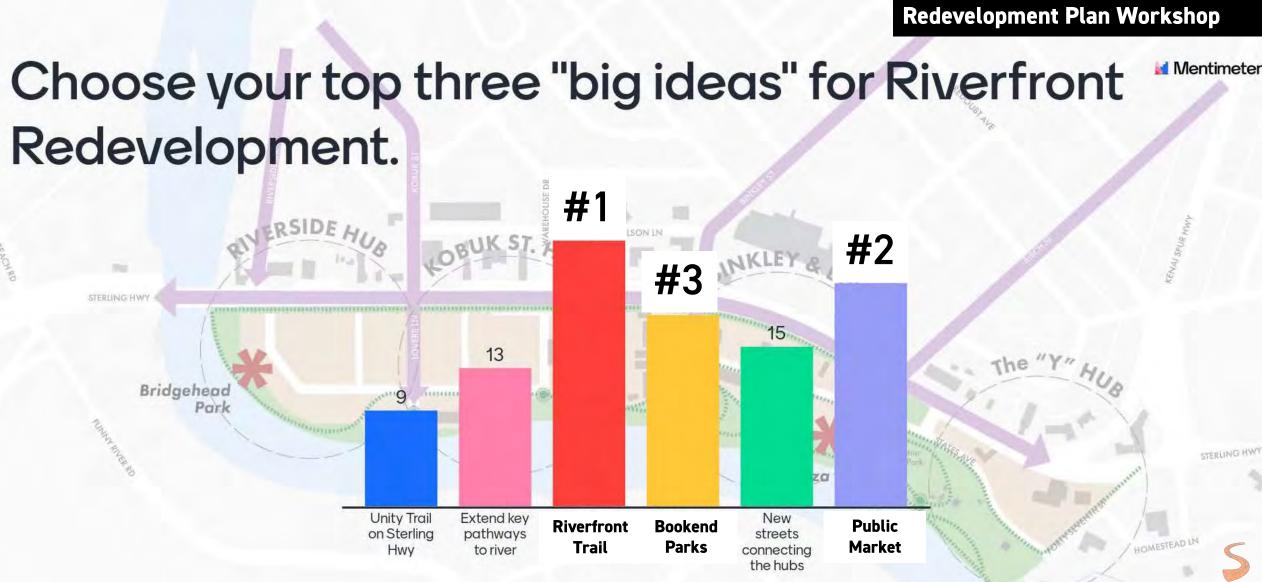
Should this project continue to pursue a new Riverfront Trail to connect public gathering at each end of the project area?

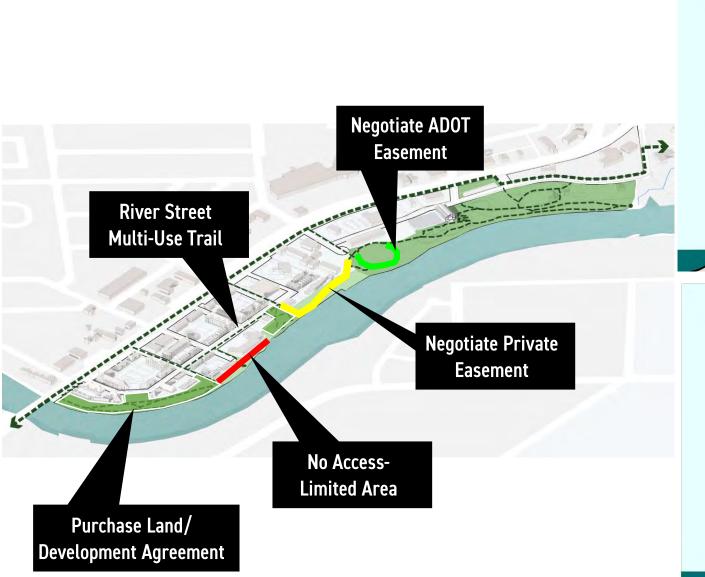


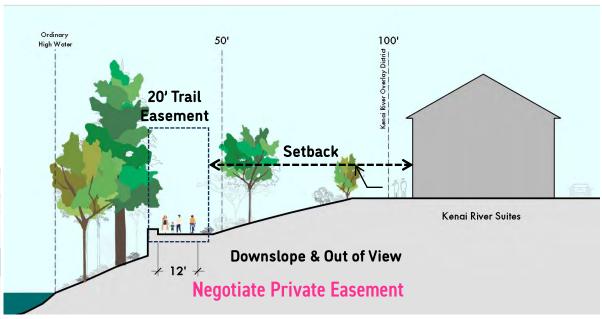


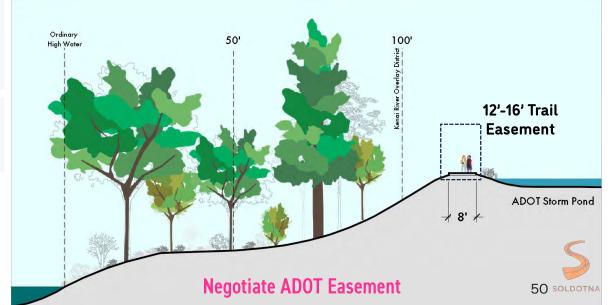
Mentimeter

Downtown Riverfront











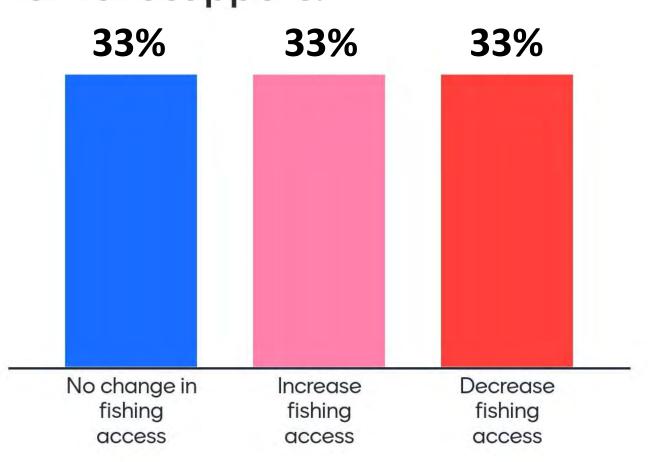




Kenai River Fish Habitat Symposium

Mentimeter

What kind of fishing access can this area of the riverfront support?



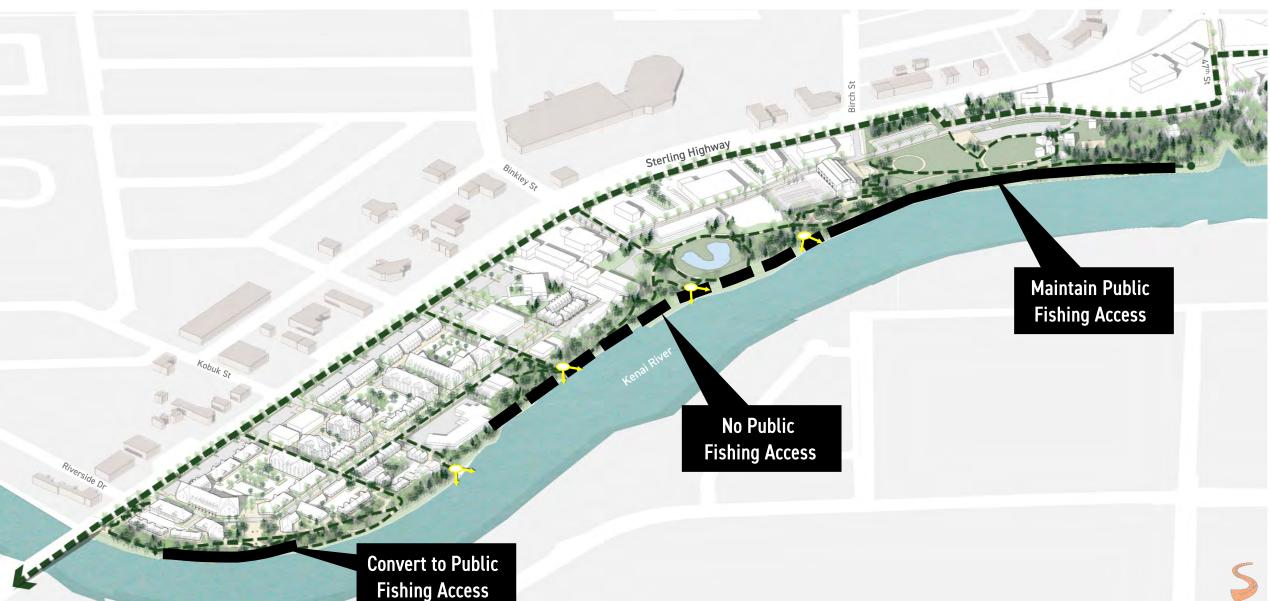


Kenai River Fish Habitat Symposium

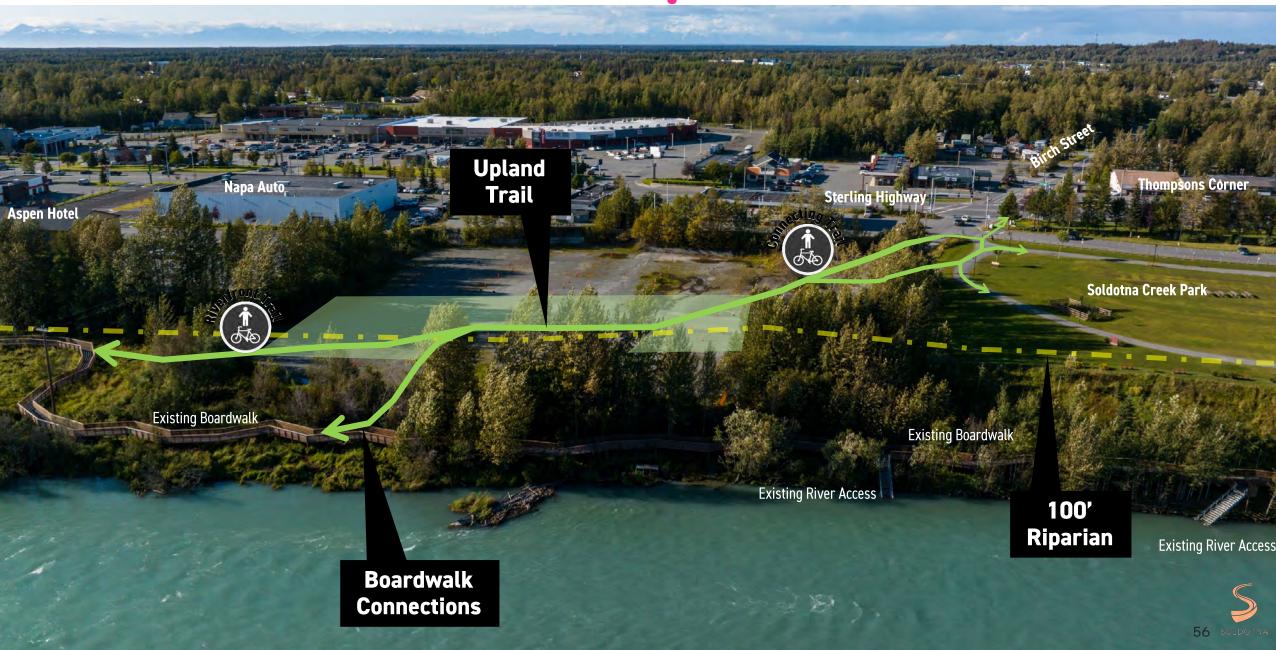
What are major river and riparian habitat concerns with redevelopment?

Mentimeter









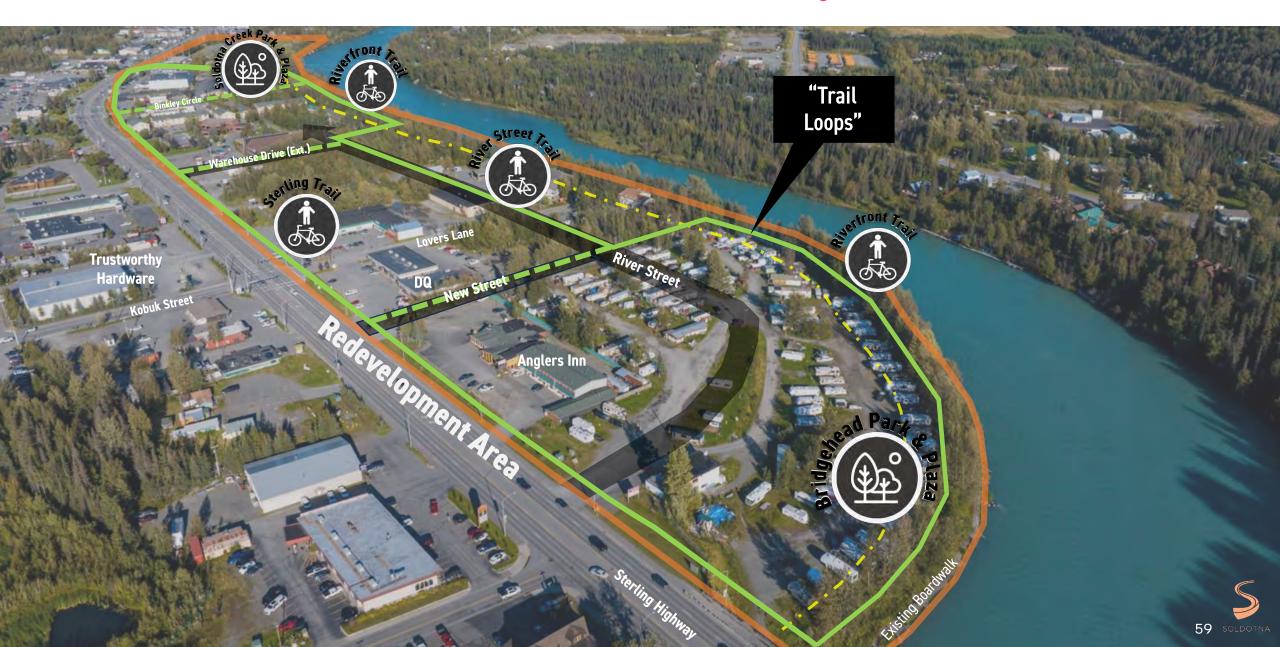
Balance River Access + Riparian Health



Balance River Access + Riparian Health



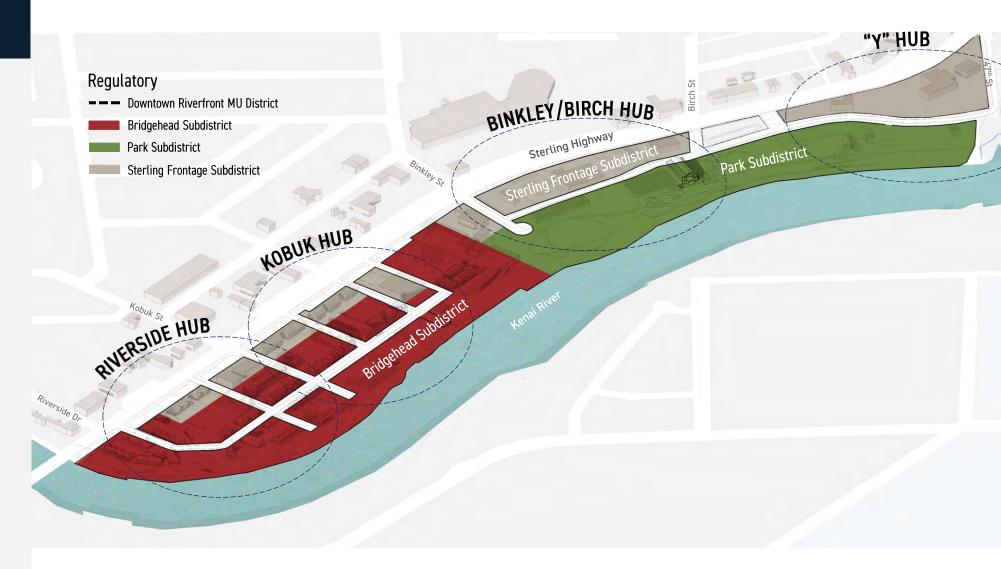
Provide a Network of "Trail Loops"



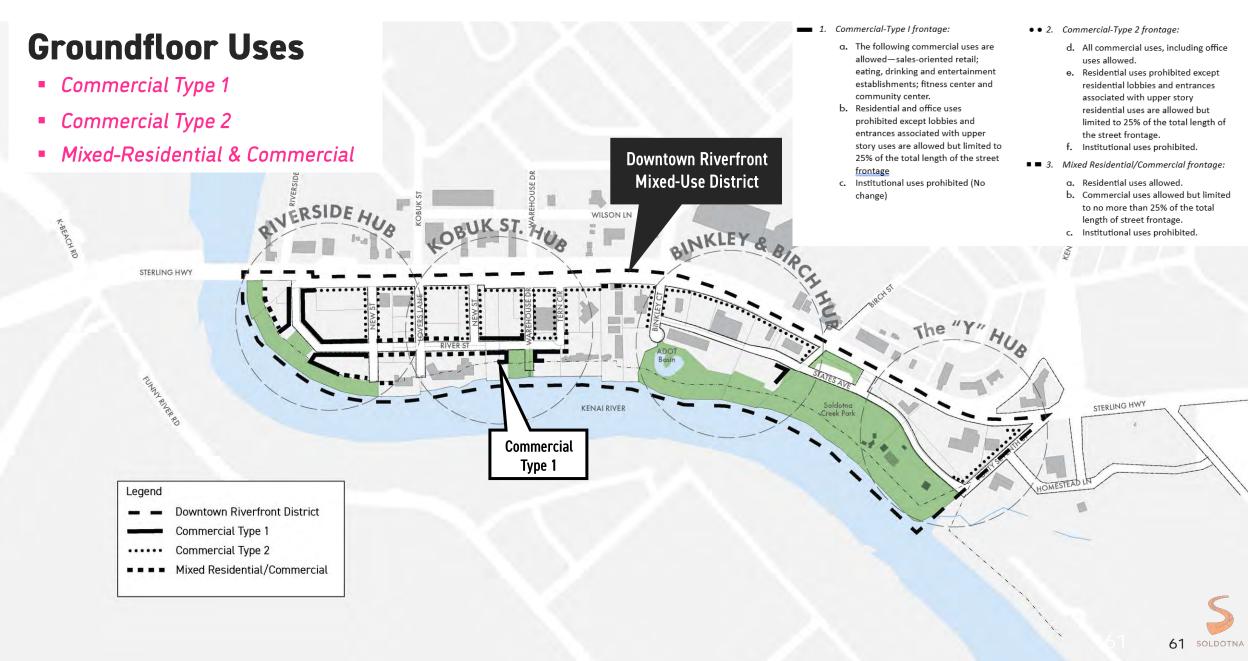
FRAMEWORKS

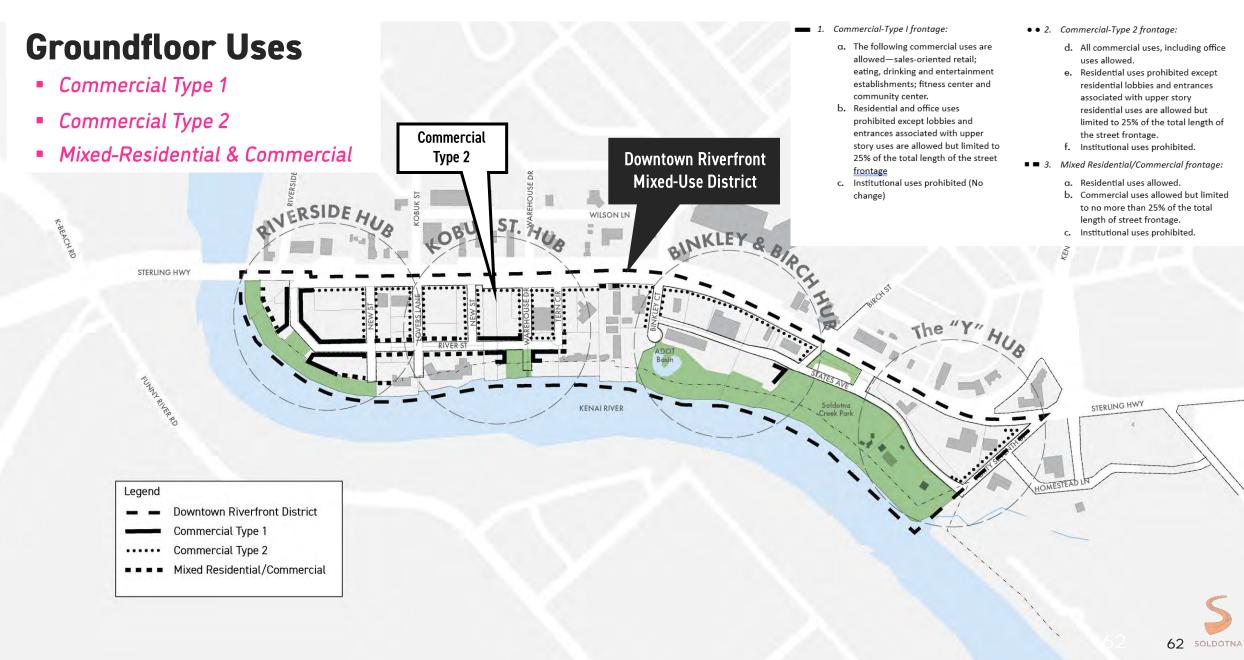
Regulatory

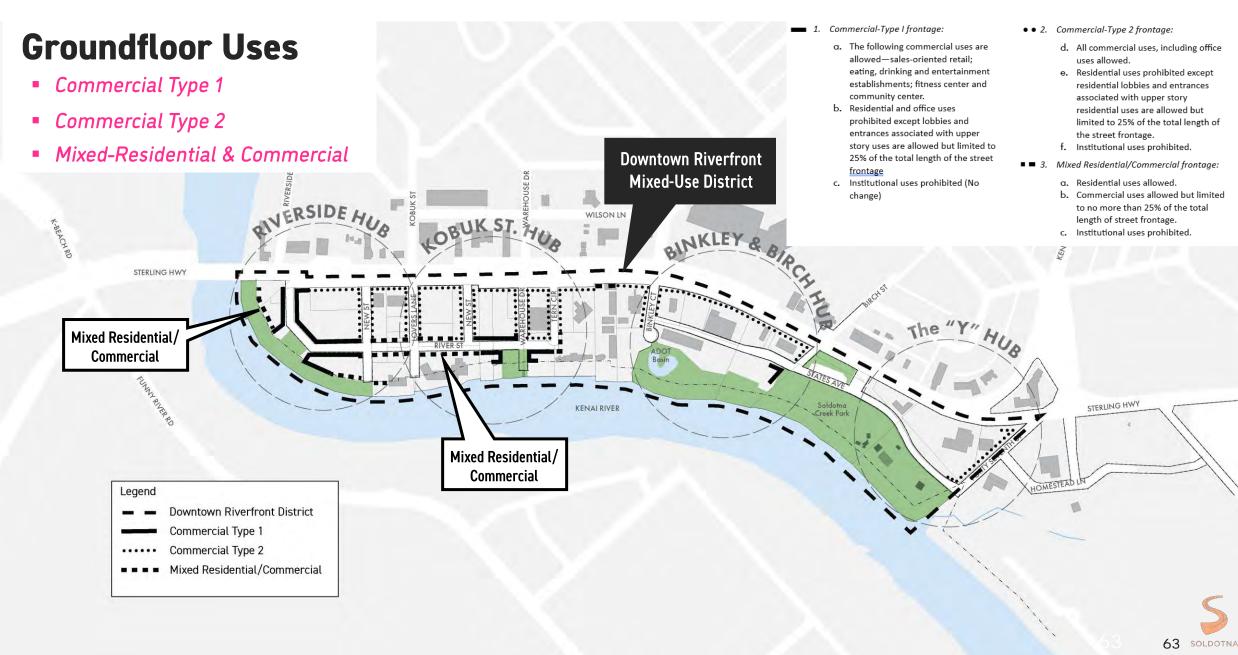
- New Mixed-Use Overlay
- Tailor Uses to Distinct Subdistricts
- Promote a walkable downtown

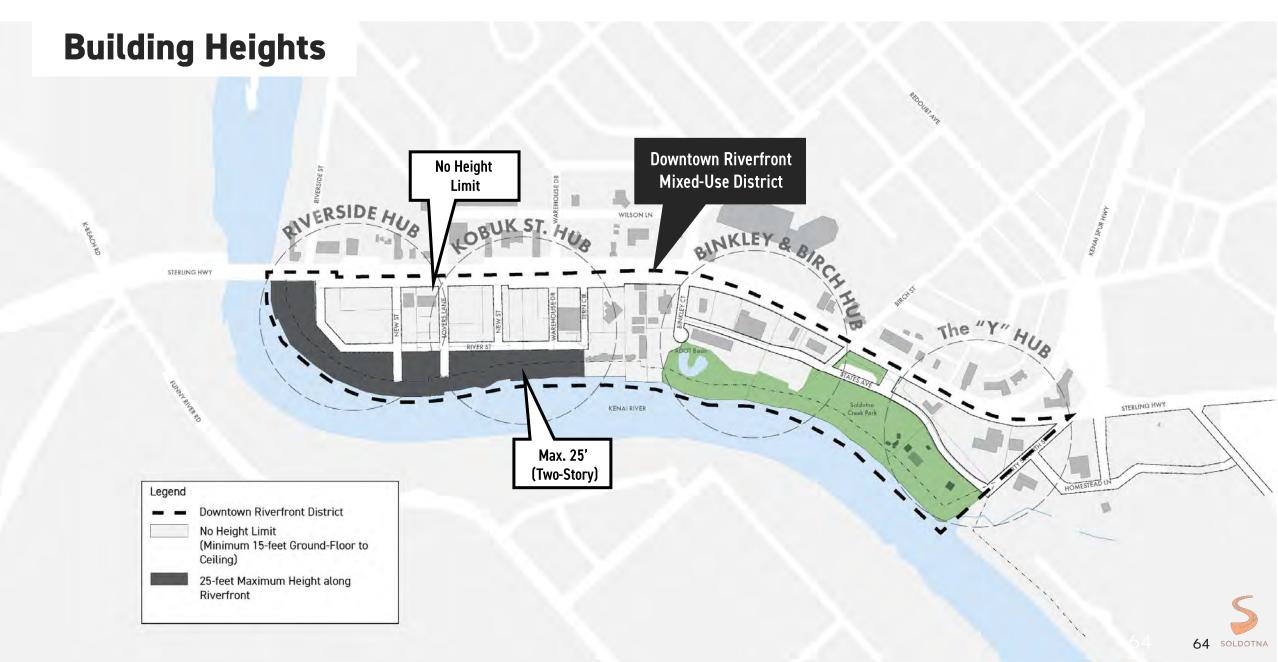


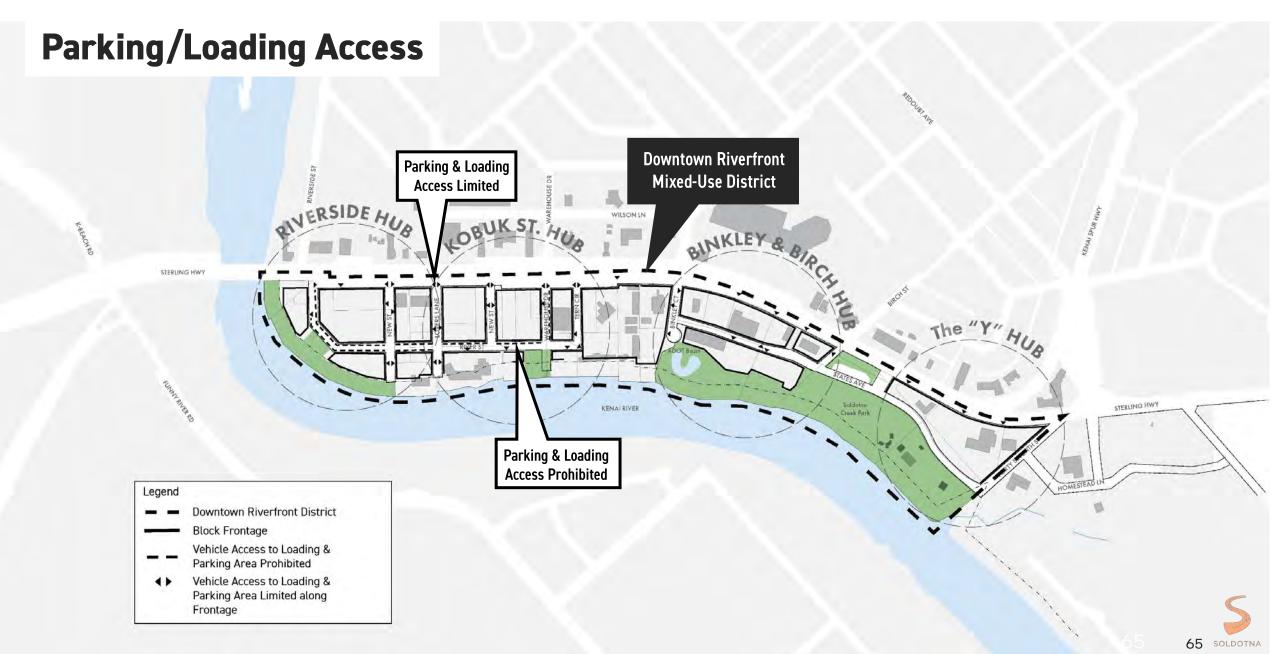












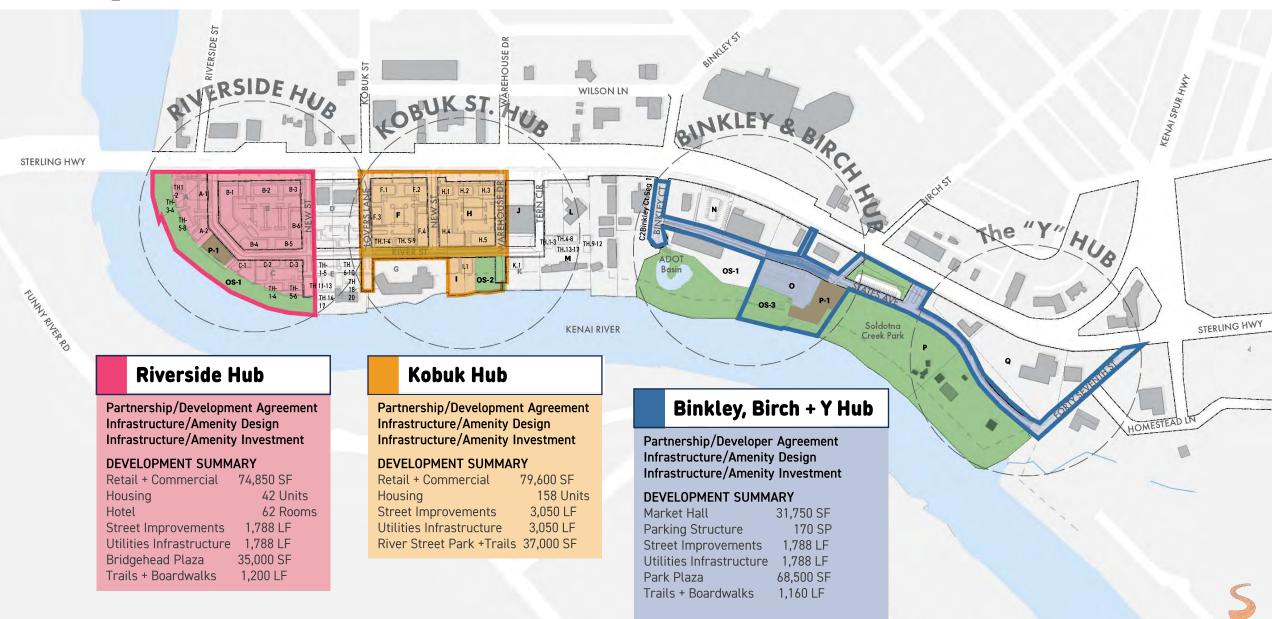
IMPLEMENTATION

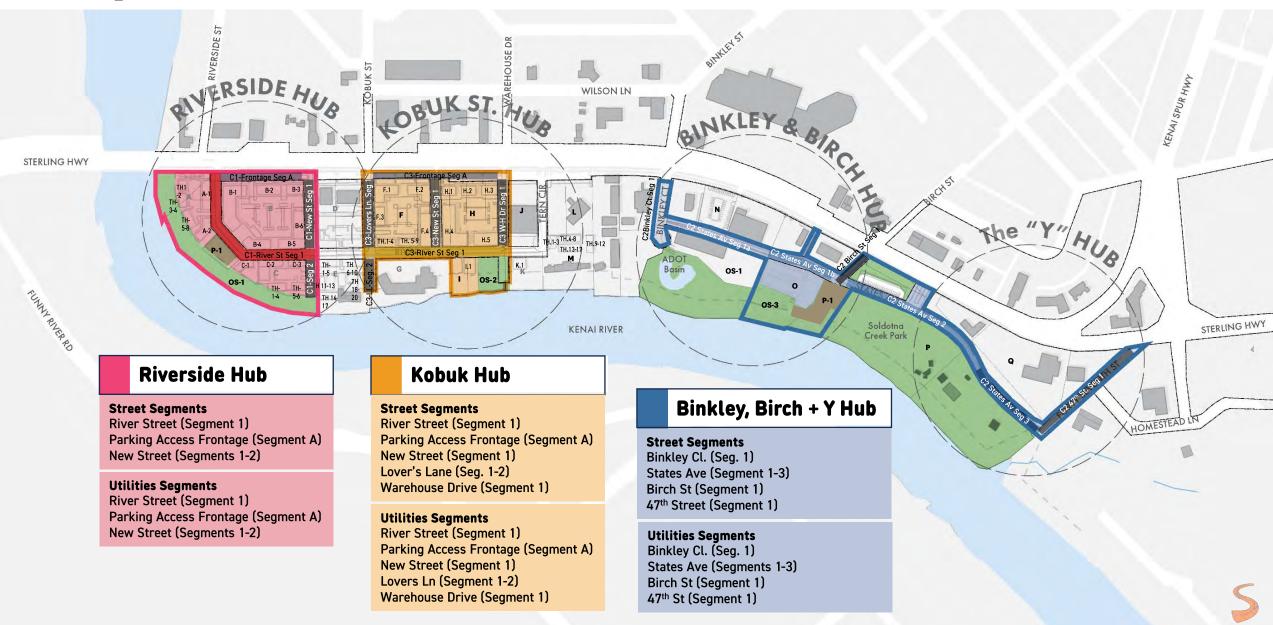
Catalysts + Phasing

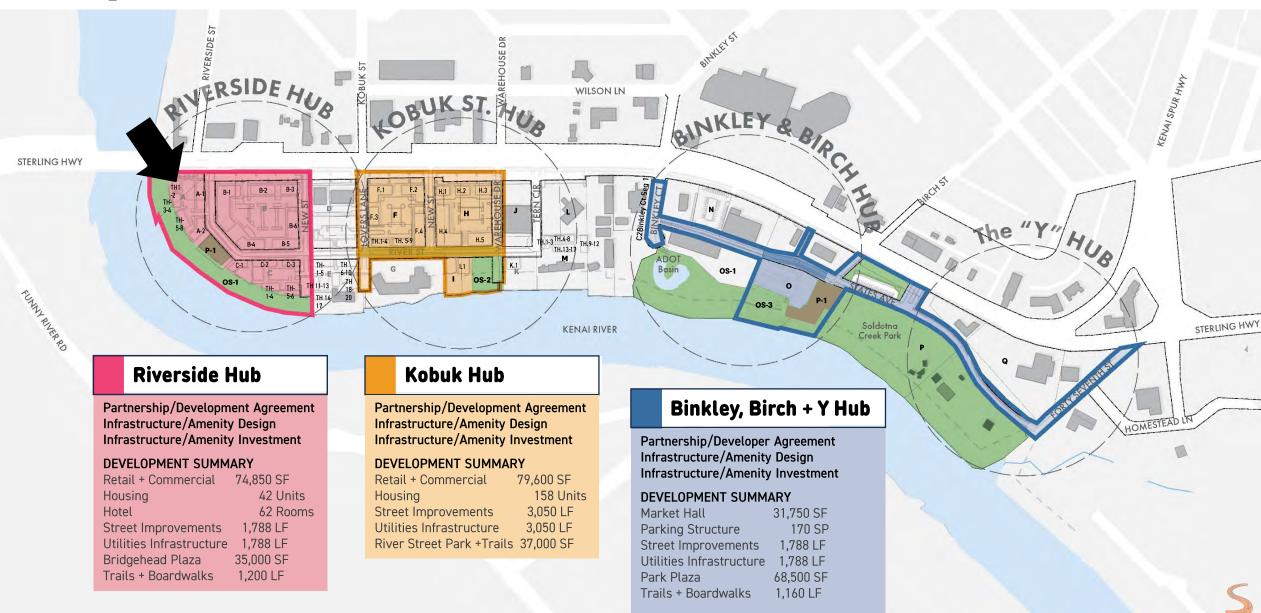
Funding

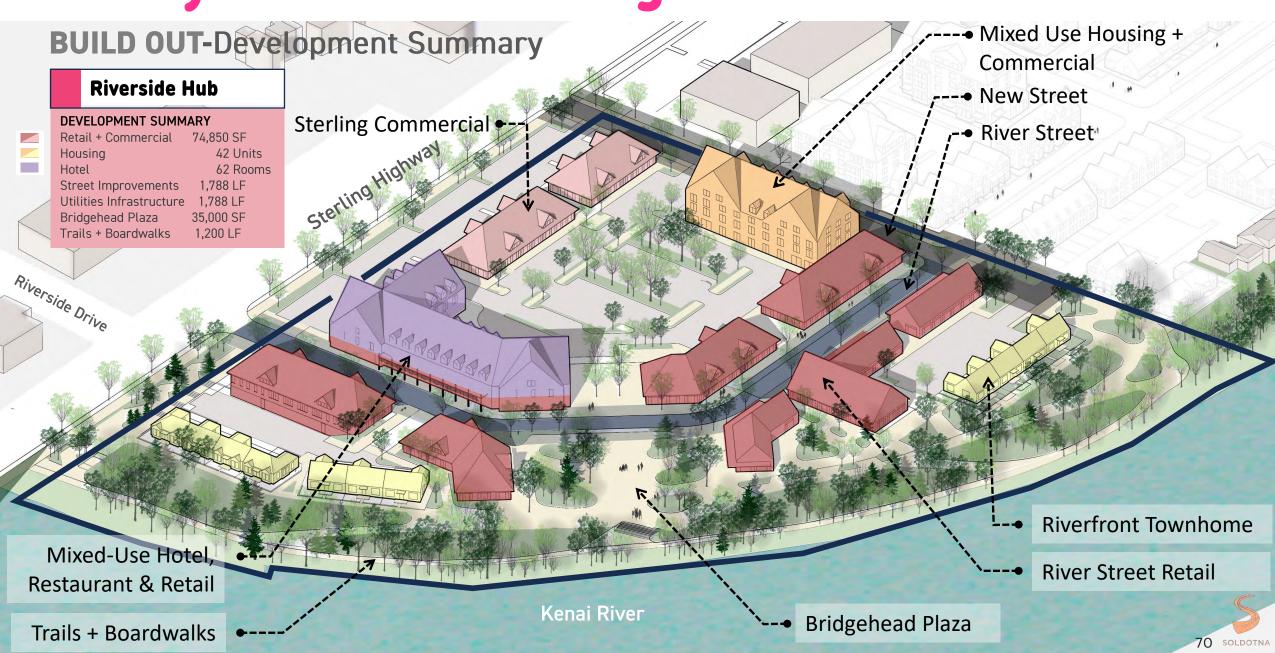
Action Plan

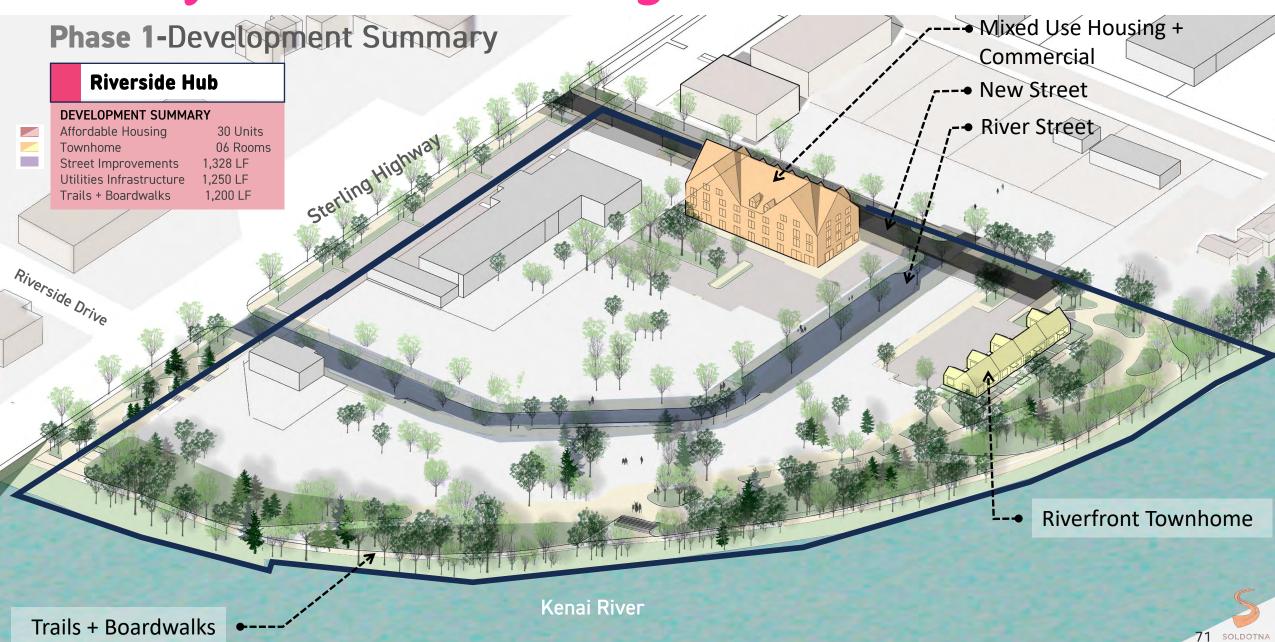


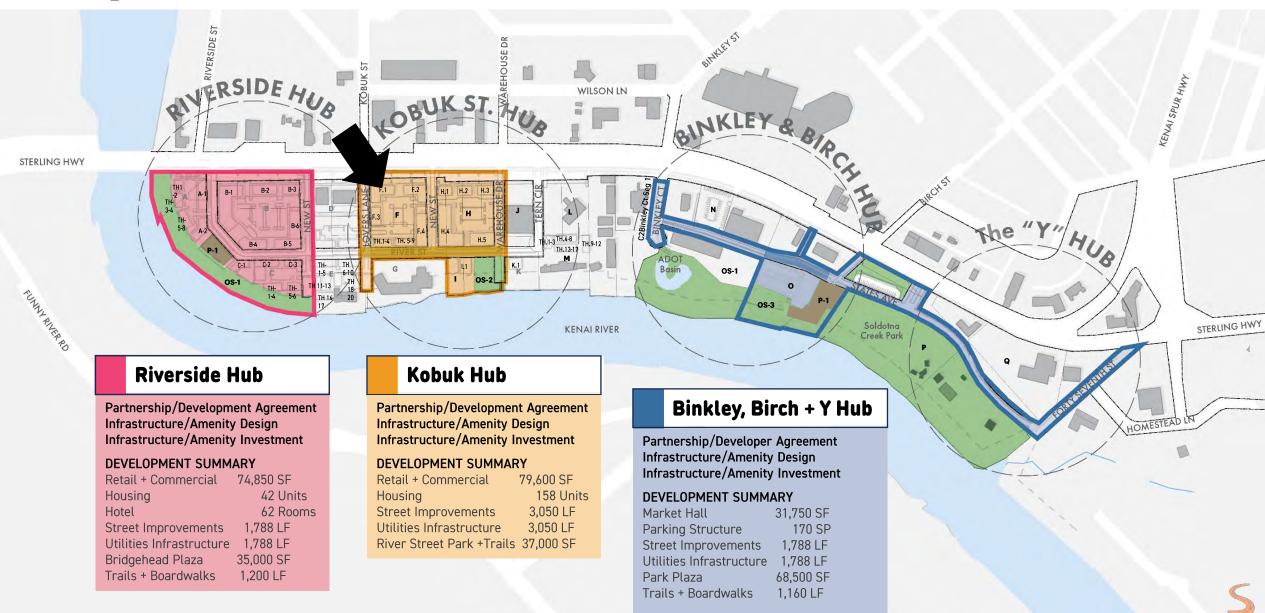




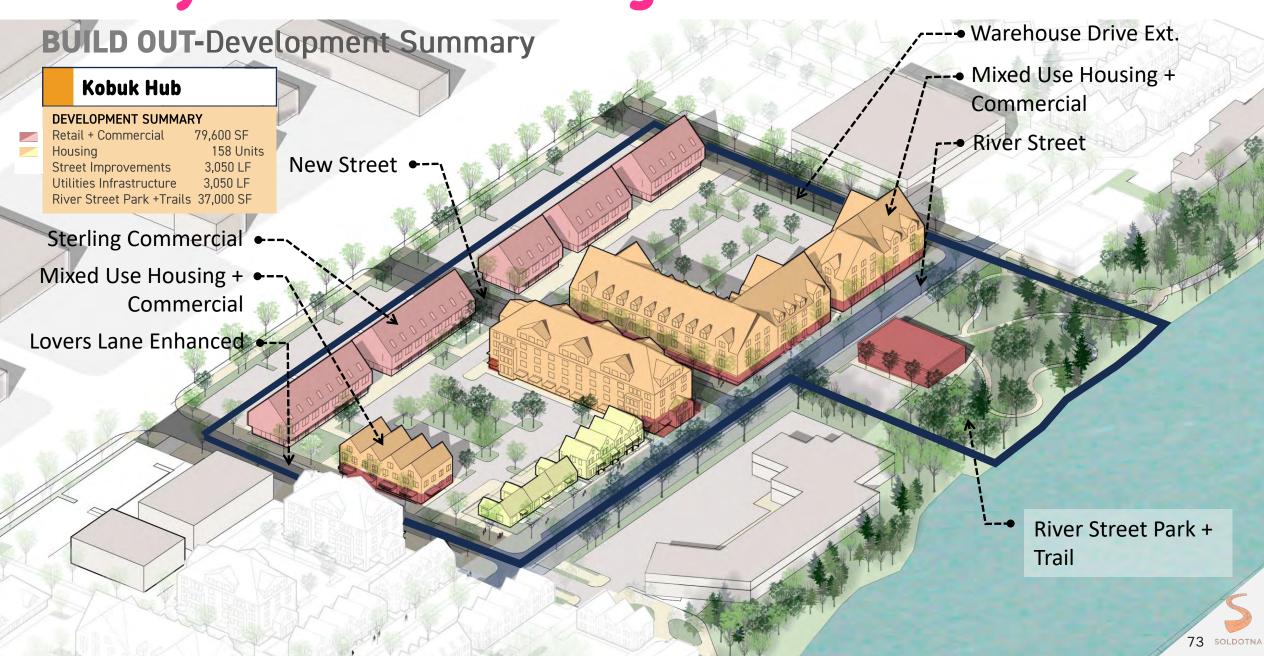




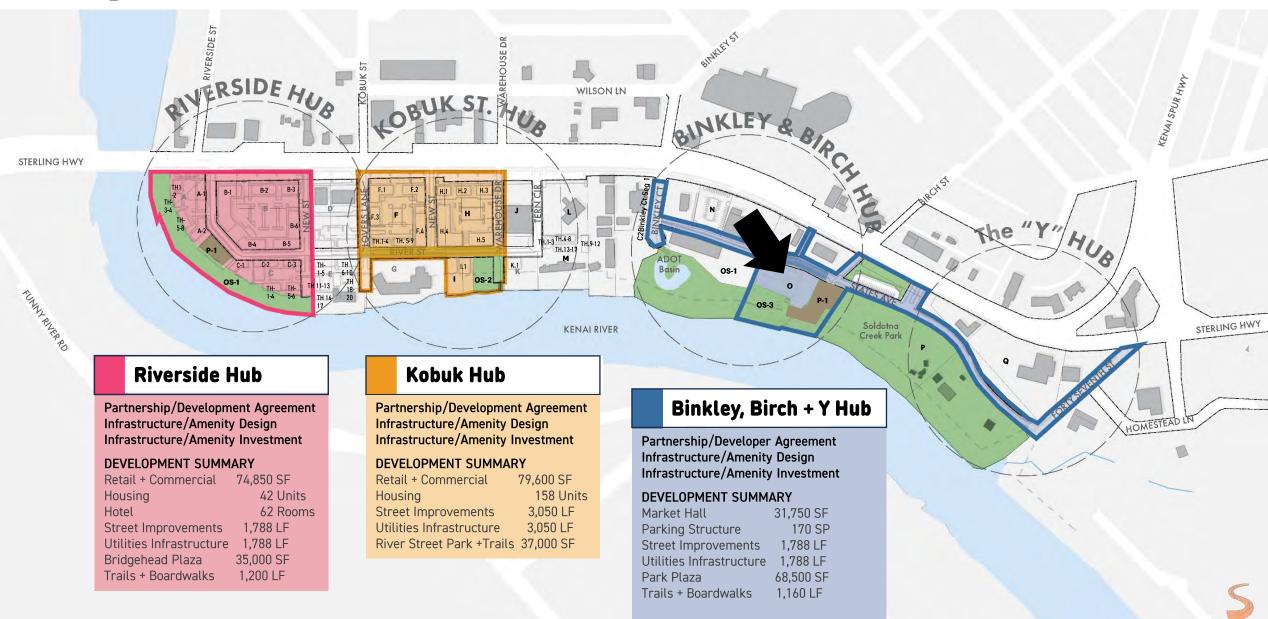




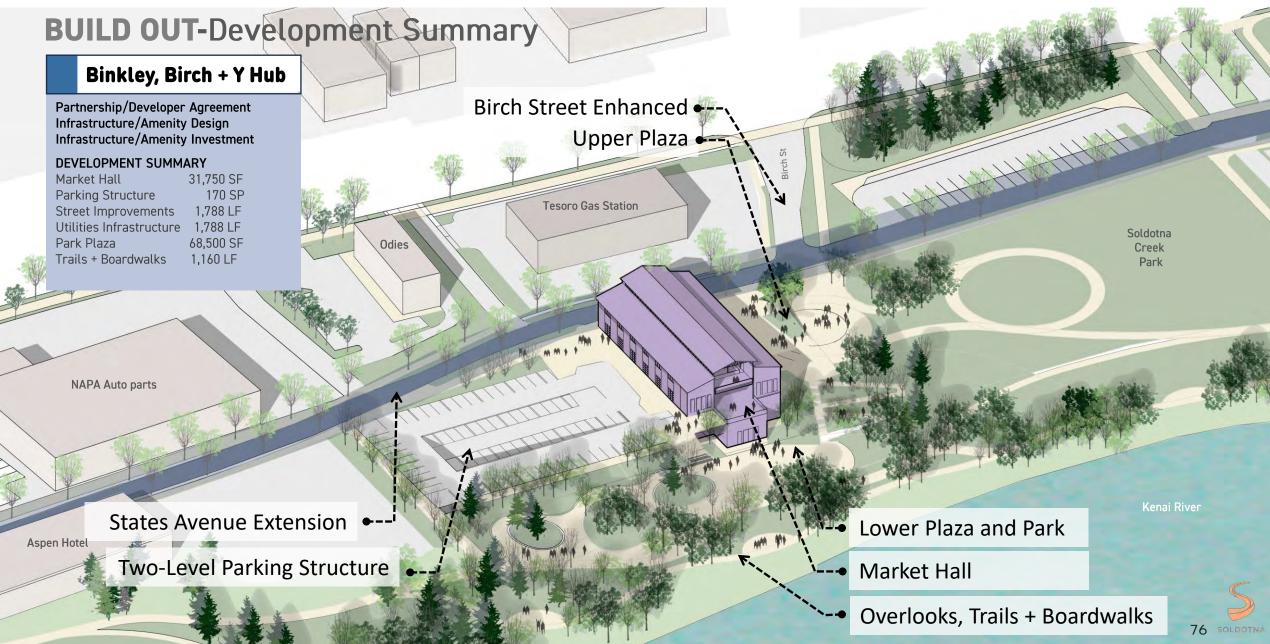
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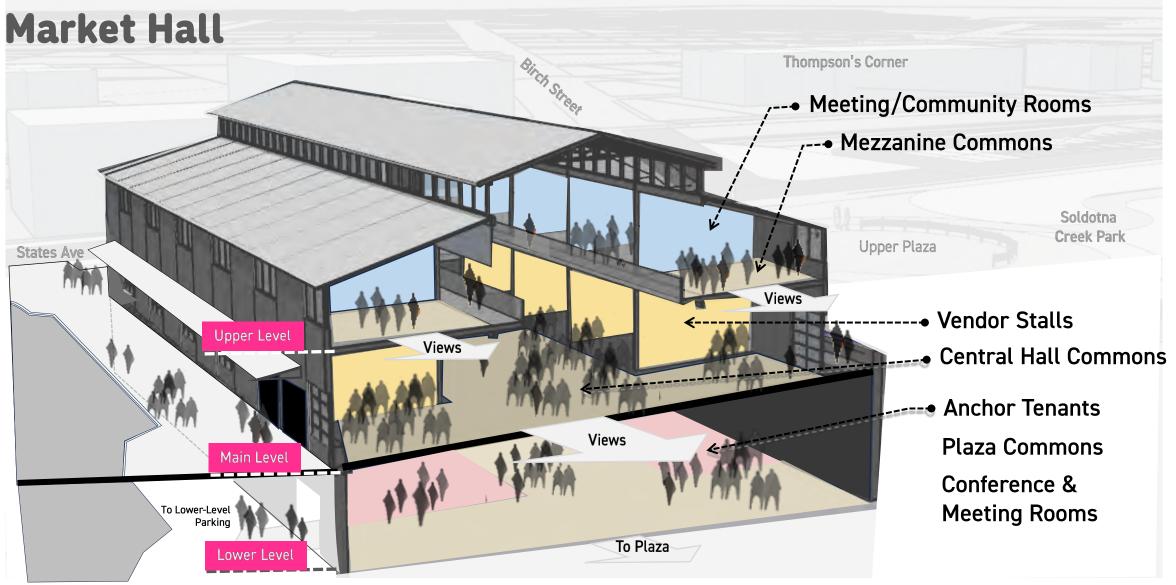




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"Y" HUB Impacts - PHASE ONE States Avenue Extension We modeled Phase 1 of the Market Hall & Structured Parking BINKLEY/BIRCH HUB Riverside Hub AND full build out of Market Hall w/necessary infrastructure (Birch, Binkley & "Y" hub) **Upper & Lower Plazas** KOBUK HUB Trails + Boardwalks **New Street** RIVERSIDE HUB -- 30 Units Affordable Housing River Street **Riverfront Townhome**

Trails + Boardwalks

Impacts - PHASE ONE

We modeled Phase 1 of the Riverside Hub AND full build out of Market Hall w/necessary infrastructure (Birch, Binkley & "Y" hub)

- River Street and New Street
 - Improves safety, accessibility, multimobility
 - New opportunities for private development
- Trail and Boardwalk
 - Enhances access to the riverfront

- Affordable Housing: 30 Units
 - Affordable for those who work and live in Soldotna; additional customers
- Townhomes: 6 Units
 - Brings private investment to the area; additional customers
- Market Hall
 - 18-23 affordable retail stalls, supports the business development pipeline, community gathering space

Impacts - PHASE ONE

We modeled Phase 1 of Catalyst Site 1 AND full build out of Market Hall w/necessary infrastructure

Total Construction Impacts over 5-Year Buildout

- 572 total jobs
 - Direct: 430 jobs
 - Secondary: 142 jobs
- \$28.6 million in labor income
 - Direct: \$23 million
 - Secondary: \$5.6 million
- \$1.4 million in total taxes
 - Local & state

- Development to Infrastructure Ratio: 3.6
 - Every \$1.00 spent on infrastructure would support \$3.60 in development
- *The City may choose to financially support the market hall and/or affordable housing
- *Infrastructure is necessary to attract private development but does not guarantee development



Implementation

Funding Sources

Local, Public Revenue Sources

- General Fund
- Establish new source
 - Transient Occupancy Taxes
 - Urban Renewal
 - Special Assessment District
 - Bonds
 - Development Driven Sources (SDC, CET)
 - User Fees

Grants and Loans

- State (Transportation, Natural Resources, Commerce, etc.)
- Federal (USDOT, EDA, EPA, USDA, HUD)
- Foundations (Rasmuson Foundation, Kenai Peninsula Foundation, AARP)

Philanthropy

Fundraising, sponsorship, naming rights



Implementation Steps - Phase One

Site Ownership and Remediation

Do First

ANSWER CRITICAL QUESTIONS

- Are you purchasing the land or partnering with the owner?
- Does the site require remediation?

IF THE SITE REQUIRES REMEDIATION

Seek federal grant funding to support remediation (EDA, EPA)

Implementation Steps – Phase One

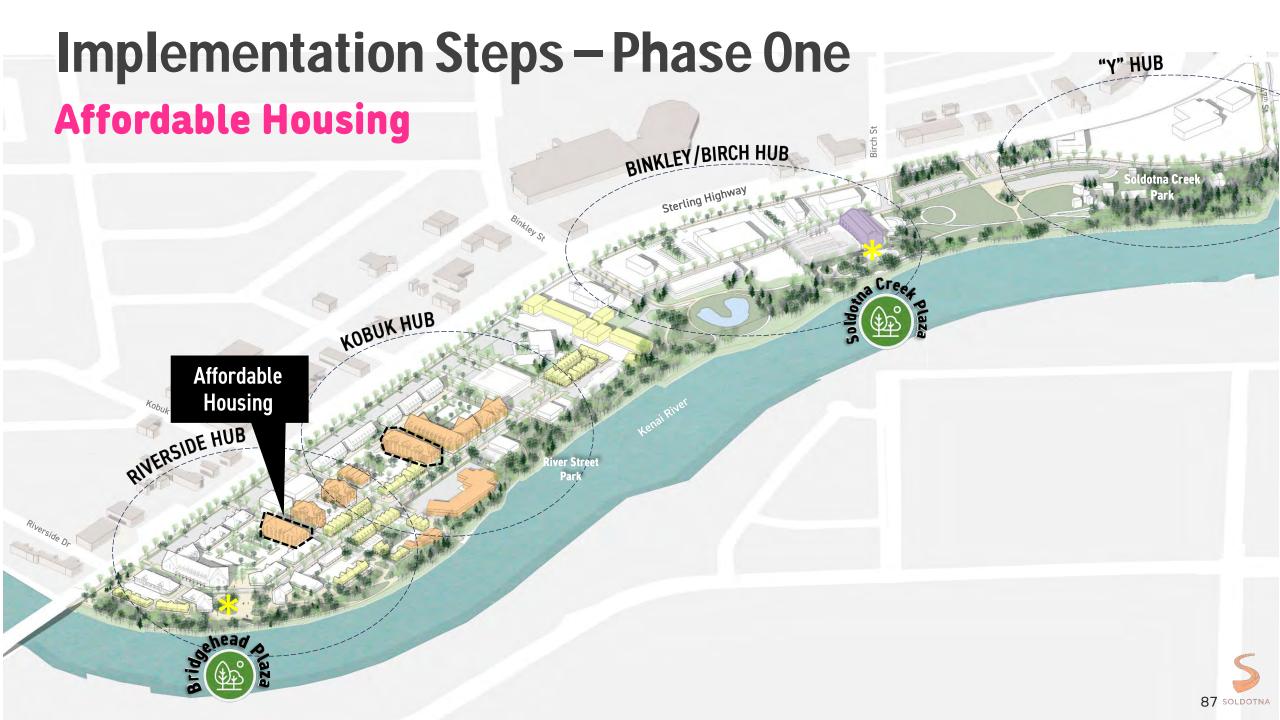
Infrastructure, Utilities, Trails

Do First

- Identify and prioritize catalytic infrastructure projects
- Secure funding through grants or CIP for 30% construction of Phase 1 infrastructure, utilities, trails
- Complete 30% construction documentation for roadway, utilities, boardwalk, and trail design

Do Second

- Obtain right of way
- Secure funding through grants or CIP for 100% construction
- Complete 100% construction documentation and prepare bid package
- Select contractor
- Complete permitting and construction



Implementation Steps – Phase One

Affordable Housing

Do First

ANSWER CRITICAL QUESTIONS

- Agree that affordable housing is a priority
- Consider the City's preferred role (initially and ongoing) as well as the City's stretch role
- Evaluate the City's capacity and interest (move forward or stop here)

IF THE CITY MOVES FORWARD

- Assign a City Project Manager
- Spread the word to potential partners and funders

Do Second

- Conduct site analysis (including infrastructure needs)
- Assign site(s)
- Determine City funding capacity (and other federal and state sources the City can leverage)
- Conduct solicitation for affordable housing project (if on City-held site)
- Build needed infrastructure, if any (note: potential CDBG usage if Consolidated Plan allows for it and affordable housing is a designated use for the site

Implementation Steps - Phase One "Y" HUB **Townhomes** BINKLEY/BIRCH HUB KOBUK HUB RIVERSIDE HUB Townhomes

Implementation Steps - Phase One

Townhomes

Do First

ANSWER CRITICAL QUESTIONS

- Agree that townhomes are a priority for phase
- Consider the City's preferred and stretch role
- Evaluate the City's capacity and interest

IF THE CITY MOVES FORWARD

- Assign a City Project Manager
- Continue conversations with property owners to understand needs and goals
- Evaluate site assemblage and/or redevelopment opportunities (inc. infrastructure needs, if any)

Do Second

IF CITY PROPERTY:

- Conduct any site remediation needed
- Evaluate infrastructure needs, if any, and determine phasing
- Conduct developer solicitation

IF PRIVATE PROPERTY

- Evaluate infrastructure needs, if any
- Determine City role, if any, in matchmaking with developers, infrastructure investment, etc.





Implementation Steps – Phase One

Market Hall

Do First

ANSWER CRITICAL QUESTIONS

- Agree on purpose and objectives of market hall
- Consider the City's preferred role in development and ongoing operations
- Evaluate the City's capacity and interest

IF THE CITY MOVES FORWARD

- Assign a City Project Manager
- Conduct programming and location analysis
- Conduct a preliminary fundraising analysis
- Seek or provide next phase project funding
- Evaluate potential operator options

Do Second

- Form stakeholder "Blue Ribbon" committee
- Determine preferred site
- Identify operator (organization or individual)
- Refine programming and conduct preliminary design
- Obtain cost estimate
- Develop fundraising plan





Economic Impacts

Full Buildout (inclusive of Phase 1)

Total Construction Impacts over Full Buildout

- 2,070 total jobs
 - Direct: 1,550 jobs
 - Secondary: 520 jobs
- \$110 million in labor income
 - Direct: \$88 million
 - Secondary: \$22 million
- \$5.1 million in total taxes
 - Local & state

- Development to Infrastructure Ratio: 5.3
 - Every \$1.00 spent on infrastructure would support \$5.30 in development
- *The City may choose to financially support the market hall and/or affordable housing
- *Infrastructure is necessary to attract private development but does not guarantee development

Next Steps

- Assemble and Review Redevelopment Plan Chapters— Through November
- Final Redevelopment Plan for Review and Adoption—
 Mid December